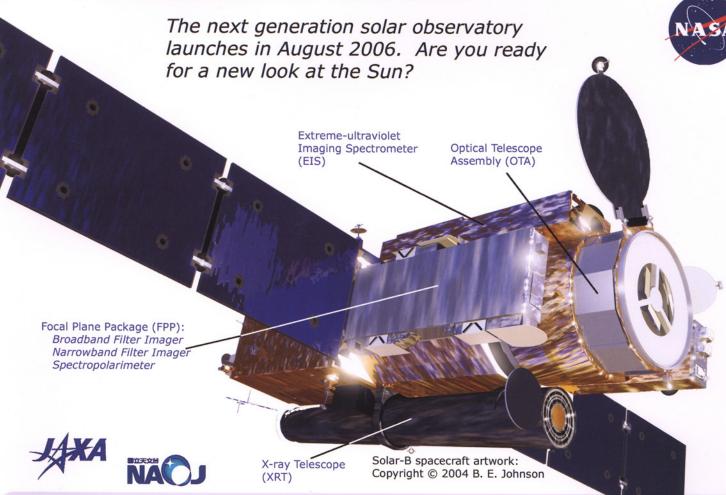
countdown to launch!



Mission

Solar-B is a mission of the Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA) in collaboration with NASA and PPARC (United Kingdom). It follows the successful Yohkoh (Solar-A) mission.

Solar-B is scheduled to launch from Kagoshima, Japan in August 2006. It will ride an M-V rocket into a polar, Sun-synchronous orbit 600 kilometers above the Earth's surface, where it will spend three years almost continuously observing the Sun.

Partners

Spacecraft Mission Management

Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)

Solar Optical Telescope (SOT)

Optical Telescope Assembly (OTA), instrument integration: National Astronomical Observatory Japan (NAOJ) Focal Plane Package (FPP):

Lockheed Martin Solar and Astrophysics Lab, NAOJ X-ray Telescope (XRT)

Telescope, filters, mechanisms, and instrument integration: Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory (SAO), NAOJ

Camera and electronics: JAXA, NAOJ

Extreme Ultraviolet Imaging Spectrometer (EIS)

Optics and mechanisms: U.S. Naval Research Laboratory, NAOJ Structure, camera, electronics, and instrument integration: UK Particle Physics and Astronomy Research Council, NAOJ

Goals

Understand the creation and destruction of the Sun's magnetic fields

Understand solar eruptions and the solar wind

Understand the variability of the Sun's luminosity

Understand the generation of ultraviolet and x-ray radiation

Spacecraft

Optical telescope: 0.5-meter diameter primary mirror

Mass: 900 kg

Power: 1100 W (two single-axis solar arrays) Telemetry: 4 Mbps for 10 minute playback,

13-17 passes per day

Data Recorder: 8 Gbit (solid state)

Attitude: Skewed momentum wheel system

Stability: 1 arcsecond (spacecraft); 0.02 arcseconds

over 10s through tip/tilt mirror (SOT) Communication: X Band, S Band

NASA - science.msfc.nasa.gov/ssl/pad/solar/solar-b.stm

JAXA - www.jaxa.jp/missions/projects/sat/astronomy/solar_b/index_e.html

NAOJ - solar.nro.nao.ac.jp/solar-b/index_e.html

LMSAL - fpp.lmsal.com/



