

GX-11A

Schumann - Range Bands of  $O_2$ 

GX-11B

Sulfur dioxide Cross Sections

GX-11C

Schumann Range Band of  $O_2$  at 79K

GX-11D

Submillimeter , Millimeter and Microwave  
Spectral line Catalog

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## Table of Contents

1. Introduction
2. Errata/Change Log
3. LINKS TO RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE ONLINE NSSDC INFORMATION SYSTEM
4. Catalog Materials
  - a. Associated Documents
  - b. Core Catalog Materials

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## **1. INTRODUCTION:**

The documentation for this data set was originally on paper, kept in NSSDC's Data Set Catalogs (DSCs). The paper documentation in the Data Set Catalogs have been made into digital images, and then collected into a single PDF file for each Data Set Catalog. The inventory information in these DSCs is current as of July 1, 2004. This inventory information is now no longer maintained in the DSCs, but is now managed in the inventory part of the NSSDC information system. The information existing in the DSCs is now not needed for locating the data files, but we did not remove that inventory information.

The offline tape datasets have now been migrated from the original magnetic tape to Archival Information Packages (AIP's).

A prior restoration may have been done on data sets, if a requestor of this data set has questions; they should send an inquiry to the request office to see if additional information exists.

## 2. ERRATA/CHANGE LOG:

NOTE: Changes are made in a text box, and will show up that way when displayed on screen with a PDF reader.

*When printing, special settings may be required to make the text box appear on the printed output.*

Version	Date	Person	Page	Description of Change
01				
02				

3 LINKS TO RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE ONLINE NSSDC INFORMATION SYSTEM:

<http://nssdc.gsfc.nasa.gov/nmc/>

[NOTE: This link will take you to the main page of the NSSDC Master Catalog. There you will be able to perform searches to find additional information]

4. CATALOG MATERIALS:

- a. Associated Documents      To find associated documents you will need to know the document ID number and then click here.  
<http://nssdcftp.gsfc.nasa.gov/miscellaneous/documents/>

- b. Core Catalog Materials

GX-11A **ASXR-00082**  
Schumann - Range Bands of 0  
2

GX-11B **ASXR-00083**  
Sulfur Dioxide Cross Sections

GX-11C **ASXR-00084**  
Schumann Range Band of 0 at 79K  
2

GX-11D **ASRA-00010**  
Submillimeter, Millimeter and Microwave  
Spectral Line Catalogue

This dataset catalog contains of four datasets, each consisting of one tape each. Gx-11A,B and C are 9-track, 1600 BPI, ASCII and were created on an IBM 360 computer.

GX-11D consists of one tape. It is 9 track, 6250 BPI, written in files 11 format, and coded in ascii. The label name is GX\_11D. This tape does not match the tape characteristics as documented in the publication documentation (JPL Publication 80-23,revision 2) for this data set. This tape has a logical record size of 76 bytes.

The tape was originally written on a DC600A Data Cartridge using a Sun work station. The data is written in stream line format, thus no inter-record gaps. The end of record may be noted by a hex 0A, which translates to a '\f' meaning line feed.

<u>D #</u>	<u>C#</u>	<u>FILES</u>	<u>LABEL</u>	<u>DATA SET ID</u>
D-51695	C-22901	13	N/A	GX-11A
D-65017	C-25266	40	N/A	GX-11B
D-76163	C-26571	23	N/A	GX-11C
D-84734	C-28808	207	GX_11D	GX-11D

GX-11D

JPL PUBLICATION 80-23, REVISION 2

# Submillimeter, Millimeter, and Microwave Spectral Line Catalogue

R.L. Poynter  
H.M. Pickett

June 1, 1984

**NASA**

National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration

Jet Propulsion Laboratory  
California Institute of Technology  
Pasadena, California

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The research described in this publication was carried out by the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, under contract with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

## ABSTRACT

This report describes a computer accessible catalogue of submillimeter, millimeter, and microwave spectral lines in the frequency range between 0 and 10000 GHz (i.e., wavelengths longer than 30  $\mu\text{m}$ ). The catalogue can be used as a planning guide or as an aid in the identification and analysis of observed spectral lines. The information listed for each spectral line includes the frequency and its estimated error, the intensity, lower state energy, and quantum number assignment.

The catalogue has been constructed by using theoretical least squares fits of published spectral lines to accepted molecular models. The associated predictions and their estimated errors are based upon the resultant fitted parameters and their covariances. Future versions of this catalogue will add more atoms and molecules and update the present listings (151 species) as new data appear.

The catalogue is available from the authors as a magnetic tape recorded in card images and as a set of microfiche records.

FOREWORD

This version of the Submillimeter Spectral Line Catalogue incorporates a number of changes: (1) quantum number format, (2) addition of a complete set of partition functions for each species, (3) a detailed description of the computer tape physical format, (4) a computer accessible directory of species, (5) a table of relative abundances of the isotopes under terrestrial conditions, (6) a table of the starting positions for each species on the tape, (7) a new format for the individual species descriptions, (8) eighteen new species, and (9) thirty revised species. The new and revised species are as follows:

New Species, Rev. 2 (18)		
TAG NAME	TAG NAME	TAG NAME
13002 CH	29004 HCO	49001 03-SYM-0-17
17004 NH3-V2	29005 NNH+	49002 03-ASYM-0-17
20001 D2O	30009 NND+	50005 03-S-018-V2
25001 CCH	33001 HO2	50006 03-A-018-V2
26001 CN	46006 NO2	97002 CL-35-N03
26002 CN-V1	48007 03-2V2	99001 CL-37-N03

Revised Species, Rev. 2 (30)		
TAG NAME	TAG NAME	TAG NAME
16001 O-ATOM	30002 HC-13-0+	46001 CS-34
17001 OH	30003 DCO+	48004 03
17002 NH3	31001 HCO-18+	48005 03-V2
18001 OD	32001 O2	48006 03-V1,3
18003 H2O	32002 O2-V1	50003 03-SYM-0-18
18005 H2O-V2	34001 O-18-0	50004 03-ASYM-0-18
19001 HO-18	41005 CH3CCD	52006 HOCL
19002 HDO	44001 CS	54005 HOCL-37
27001 HCN	44002 SIO	63001 HN03
29002 HCO+	45001 C-13-S	64002 S02

For reference, the new and revised species listed in the previous version of this catalogue are given below:

New Species, Rev. 1 (9)		
TAG NAME	TAG NAME	TAG NAME
18004 NH2D	44005 CH3CHO-E	52006 HOCL
18005 H2O-V2	48005 03-V2	54005 HOCL-37
34004 H2O2	48006 03-V1,3	63001 HN03

Revised Species, Rev. 1 (24)		
TAG NAME	TAG NAME	TAG NAME
17002 NH3	34001 O-18-0	56002 CH3C-13-H2CN
18002 N-15-H3	34002 H2S	56003 C-13-H3CH2CN
18003 H2O	34003 PH3	56005 CH2DCH2CN-S
29003 CH2NH	45003 NH2CHO	56006 CH2DCH2CN-A
30007 CH2ND	51002 CLO	60001 OCS
32001 O2	53002 CL-37-0	61001 OC-13-S
32002 O2-V1	55001 C2H5CN	62001 OC-34-S
32003 CH3OH	56001 CH3CH2C-13-N	62002 O-18-CS

CONTENTS

I.	Introduction . . . . .	1
II.	Format of data tape . . . . .	2
III.	Intensity units and conversions . . . . .	5
IV.	General comments on precision . . . . .	7
V.	Format of quantum numbers . . . . .	10
VI.	Documentation by species . . . . . (listed in order of species tag)	12

## I. Introduction

This report describes a computer accessible catalogue of submillimeter, millimeter, and microwave spectral lines in the frequency range between 0 and 10000 GHz (i.e. wavelengths longer than 30 $\mu$ m). The catalogue is intended to be used as a guide in the planning of spectral line observations and as a reference which can facilitate identification and analysis of observed spectral lines. The selection of lines for the catalogue is based on the projected needs of astronomers and atmospheric scientists.

The catalogue is constructed using theoretical least squares fits and predictions based on spectral lines, mostly obtained from the literature. In subsequent versions of the catalogue, more molecules will be added and existing molecular listings will be updated as new data appears.

The catalogue is available as a magnetic data tape recorded in card images, with one card image per spectral line. The authors will reproduce the catalogue onto a tape furnished by the user without charge on a limited basis. The format of the data is given in Section II. Section III gives conversions between different measures of spectral line intensity. General comments on the precision of the spectral line positions and intensities are given in Section IV, while species specific comments are reserved for Section VI. Section V gives the format of quantum numbers as they appear in the catalogue. Documentation for each molecular or atomic species is listed in Section VI in order of the "species tag". This tag is a six digit number in which the three most significant digits represent the mass number of the molecule or atom and the last three digits are an accession number for the given mass. Usually there is a separate tag for each vibration-electronic state of a particular molecule.

The catalogue is also available on microfiche in both a frequency and species ordered format. The fiche version is available without charge on a limited basis upon written request to the authors.

## II. Format of Data Tape

The catalogue data tape is composed of 80 character card images, with one card image per spectral line. The format of each card image is given below:

FREQ , ERR , LGINT, DR , ELOW , GUP, TAG, QNFORM, QN', QN''

(F13.4, F8.4 , F8.4 , I2 , F10.4 , I3 , I7 , I4 , 6I2, 6I2,X)

- FREQ: Frequency of the line in MHz.
- ERR: Estimated or experimental error of FREQ in MHz.
- LGINT: Base 10 logarithm of the integrated intensity in units of  $\text{nm}^2 \text{ MHz}$  at 300 K. (See Section III for conversions to other units.)
- DR: Degrees of freedom in the rotational partition function (0 for atoms, 2 for linear molecules, 3 for non-linear molecules).
- ELOW: Lower state energy in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  relative to the ground state.
- GUP: Upper state degeneracy.
- TAG: Species tag or molecular identifier.  
A negative value flags that the line frequency has been measured in the laboratory. The absolute value of TAG is then the species tag and ERR is the reported experimental error. The three most significant digits of the species tag are coded as the mass number of the species as explained above.
- QNFORM: Identifies the format of the quantum numbers given in the field QN. These quantum number formats are given in Section V. (They are different from previous editions.)
- QN': Quantum numbers for the upper state coded according to QNFORM.
- QN'': Quantum numbers for the lower state.

The catalogue data tape also contains a second file with a species directory. Each element of this directory is an 80 character record with the following format:

TAG,	NAME,	NLINE,	QLOG,	VERSION
( I6,X,	A14,	I5,	7F7.4,	I2)

NAME: an ASCII name for the species

NLINE: number of lines in catalogue

QLOG: a seven element vector containing the base 10 logarithm of the partition function for temperatures of 300K, 225K, 150K, 75K, 37.5K, 18.25K, 9.375K respectively.

VERSION: version of the calculation for this species in the catalogue.

\* Physical format of tape is different than documentation, but logical format is correct.

#### Physical Format of Tape

Density: 800 or 1600 bytes/inch on 9 tracks

Encoding: ASCII

Logical Record Size: 80 characters (i.e. 1 card image)

#### First file (catalogue):

Blocking: 3600 characters per block (i.e. 45 card images)

Length: 4778 blocks followed by end-of-file mark,  
for a total of 214994 lines

Character Set Used: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0. -

#### Second file (directory):

Blocking: 80 characters per block

Length: 151 blocks followed by end of file mark

In the first file, each card image contains the information for a single spectral line. The lines are ordered by species tag and are ordered within a species by frequency. In the second file, each card image contains directory information for a single species. The species are ordered by the species tag.

### III. Intensity Units and Conversions

The units of intensity given in the catalogue,  $\text{nm}^2 \text{ MHz}$ , are based on the integral of the absorption cross section over the spectral lineshape. The value of the intensity is calculated for 300K and is directly comparable with the common infrared intensity unit of  $\text{cm}^{-1}/(\text{molecule}/\text{cm}^2)$ . The latter is obtainable by dividing the catalogue intensity by  $2.9979 \times 10^{18}$ .

The line intensity in the catalogue,  $I_{ba}$  (300K), is obtained from

$$I_{ba}(T) = (8\pi^3/3hc) \nu_{ba}^2 \mu_x^2 [\exp(-E''/kT) - \exp(-E'/kT)]/Q_{rs} \quad (1)$$

where  $\nu_{ba}$  is the line frequency,  $\mu_x$  is the dipole moment along the molecular axis  $x$ ,  $E''$  and  $E'$  are the lower and upper state energies respectively, and  $Q_{rs}$  is the rotation-spin partition function (using the same zero of energy as  $E'$  and  $E''$ ). Care must be taken to assure that  $\mu_x$  and  $Q_{rs}$  are determined with same state degeneracies. Note that with this definition the intensities are defined with respect to the total concentration of the vibration electronic state of the species. No vibrational partition function or vibrational Boltzmann factor is included. For the catalogue, Eq. (1) is evaluated for  $T=300\text{K}$ .

Values of  $I_{ba}$  at other temperatures can also be obtained from Eq. (1) once the temperature dependence of  $Q_{rs}$  is known. For linear molecules  $Q_{rs}$  is proportional to  $T$  in the limit where the energy spacings are small compared to  $kT$ . For non-linear molecules  $Q_{rs}$  is proportional to  $T^{3/2}$  in the same limit. Explicitly,  $I_{ba}(T)$  is

$$I_{ba}(T) = I_{ba}(300\text{K}) [Q_{rs}(300)/Q_{rs}(T)] [\exp(-E''/kT) - \exp(-E'/kT)] / [\exp(-E''/k \cdot 300\text{K}) - \exp(-E'/k \cdot 300\text{K})] \quad (2)$$

$$\cong I_{ba}(300\text{K}) \cdot (300\text{K}/T)^{n+1} \exp[-(1/T - 1/300\text{K})E''/k] \quad (2a)$$

where  $n = 1$  for a linear molecule and  $3/2$  for non-linear molecule.  
Eq. (2a) requires that the energy spacings are small compared with  $kT$ .

Peak intensities of collision broadened lines can be obtained from  $I_{ba}$  with the relation

$$\alpha_{\max} = [I_{ba}(T)/\Delta\nu](300K/T) \times 102.46 \quad (3)$$

in which  $\Delta\nu$  is the half-width at half-height in MHz at 1 torr partial pressure of absorber at temperature  $T$ ,  $I_{ba}$  is in units of  $\text{nm}^2 \text{ MHz}$ , and  $\alpha_{\max}$  is in units of  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . The corresponding value of  $\alpha_{\max}$  in the thermal Doppler limit is

$$\alpha_{\max} = [I_{ba}(T)p/\nu_{ba}](300K/T)^{3/2}(m/28)^{1/2} \times 1.2898 \times 10^8 \quad (4)$$

in which  $p$  is the partial pressure of absorber in torr, and  $m$  is the mass of the absorber (in atomic mass units). In Eq. (4) - (6),  $\nu_{ba}$  is the line frequency in MHz.

The absorption cross-section of an interstellar absorber integrated over a 1 km/s velocity interval is

$$\sigma_{ba} = [I_{ba}/\nu_{ba}] \times 2.9979 \times 10^{-9} \text{ cm}^2. \quad (5)$$

The inverse of  $\sigma_{ba}$  is the column density per unit optical depth in the same 1 km/s velocity interval.

The average spontaneous emission rate from the upper states into the lower states is

$$A_{ba} = I_{ba}(T) \nu_{ba}^2 [Q_{rs}/g'] [\exp(-E''/kT) - \exp(-E'/kT)]^{-1} \times 2.7964 \times 10^{-16} \quad (6)$$

$$\cong I_{ba}(300K) \nu_{ba} [Q_{rs}(300K)/g'] \exp[E'/k \cdot 300K] \times 1.748 \times 10^{-9} \text{ sec}^{-1} \quad (6a)$$

in which  $g'$  is the degeneracy of the upper state. The value of  $g'$  is listed as part of the spectral line information in the catalogue. Values of  $Q_{rs}$  are listed in Section VI.

#### IV. General Comments on Precision

The expected errors of the frequency as listed in the catalogue are usually based on a propagation of errors estimated from a least squares fit of the observed frequencies to a model Hamiltonian, using the following equation:

$$\epsilon_n^2 = \sum_{kj} \frac{\partial \nu_n}{\partial p_k} \frac{\partial \nu_n}{\partial p_j} V_{kj} \quad (7)$$

in which  $\epsilon_n$  is the estimated error of frequency  $\nu_n$  and  $V_{kj}$  is an element of the least squares variance - covariance matrix for the parameters  $p_k$ . This variance - covariance matrix is determined from the observed lines by

$$(V^{-1})_{kj} = \sum_m \frac{\partial \nu_m}{\partial p_k} \frac{\partial \nu_m}{\partial p_j} \cdot \epsilon_m^{-2} \quad (8)$$

in which the summation over  $m$  is over the experimental lines using experimental uncertainties,  $\epsilon_m$ . The diagonal elements of  $V$  are the squares of the parameter uncertainties and the off-diagonal elements of  $V$  are products of the parameter uncertainties and correlation coefficients.

The experimental uncertainties generally given in the literature vary from 1.6  $\sigma$  estimates to 3  $\sigma$  estimates and are more usually "guesstimates". Unfortunately, many authors do not even report their experimental uncertainties. Therefore, the expected errors in predicted lines obtained from fits based on such data will usually reflect this ambiguity in laboratory uncertainties through Eq. (7) and (8). In some cases, the quality of the least squares fit of the parameters to the experimental lines can be a guide to the statistical nature of the experimental uncertainties. Whenever possible, the expected errors in this catalog will reflect an expected 95% confidence interval based on the model used to fit the data. However, the errors can be different from this design goal by factors of three just due to the quality of input error estimates. Lines with an expected error greater than 1 GHz have been dropped from the catalogue.

The expected errors can only be computed relative to the model used. There are at least two ways the model can be "wrong" for the predicted frequencies. First, higher-order centrifugal distortion terms may no longer be negligible for the predicted frequencies. This effect will generally be important for lines of higher J or K than the laboratory-determined data set. In a sense, the predictions are then a form of extrapolation rather than interpolation and are therefore more suspect. A second factor leading to discrepancies in the predicted frequencies comes from "resonances". These resonances come from a near overlap of energy states that are coupled by elements of the Hamiltonian matrix. Poor predictability comes when these elements are neglected in the model or are treated inadequately by some form of perturbation theory. Such a neglect of coupling elements is always necessary at some level in any practical calculation. A major contributing problem is that often the existing data set is not sensitive to the parameters which are needed to characterize the resonances.

Precision in the intensity estimates is generally less critical than precision in the frequency. Contributing to intensity uncertainty are errors in the dipole moment, errors in the line strength  $X_{S_{ba}}$  and errors in the rotation-spin partition function. (The vibration-electronic partition function does not enter directly because the catalogue intensities are defined on the basis of concentrations of the given vibration-electronic state.) Dipole moment errors come directly from the experimental determination and indirectly from the J dependence of the dipole moment due to centrifugal mixing of vibrational states. Line strength errors can come from deficiencies in the model Hamiltonian and are particularly severe when resonances have been inadequately accounted for. Partition function errors are relatively benign but can become significant if the classical formulae are used at low temperatures for small molecules. With the exception of unanticipated resonances and poorly determined dipole moments, worst case errors in the intensity will generally be at the 1% level or lower.

There are many molecular models that are found in the literature. In principle, a very general model should be able to treat every possible case. In practice this is hardly ever done. A specific model is most frequently used for every case, mainly because every author starts with a different viewpoint of the problem. In our case, we have tried to develop a program that will treat a wide variety of problems with a minimum of adaptation. This saves a great deal of time in the initial set up, and provides a uniform output format for the final results. Most important, the basic treatment is the same for every molecule, regardless of the model used, so that a high degree of consistency can be maintained, facilitating comparisons between different molecules. The particular model needed to analyze a specific problem is treated as a subroutine. For certain problems, this subroutine can be quite simple, which for others it is more complex.

Simple singlet sigma diatomic, linear and symmetric rotor molecules are treated together. Asymmetric rotors with and without various complicating interactions are treated exactly, without any perturbation expansions. This is done by employing the Hamiltonian operators to generate the matrix elements. All possible operators can be used, so any conceivable interaction can be included initially.

Comments on specific models are given for the individual species.

## V. Format of Quantum Numbers

For this edition of the catalogue we have attempted to put the quantum number format conventions into a more rational and computer accessible form. First, the upper and lower quantum number sets have been separated into distinct fields. Second, the quantum format designations have been redefined to have more accessible information encoded in them. The quantum number format designation, QNFORM, is a 4 digit quantity in the catalogue. We will divide QNFORM into a series of digits so that

$$\text{QNFORM} = \text{Q} \cdot 100 + \text{H} \cdot 10 + \text{NQN}$$

in which Q determines the type of molecule (see table below), H determines the coding of half integer quantum numbers, and NQN is the number of quantum numbers for each state. Q is defined so that  $\text{MOD}(\text{Q}, 5)$  is the number of primary quantum numbers. If NQN is greater than the number of primary quantum numbers, the degeneracy is derived from the last quantum number. Otherwise the degeneracy is derived from the first quantum number. H is a 3 bit binary code for the existence of half integer quantum numbers for the last three quantum numbers. The least significant bit refers to quantum number NQN and is 1 if the last quantum number is half integer. In the catalogue all half integer quantum numbers are rounded up to the next integer.

TABLE I. QUANTUM NUMBER FORMATS

type	Q	ITD	quantum order
atom	0	0	(J),(F),.....
linear - $\Sigma$	1	2	N,(J),(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F <sub>2</sub> )(F)
linear - case b	2	2	N, $\Lambda$ ,(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F <sub>2</sub> ),(F)
linear - case a-2S+1 odd	3	2	J, $\Omega$ , $\Lambda$ ,(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F <sub>2</sub> ),(F)
linear - case a-2S+1 even	8	2	J+1/2, $\Omega$ +1/2, $\Lambda$ ,(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F <sub>2</sub> ),(F)
symmetric rotor	2	3	N,K,(J),(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F <sub>2</sub> ),(F)
symmetric rotor with vibration	13	3	N,K,v,(J),(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F)
asymmetric rotor	3	3	N,K <sub>-1</sub> ,K <sub>+1</sub> ,(J),(F <sub>1</sub> ),(F)
asymmetric rotor with vibration	14	3	N,K <sub>-1</sub> ,K <sub>+1</sub> ,v,(J),(F)

- conventions:
1. Half integer quantum numbers rounded up
  2. The sign of  $\Lambda$  and K refers to parity under inversion not sign of operator. NOTE: Wang symmetry is related to parity by  $(-1)^{J+S+e}$  or  $(-1)^{N+e}$  where  $e=0$  for all states except  $\Sigma^-$  states
  3. Quantum numbers in parentheses optional

## VI. Documentation by Species

In this edition of the catalogue, several of the species have spectra which are extended to 10000 GHz, so the documentation below includes a maximum frequency cutoff. For almost all species a strength cutoff was also employed:

$$10^{\text{LGINT}} > 10^{\text{LOGSTRO}} + (\nu/300 \text{ GHz})^2 * 10^{\text{LOGST1}}$$

A blank entry for LOGSTRI means that the second term was not included. The partition functions listed (Q) include rotation and spin statistics but usually do not include vibrational corrections. (Exceptions are H<sub>2</sub>O and O<sub>3</sub>.) Calculation of Q is based on a sum over states. At higher temperatures, the sum-over-states calculation is replaced by a classical calculation when the latter is larger due to a limited number of states in the catalogue. The spin statistics included are only a partial set but are consistent with the intensities in the catalogue.

For convenience we have included an isotope correction for the rarer isotopes which includes effects of redundant substitution. The atomic abundances used are listed below. It should be stressed that the intensities in the catalogue do not contain an isotope correction.

TABLE II. Assumed Relative Abundances of Isotopes  
for Catalogue Description

	log (rel. abundance)		log (rel. abundance)
$^1\text{H}$	0.	$^{29}\text{Si}$	-1.327
$^2\text{H}$	-3.824	$^{30}\text{Si}$	-1.506
$^{12}\text{C}$	0.	$^{32}\text{S}$	-0.022
$^{13}\text{C}$	-1.955	$^{33}\text{S}$	-2.125
$^{14}\text{N}$	0.	$^{34}\text{S}$	-1.376
$^{15}\text{N}$	-2.432	$^{35}\text{Cl}$	-0.122
$^{16}\text{O}$	0.	$^{37}\text{Cl}$	-0.611
$^{17}\text{O}$	-3.432	$^{79}\text{Br}$	-0.296
$^{18}\text{O}$	-2.690	$^{81}\text{Br}$	-0.306
$^{28}\text{Si}$	-0.035		

## Species List

1001 H-ATOM	32002 O2-V1	50003 03-SYM-0-18
2001 D-ATOM	32003 CH3OH	50004 03-ASYM-0-18
3001 HD	32004 H2CO-18	50005 03-S-018-V2
12001 C-ATOM	33001 H02	50006 03-A-018-V2
13001 C-13-ATOM	34001 O-18-0	51001 HCCCN
13002 CH	34002 H2S	51002 CLO
14001 N-ATOM	34003 PH3	52001 HCCC-13-N
14002 N-ATOM-D-STATE	34004 H2O2	52002 HCC-13-CN
16001 O-ATOM	35001 HDS	52003 HC-13-CCN
17001 OH	36001 HCl	52004 HCCCN-15
17002 NH3	38001 HCl-37	52005 DCCCN
17003 CH3D	40001 CH3CCH	52006 HOCL
17004 NH3-V2	41001 CH3CN	53001 C2H3CN
18001 OD	41002 CH3CC-13-H	53002 CL-37-0
18002 N-15-H3	41003 CH3C-13-CH	54001 CH2CHC-13-N
18003 H2O	41004 C-13-H3CCH	54002 CH2C-13-HCN
18004 NH2D	41005 CH3CCD	54003 C-13-H2CHCN
18005 H2O-V2	41006 CH2DCCH	54004 CH2CDCN
19001 HO-18	42001 CH3CN-15	54005 HOCL-37
19002 HDO	42002 CH2CO	55001 C2H5CN
20001 D2O	43001 CHDCO	56001 CH3CH2C-13-N
25001 CCH	44001 CS	56002 CH3C-13-H2CN
26001 CN	44002 SiO	56003 C-13-H3CH2CN
26002 CN-V1	44003 CH3CHO-A	56004 C2H5CN-15
27001 HCN	44004 N2O	56005 CH2DCH2CN-S
27002 HNC	44005 CH3CHO-E	56006 CH2DCH2CN-A
28001 CO	45001 C-13-S	60001 OCS
28002 HC-13-N	45002 Si-29-0	60002 SiS
28003 HCN-15	45003 NH2CHO	61001 OC-13-S
28004 DCN	46001 CS-34	61002 Si-29-S
28005 HNC-13	46002 Si-30-0	62001 OC-34-S
28006 HN-15-C	46003 H2CS	62002 O-18-CS
28007 DNC	46004 C2H5OH	62003 Si-30-S
29001 C-13-0	46005 HCOOH	62004 SiS-34
29002 HCO+	46006 NO2	63001 HNO3
29003 CH2NH	47001 H2C-13-S	64001 S2
29004 HCO	47002 HC-13-00H	64002 SO2
29005 NNH+	47003 DC00H	75001 HCCCCCN
30001 CO-18	47004 HCOOD	76001 HCCCCC-13-N
30002 HC-13-0+	48001 SO	76002 HCCCC-13-CN
30003 DCO+	48002 SO-V1	76003 HCCC-13-CCN
30004 H2CO	48003 H2CS-34	76004 HCC-13-CCCN
30005 C-13-H2NH	48004 O3	76005 HC-13-CCCCN
30006 CH2N-15-H	48005 03-V2	76006 HCCCCCN-15
30007 CH2ND	48006 03-V1,3	76007 DCCCCCN
30008 NO	48007 03-2V2	80001 HBR-79
30009 NND+	49001 03-SYM-0-17	82001 HBR-81
31001 HCO-18+	49002 03-ASYM-0-17	95001 BR-79-0
31002 H2C-13-0	50001 S-34-0	97001 BR-81-0
32001 O2	50002 SO-18	97002 CL-35-N03
		99001 CL-37-N03

Species Tag: 1001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Oct 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: Hydrogen atom  
 $2S_{1/2}$  ground state

Lines Listed	= 1		Q( 300.) =	4.0
Max. Frequency	= 1.42	GHz	Q( 225.) =	4.0
Max. J	= 1/2		Q( 150.) =	4.0
LOGSTR	= -9.1		Q( 75.) =	4.0
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	3.99
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	3.99
Minimum Energy	= 0.0479	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	3.98
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The atomic hydrogen line at 21 cm has been measured to a precision of 0.001 Hz (L. Essen, R. W. Donaldson, M. J. Bangham, and E. G. Hope, 1971, Nature 229, 110). The average spontaneous emission lifetime of the three  $F = 1$  states is  $2.876 \times 10^{-15}$  sec<sup>-1</sup>.

Species Tag: 2001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Oct 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: Deuterium atom  
 $2S_{1/2}$  ground state

Lines Listed	= 1		Q( 300.) =	6.
Max. Frequency	= 0.3	GHz	Q( 225.) =	6.
Max. J	= 1/2		Q( 150.) =	6.
LOGSTR	= -10.3		Q( 75.) =	6.
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	6.
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) =	6.
Minimum Energy	= 0.		cm <sup>-1</sup> Q(9.375) =	6.
Dipoles :	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

The atomic deuterium line at 327 MHz has been measured to an accuracy of 0.002 Hz (D. J. Wineland and N. F. Ramsey, 1972, Phys. Rev. A 5, 821). The average spontaneous emission lifetime for the four  $F = 3/2$  states is  $4.695 \times 10^{-17}$  sec<sup>-1</sup>.

Species Tag: 3001  
Version: 1  
Date: Oct. 1979  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: HD  
Mono-deuterated  
molecular hydrogen

Lines Listed	= 1	Q( 300.) =	5.0165
Max. Frequency	= 2676. GHz	Q( 225.) =	3.8583
Max. J	= 1	Q( 150.) =	2.7008
LOGSTR	= -5.6	Q( 75.) =	1.5711
LOGSTR1	= 0.	Q( 37.5) =	1.0980
Isotope Correction	= -3.523	Q(18.25) =	1.0032
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	1.0002
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =	A =	
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.000585	B = 1339100.	
	$\mu(c)$ =	C =	

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The dipole moment is from M. Trefler and H. P. Gush, 1968, Phys. Rev. Letters, 20, 703. The rotational constant is from R. A. Durie and G. Herzberg, 1960, Can. J. Phys. 38, 806. The frequency and its error limits were obtained from the difference of the S<sub>1</sub> (0) and R<sub>1</sub> (1) transitions listed by A. McKellar, 1974, Can. J. Phys. 52, 1144.

Species Tag: 12001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Oct 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: Carbon atom  
<sup>3</sup>P ground state

Lines Listed	= 2		Q( 300.) =	7.833
Max. Frequency	= 810	GHz	Q( 225.) =	7.489
Max. J	= 2		Q( 150.) =	6.860
LOGSTR	= -5.		Q( 75.) =	5.364
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	3.543
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	2.030
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	1.248
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The lines of atomic carbon have been measured by Laser Magnetic Resonance (R. J. Saykally and K. M. Evenson, 1980, Ap. J. 238, L107.) Intensities were calculated using the free electron g factor.

Species Tag: 13001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Oct 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: Carbon atom  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	= 7		Q( 300.)	= 15.666
Max. Frequency	= 810.	GHz	Q( 225.)	= 14.978
Max. J	= 2		Q( 150.)	= 13.720
LOGSTR	= -16.		Q( 75.)	= 10.727
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	= 7.087
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25)	= 4.060
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 2.496
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	=	A	=
	$\mu(b)$	=	B	=
	$\mu(c)$	=	C	=

---

The fine structure intervals of <sup>12</sup>C were multiplied by 0.999992967 to account for the isotope effect on the Rydberg constant. The hyperfine intervals of G. Wolber, H. Figger, R. A. Haberstroh and S. Penselin, 1969, Physics Letters A29, 461, were then used to compute the line frequencies. Intensities were calculated using the free electron g value.

Species Tag: 13002  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Feb 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: CH radical  
 $2\Pi$  states

Lines Listed	=	324		Q( 300.)	=	120.840
Max. Frequency	=	10000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	91.364
Max. F	=	14		Q( 150.)	=	61.997
LOGSTR	=	-10.		Q( 75.)	=	32.922
LOGSTR1	=	-7.		Q( 37.5)	=	18.847
Isotope Correction	=	0.		Q(18.25)	=	12.200
Minimum Energy	=	0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	8.960
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	1.46		A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=			B	=	425472.8
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	

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The laboratory spectra of C. R. Brazier and J. M. Brown, (1983) J. Chem. Phys. 78, 1608-1610 and M. Bogey, C. Demuyneck and J. L. Destombes, (1983) Chem. Phys. Lett. 100, 105-109 were combined with the data of Rydbeck, et al, (1974) Astron. Astrophys. 34, 479 and the predictions of the rotational lines given by J. M. Brown and K. M. Evenson (1983) Ap. J. 268 L51 in a fit to a Hund's case b Hamiltonian with 8 fine structure parameters, B and D and 7 hyperfine parameters. Calculated values are given for the rotational transitions.

The dipole moment was taken from D. H. Phelps and F. W. Dalby, (1966) Phys. Rev. Lett. 16, 3 (1966).

Species Tag: 14001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Oct 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: N-atom  
<sup>4</sup>S<sub>3/2</sub> ground state

Lines Listed	= 2		Q( 300.) =	12.0
Max. Frequency	= 0.027	GHz	Q( 225.) =	12.0
Max. J	= 1.5		Q( 150.) =	12.0
LOGSTR	= -13.		Q( 75.) =	12.0
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	12.0
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	12.0
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	12.0
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The hyperfine transitions of atomic nitrogen at 14.6 and 26.1 MHz were obtained from J. M. Hirsch, G. H. Zimmerman, III, D. J. Larson, and N. F. Ramsey, 1977, Phys. Rev. A 16, 484. Intensities were calculated using the experimental  $g_J$  value.

Species Tag: 14002  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Aug 1983  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: N-atom  $^2D$  state

Lines Listed	= 6		Q( 300.) =	29.51
Max. Frequency	= 261.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	29.35
Max. J	= 2.5		Q( 150.) =	29.03
LOGSTR	= -49.		Q( 75.) =	28.15
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	26.58
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	24.13
Minimum Energy	= 19223.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	21.12
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

The  $^2D_{5/2}$  state is  $19223 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  above the ground  $^4S_{3/2}$  state (C. E. Moore, 1949, Atomic Energy Levels I, Nat. Bureau of Stds.). The  $^2D_{3/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$  inverted fine structure transition at 260 GHz has a predicted uncertainty of  $\pm 600$  MHz, but the hyperfine structure intervals are uncertain by less than 1 MHz. (H. E. Radford and K. M. Evenson, 1968, Phys. Rev. 168, 70). The average spontaneous emission rate from the  $^2D$  states to the  $^4S$  states is  $1.06 \times 10^{-6} \text{ sec.}^{-1}$ . In contrast, the spontaneous emission rate from  $^2D_{3/2} F = 5/2$  to  $^2D_{5/2} F = 7/2$  is  $3.15 \times 10^{-9} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ .

Species Tag: 16001  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name:  $0$  atom  
 $3P$  ground state

Lines Listed	= 2		Q( 300.) =	6.7407
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	6.3243
Max. J	=		Q( 150.) =	5.7705
LOGSTR	=		Q( 75.) =	5.1568
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	5.0
Isotope Correction	=		Q(18.25) =	5.015
Minimum Energy	=	$\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	5.000
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

The  $68 \text{ cm}^{-1}$   $J = 1-2$  and the  $158.3 \text{ cm}^{-1}$   $J=0-1$  lines of oxygen have been measured by Laser Magnetic Resonance (R. J. Saykally and K. M. Evenson, 1979, J. Chem Phys. 71, 1564). Intensities were calculated using the free electron g factor.

Species Tag: 17001  
Version: 2  
Date: May 1983  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: OH  
Hydroxyl radical

Lines Listed	= 299		Q( 300.) =	81.494
Max. Frequency	= 9900.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	60.296
Max. J	= 13.5		Q( 150.) =	40.144
LOGSTR	= -10.		Q( 75.) =	22.753
LOGSTR1	= -10.		Q( 37.5) =	17.034
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	16.004
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	15.929
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.667		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	556141.
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The microwave data are reported in R. A. Beaudet and R. L. Poynter, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 7, 311. The predictions of the rotational lines of J. M. Brown et al, Astrophysical J. 258, 899 were included in the fit. The calculation involved fitting the spectra to effective parameters for the two  $\Pi$  states.

Species Tag: 17002  
 Version: 3  
 Date: Jan 1984  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: NH<sub>3</sub>  
 Ammonia

Lines Listed	= 446		Q( 300.)	= 578.98
Max. Frequency	= 9500.	GHz	Q( 225.)	= 371.88
Max. J	= 19		Q( 150.)	= 206.64
LOGSTR	= -17.		Q( 75.)	= 74.54
LOGSTR1	= 0		Q( 37.5)	= 26.608
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25)	= 11.251
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 5.398
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 0	A	= B
	$\mu(b)$	= 0	B	= 298117.06
	$\mu(c)$	= 1.476	C	= 186726.36

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The computational method and most of the microwave data are given in R. L. Poynter and R. K. Kakar, 1975, Ap. J. Suppl. 29, 87. Additional microwave transitions have been reported by B. V. Shinha and P. D. P. Smith, 1980, J. Mol. Spectrosc. 80, 231.

The rotational transitions and energy levels were taken from R. Poynter and J. S. Margolis, 1983, Mol. Phys. 48, 401. This analysis was based on a very extensive set of accurate  $\nu_2$  measurements reported by R. Poynter and J. S. Margolis, 1984, Mol. Phys. 51, 393, and upon a series of "forbidden" transitions in the  $\nu_4$  band, reported by E. A. Cohen, W. H. Weber, R. L. Poynter, and J. S. Margolis, 1983, Mol. Phys. 50, 727. The work of Cohen, et al. allowed the C, D<sub>K</sub>, H<sub>K</sub>, and L<sub>K</sub> constants to be determined, thus fixing the energy level scale. The J = 1 → 0, k = 0 rotational transition was taken from P. Helminger, F. C. DeLucia, and W. Gordy, 1971, J. Mol. Spect. 39, 94. Because of the important applications of these rotational lines, the upper frequency limit has been extended to 335 cm<sup>-1</sup> (9.5 THz). Hyperfine splittings have not been included.

Species Tag: 17003  
Version: 1  
Date: Feb 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>D  
Mono deuterio methane

Lines Listed	= 80		Q( 300.) =	402.17
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	315.14
Max. J	= 13		Q( 150.) =	142.69
LOGSTR	= -8		Q( 75.) =	51.09
LOGSTR1	= 0		Q( 37.5) =	18.47
Isotope Correction	= -3.222		Q(18.25) =	7.03
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	2.98
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.0056		A =	157412.
	$\mu(b)$ = 0		B =	116325.
	$\mu(c)$ = 0		C =	B

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The  $J = 0 \rightarrow 1$  line has been measured by H. M. Pickett, E. A. Cohen and T. G. Phillips, 1980, Ap. J. Letters, 236, 43. Predicted lines are based upon the constants given by C. Chakerian and G. Guelachvilli, 1980, J. Mol. Spect., 84, 447. The dipole moment has been measured by I. Ozier, W. Ho, and G. Birnbaum, 1969, J. Chem. Phys. 51, 4873, and by S. C. Wofsey, J. S. Muentzer, and W. Klemperer, (1970), J. Chem. Phys. 53, 4005.

Species Tag: 17004  
Version: 1  
Date: Mar 1984  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: NH<sub>3</sub>,  $\nu_2$  - 010 state

Lines Listed	= 442		Q( 300.) =	578.98
Max. Frequency	= 11600	GHz	Q( 225.) =	371.88
Max. J	= 17		Q( 150.) =	206.64
LOGSTR	= -12		Q( 75.) =	74.54
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	26.608
Isotope Correction	=		Q(18.25) =	11.251
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	5.397
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	B
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	299196.11
	$\mu(c)$ = 1.253		C =	183595.39

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The lines for this species were derived by combination differences from the  $\nu_2$  - 010 lines reported by R. L. Poynter and J. S. Margolis, 1984, Mol. Phys. 81, 393. Some measurements have been reported by F. Y. Chu and S. M. Freund, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 48, 183, by S. Urban, et al., 1980, J. Mol. Spect. 79, 455, by E. N. Karyakin, et al., 1977, J. Mol. Spect. 66, 177, and by S. Urban, et al., 1981, J. Mol. Spect. 88, 274.

The transition dipole moment was reported by B. J. Orr and T. Oka, 1977, J. Mol. Spect. 66, 302.

Species Tag:	18001	Species Name:	OD
Version:	1		Hydroxyl radical,
Date:	May 1983		deuterium isotope
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		

Lines Listed	= 912		Q( 300.) =	212.42
Max. Frequency	= 10000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	153.388
Max. J	= 15.5		Q( 150.) =	97.477
LOGSTR	= -10.		Q( 75.) =	48.966
LOGSTR1	= -10		Q( 37.5) =	30.896
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) =	25.020
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	24.010
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.653		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.		B =	296312.
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	

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The microwave data are reported in R. A. Beaudet and R. L. Poynter, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 7, 311. Additional data are reported in J. M. Brown and J. E. Schubert, 1982, J. Mol. Spec. 95, 194. Predictions of the rotational lines were included in the fit. The calculation involved fitting the spectra to effective parameters for the two  $\Pi$  states.

Species Tag:	18002	Species Name:	Ammonia, $^{15}\text{NH}_3$
Version:	2		
Date:	Jan 1981		$^{15}$ nitrogen isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	= 235	Q( 300.) =	575.84
Max. Frequency	= 3000. GHz	Q( 225.) =	451.23
Max. J	= 20	Q( 150.) =	206.21
LOGSTR	= -17	Q( 75.) =	74.71
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	27.669
Isotope Correction	= -2.432	Q(18.25) =	11.277
Minimum Energy	= 0. $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	5.415
Dipoles:	$\mu(a) = 0$	A =	B
	$\mu(b) = 0.$	B =	297390.8
	$\mu(c) = 1.476$	C =	186711.

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The same computational method was used here as for  $^{14}\text{NH}_3$ . These lines are based upon the precision molecular beam measurements by S. G. Kukolich, 1967, Phys. Rev. 156, 83 and 1968, Phys. Rev. 172, 59, and upon the most recent microwave measurements of H. Sasada, 1980, J. Mol. Spect. 83, 15. The energy levels were computed from the recent far IR measurements of M. Carlotti, A. Trombetti, B. Velino, and J. Vrbancich, 1980, J. Mol. Spect. 83, 401. The C rotational constant was assumed to be the same as in  $^{14}\text{NH}_3$ .

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as  $^{14}\text{NH}_3$ .

Species Tag: 18003 Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>O  
 Version: 3 water  
 Date: Dec 1983  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter and H. M. Pickett

Lines Listed	= 424		Q( 300.) =	178.115
Max. Frequency	= 10000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	116.017
Max. J	= 12		Q( 150.) =	63.677
LOGSTR	= -12		Q( 75.) =	23.170
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	8.580
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	3.033
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	1.257
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 0.		A =	835840.29
$\mu(b)$	= 1.855		B =	435351.72
$\mu(c)$	= 0.		C =	278138.70

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The data set used in this new fit is based upon both the microwave and submillimeter lines reported by J. K. Messer, F. C. DeLucia and P. Helminger (1984), J. Mol. Spect. (in press), and on 720 ground state combination differences derived from the  $\nu_2$  data of G. Guelachvilli (1983), J. Opt. Soc. Am. 73, 137. All of the submillimeter/microwave lines fit to within an 0.05 MHz RMS deviation, while the combination differences fit to within an RMS deviation of 0.00015 cm<sup>-1</sup> (4 MHz). Because of the importance of this molecule in many applications, the upper frequency limit of the predicted lines has been extended to 10. THz (300 cm<sup>-1</sup>). The details of the analysis will be reported shortly. The dipole moment is from T. R. Dyke and J. S. Muentner, (1973), J. Chem. Phys. 59, 3125. Other references are given in F. C. DeLucia, P. Helminger and W. H. Kirchhoff, (1974), J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 3, 211.

The partition function includes contributions from the  $\nu_2$  state.

Species Tag: 18004  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1981  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: NH<sub>2</sub>D  
 Mono deuterio  
 ammonia

Lines Listed	= 5036		Q( 300.) =	3790.
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	2409.
Max. J	= 14		Q( 150.) =	1293.
LOGSTR	= -10		Q( 75.) =	434.4
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	137.0
Isotope Correction	= -3.347		Q(18.25) =	404.3
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	13.24
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = -0.18		A =	290124.
	$\mu(b)$ = 0		B =	192194.
	$\mu(c)$ = 1.463		C =	140797.

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The experimental lines were measured by F. C. DeLucia and P. Helminger, 1975, J. Mol. Spec. 54, 200 and by E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett, 1982, J. Mol. Spect. 93, 83. The dipole moments and quadrupole splitting were also determined by Cohen and Pickett. The Hamiltonian included terms up to 8-th power in angular momentum as well as a  $P_a P_c + P_c P_a$  interaction term. The relative sign of the dipoles is determinable and is important for intensities because of mixing by the interaction term.

Species Tag: 18005  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>O-v2  
 excited bending  
 state (010)

Lines Listed	= 292		Q( 300.) = 178.115
Max. Frequency	= 10000.	GHz	Q( 225.) = 116.017
Max. J	= 10		Q( 150.) = 63.677
LOGSTR	= -12		Q( 75.) = 23.170
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) = 8.580
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) = 3.033
Minimum Energy	= 1594.75	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) = 1.257
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.		A = 933052
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.855		B = 440318.
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C = 273710.

The rotational lines were determined by M. Herman, J. W. C. Johns, and A. R. W. McKellar, 1979, Can. J. Phys. 57, 397, and H. Kuze, 1980, Ap. J. 239, 1131. Additional combination differences were obtained from the data of G. Guelachvili, 1983, J. Opt. Soc. Am. 73, 137.

The partition function is the same as that used for the ground state.

Species Tag: 19001  
Version: 2  
Date: May 1983  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: HO-18  
Hydroxyl radical

Lines Listed	= 295		Q( 300.) = 81.945
Max. Frequency	= 10000.	GHz	Q( 225.) = 60.611
Max. J	= 13.5		Q( 150.) = 40.329
LOGSTR	= -10.		Q( 75.) = 22.824
LOGSTR1	= -10.		Q( 37.5) = 17.054
Isotope Correction	= -2.690		Q(18.25) = 16.006
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) = 15.930
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.667		A =
	$\mu(b)$ =		B = 552470.
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =

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The microwave data are reported in R. A. Beaudet and R. L. Poynter, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 7, 311. The fit involved constraining the constants by isotope relations to the mean of those for OH and OD, since only  $\lambda$  doubling data is available.

Species Tag:	19002	Species Name:	HDO
Version:	2		water, mono deuterium
Date:	Dec 1983		isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	= 461		Q( 300.) = 146.05
Max. Frequency	= 3013	GHz	Q( 225.) = 95.07
Max. J	= 17		Q( 150.) = 52.28
LOGSTR	= -13		Q( 75.) = 18.851
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) = 6.952
Isotope Correction	= -3.523		Q(18.25) = 2.712
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) = 1.334
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.657		A = 701931.5
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.732		B = 272912.6
	$\mu(c)$ = 0		C = 192055.2

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The lines reported here were derived from a fit which included the microwave and submillimeter lines reported by J. K. Messer, F. C. DeLucia and P. Helminger (1984), J. Mol. Spect. (in press), and an extensive set of ground state energy levels obtained from new high resolution FTS measurements of the  $\nu_2$  band reported by R. A. Toth, 1984 (private communication). The RMS deviations of the submillimeter lines is almost the same as that reported above by Messer, et al., while the RMS deviations for the fit of the ground state energy levels is  $0.00015 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (4 MHz). The dipole moment components are from S. A. Clough, Y. Beers, G. P. Klein and L. S. Rothman (1973), J. Chem. Phys. 59, 2254.

Further references can be found in F. C. DeLucia, P. Helminger, and W. H. Kirchhoff, (1974), J. Phys. and Chem. Ref. Data 3, 211.

Species Tag:	20001	Species Name:	D <sub>2</sub> O,
Version:	1		Water, fully substituted
Date:	Feb 1984		with deuterium
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		deuterium oxide

Lines Listed	= 427		Q( 300.) =	1045.3
Max. Frequency	= 3030	GHz	Q( 225.) =	679.5
Max. J	= 18		Q( 150.) =	371.2
LOGSTR	= -10		Q( 75.) =	133.11
LOGSTR1	= 0		Q( 37.5) =	48.56
Isotope Correction	= -3.523		Q(18.25) =	18.55
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	8.64
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	462278.8
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.8545		B =	218038.27
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	145258.00

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The data used in this fit are based upon the microwave and submillimeter lines reported by

- J. Bellet and G. Steenbeckeliers, 1970, Compt. Rend. 271B, 1208
- W. S. Benedict, S. A. Clough, L. Frenkel, and T. E. Sullivan, Jr., 1970, J. Chem. Phys. 53, 2565
- H. Bluysen, 1968, Thesis, Nijmegen
- G. Eriandsson and J. Cox, 1956, J. Chem. Phys. 25, 778
- C. K. Jen, D. R. Bianco, and J. T. Massey, 1953, J. Chem. Phys. 21, 520
- J. K. Masser, F. C. DeLucia, and P. Helminger, 1984, J. Mol. Spect., (in press)
- G. Steenbeckeliers and J. Bellet, 1970, Compt. Rend. 270B, 1039
- G. Steenbeckeliers and J. Bellet, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 10
- D. A. Stephenson and R. G. Strauch, 1970, J. Mol. Spect. 35, 494
- J. Verhoeven, H. Bluysen, and A. Dymanus, 1968, Phys. Letters 26A, 424
- and on the infrared  $\nu_2$  data of R. A. Toth, 1984, private communication.

The dipole moment is from T. R. Dyke and J. S. Muentzer, 1973, J. Chem. Phys. 59, 3125.

Species Tag: 25001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Mar  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: Ethyn1 radical  
 CCH X<sup>2</sup>Σ state

Lines Listed	=	114		Q( 300.)	=	574.24
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	430.94
Max. F	=	28		Q( 150.)	=	287.69
LOGSTR	=	-10.		Q( 75.)	=	144.49
LOGSTR1	=	- 4.		Q( 37.5)	=	72.91
Isotope Correction	=	0		Q(18.25)	=	37.14
Minimum Energy	=	0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	19.28
Dipoles : μ(a)	=	0.8		A	=	
μ(b)	=	0		B	=	43674.534
μ(c)	=	0		C	=	

---

The spectral data and Hamiltonian are from C. A. Gottlieb, E. W. Gottlieb, and P. Thaddeus, *Astrophys. J.* 264, 740-745. The dipole moment is an assumed value.

Species Tag: 26001  
Version: 1  
Date: Apr 1983  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: CN radical

Lines Listed	= 385		Q( 300.) =	663.88
Max. Frequency	= 3493.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	498.44
Max. J	= 29.5		Q( 150.) =	332.91
LOGSTR	= -5.		Q( 75.) =	167.43
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	84.73
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	43.41
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	22.80
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 3.0		A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	56693.46
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The data and calculational method are from D. D. Skatrud, et al.,  
1983, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 99, 35.

Species Tag: 26002  
Version: 1  
Date: Mar 1984  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: CN, v = 1

Lines Listed	= 437		Q( 300.) =	663.88
Max. Frequency	= 9999	GHz	Q( 225.) =	498.44
Max. J	= 29.5		Q( 150.) =	332.91
LOGSTR	= -9		Q( 75.) =	167.43
LOGSTR1	= 0		Q( 37.5) =	84.73
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	43.41
Minimum Energy	= 2068.7	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	22.80
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 3.0		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	56693.46
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

---

The data and calculational method are from D. D. Skatrud, et al.,  
1983, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 99, 35.

Species Tag: 27001  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1984  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HCN  
Hydrogen cyanide

Lines Listed	= 40		Q( 300.) =	424.154
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	318.504
Max. J	= 33		Q( 150.) =	212.643
LOGSTR	= -4		Q( 75.) =	106.811
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	53.910
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	27.472
Minimum Energy	= 0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	14.272
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.984		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	44315.975
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

---

The observed transitions are from F. C. DeLucia and W. Gordy (1969), Phys. Rev. 187, 58 and from F. C. Van den Heuvel, W. L. Meerts and A. Dymanus, (1982) Chem. Phys. Lett. 92, 215. The dipole moment is from G. Tomasevich, (1970), Thesis, Harvard Univ.

Species Tag: 27002  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1977  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HNC  
Hydrogen isocyanide

Lines Listed	= 33		Q( 300.) =	138.223
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	103.801
Max. J	= 34		Q( 150.) =	69.302
LOGSTR	= -3		Q( 75.) =	34.814
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	17.575
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	8.960
Minimum Energy	= 0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.659
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.699		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	45332.
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

---

The observed lines are from R. A. Creswell, E. F. Pearson, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch. 31a, 221, and E. F. Pearson, R. A. Creswell, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch. 31a, 1394.

Species Tag: 28001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CO  
 Carbon monoxide

Lines Listed	= 26		Q( 300.) =	108.787
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	81.708
Max. J	= 26		Q( 150.) =	54.581
LOGSTR	= -5		Q( 75.) =	27.454
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	13.896
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	7.122
Minimum Energy	= 0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	3.744
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.1098		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	57635.97
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The experimental measurements were reported by B. Rosenblum, A. H. Nethercot, Jr., and C. H. Townes, 1958, Phys. Rev. 109, 400; W. Gordy and M. J. Cowan, 1957, Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 2, 212; and by P. Helminger, F. C. De Lucia and W. Gordy, 1970, Phys. Rev. Lett. 25, 1397.

The dipole moment was measured by J. S. Muentzer, 1975, J. Mol. Spect. 55, 490.

Species Tag: 28002  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HC-13-N  
 Hydrogen cyanide,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	= 45		Q( 300.) =	435.38
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	326.93
Max. J	= 34		Q( 150.) =	218.26
LOGSTR	= -4		Q( 75.) =	109.62
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	55.31
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25) =	28.17
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	14.62
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	= 2.984		A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	43170.137
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The measured lines are from E. F. Pearson, R. A. Creswell, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch, 31a, 1394.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 28003  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HCN-15  
Hydrogen cyanide,  
<sup>15</sup>N isotope

Lines Listed	= 35		Q( 300.) =	145.068
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	109.337
Max. J	= 35		Q( 150.) =	72.993
LOGSTR	= -2.6		Q( 75.) =	36.660
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	18.498
Isotope Correction	= -2.432		Q(18.25) =	9.421
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.889
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.984		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	43027.69
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

---

The measured lines are from E. F. Pearson, R. A. Crewell, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch. 31a, 1394.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 28004  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: DCN  
 Hydrogen cyanide,  
 deuterium isotope

Lines Listed	= 54		Q( 300.) =	518.916
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	389.604
Max. J	= 41		Q( 150.) =	260.036
LOGSTR	= -4.2		Q( 75.) =	130.504
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	65.755
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) =	33.391
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	17.224
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.984		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	36207.46
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

The observed transitions are from F. C. DeLucia and W. Gordy (1969),  
 Phys. Rev. 187, 58. The dipole moment is from G. Tomasevich, (1970),  
 Thesis, Harvard Univ.

Species Tag: 28005  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HN<sup>13</sup>C  
 Hydrogen Isocyanide,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	= 34		Q( 300.) =	143.880
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	108.047
Max. J	= 35		Q( 150.) =	72.132
LOGSTR	= -2.7		Q( 75.) =	36.228
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	18.282
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25) =	9.313
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.835
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.699		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	43545.61
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

The observed lines are from R. A. Creswell, E. F. Pearson, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch, 31a, 221, and E. F. Pearson, R. A. Creswell, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch, 31a, 1394.

Species Tag: 28006  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HN-15-C  
 Hydrogen isocyanide,  
<sup>15</sup>N isotope

Lines Listed	= 33		Q( 300.) =	141.013
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	105.893
Max. J	= 33		Q( 150.) =	70.697
LOGSTR	= -2.7		Q( 75.) =	35.511
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	17.924
Isotope Correction	= -2.432		Q(18.25) =	9.134
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.746
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.699		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	44433.04
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

The observed lines are from R. A. Creswell, E. F. Pearson, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch, 31a, 221, and E. F. Pearson, R. A. Creswell, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch, 31a, 1394.

Species Tag: 28007  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: DNC  
Hydrogen isocyanide,  
deuterium isotope

Lines Listed	= 39		Q( 300.) =	164.169
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	123.269
Max. J	= 39		Q( 150.) =	82.279
LOGSTR	= -3		Q( 75.) =	41.301
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	20.818
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) =	10.580
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	5.467
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.699		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	38152.995
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The observed lines are from R. A. Creswell, E. F. Pearson, M. Winnewisser and G. Winnewisser, (1976), Z. Naturforsch, 31a, 1394.

Species Tag:	29001	Species Name:	C-13-0
Version:	1		carbon monoxide,
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>13</sup> C isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		
Lines Listed	= 27	Q( 300.) =	113.776
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	85.454
Max. J	= 27	Q( 150.) =	57.077
LOGSTR	= -5.1	Q( 75.) =	28.702
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	14.520
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25) =	7.434
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	3.898
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.11	A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =	B =	55101.02
	$\mu(c)$ =	C =	

---

The experimental measurement was reported by B. Rosenblum, A. H. Nethercot, Jr. and C. H. Townes, 1958, Phys. Rev. 109, 400.

The dipole moment was measured by W. L. Meerts, F. H. De Leeuw, and A. Dymanus, 1977, Chem. Phys. 22, 319.

Species Tag: 29002  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Jan 1984  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HCO+  
 Formyl radical  
 cation

Lines Listed	= 33		Q( 300.) =	140.504
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	105.506
Max. J	= 33		Q( 150.) =	70.440
LOGSTR	= -3		Q( 75.) =	35.384
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	17.860
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	9.102
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.730
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 3.30		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	44594.419
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

---

The observed lines are from R. C. Woods, T. A. Dixon, R. J. Saykally, and P. G. Szanto, (1975), Phys. Rev. Lett. 35, 1269, K. V. L. N. Sastry, E. Herbst and F. C. De Lucia, (1981), J. Chem. Phys. 75, 4169, and F. C. Van den Heuvel and A. Dymanus, (1982), Chem. Phys. Lett. 92, 219. The dipole moment was estimated theoretically by Woods, et al., above.

Species Tag: 29003  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1981  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>2</sub>NH  
Methyleneimine

Lines Listed	= 2957	Q( 300.) =	5892.86
Max. Frequency	= 3000. GHz	Q( 225.) =	3800.14
Max. J	= 33	Q( 150.) =	2084.97
LOGSTR	= -8	Q( 75.) =	740.46
LOGSTR1	= -5 above 120 GHz	Q( 37.5) =	263.39
Isotope Correction	= 0.	Q(18.25) =	94.30
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	34.20
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.325	A =	196211.045
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.530	B =	34532.395
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.	C =	29352.232

---

The data set and computational method are referenced in W. H. Kirchhoff, D. R. Johnson, and F. J. Lovas, 1973, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 2, 1.

Species Tag: 29004 Species Name: HCO  
 Version: 1 Formyl radical  
 Date: June 1983  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett and G. A. Blake

Lines Listed	= 2454		Q( 300.) =	3024.1
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	1963.4
Max. J	= 30		Q( 150.) =	1068.1
LOGSTR	= -8		Q( 75.) =	378.4
LOGSTR1	= -8.		Q( 37.5) =	134.8
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	49.0
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	20.3
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.3626		A =	7829365.
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.700		B =	44788.
	$\mu(c)$ = 0		C =	41930.4

---

The data include some recently measured lines at Duke by G. A. Blake as well as those from S. Saito, 1972, *Astrophys. J.* 178, L95; J. A. Austin, et al., 1974, *J. Chem. Phys.* 60, 207; H. M. Pickett and T. L. Boyd, 1978, *Chem. Phys. Lett.* 58, 446.

Species Tag: 29005  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1984  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $N_2H^+$

Lines Listed	= 34		Q( 300.) =	1210.8
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	909.0
Max. J	= 32		Q( 150.) =	607.0
LOGSTR	= -3		Q( 75.) =	305.0
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	154.0
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	78.6
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	48.9
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 3.40		A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	46586.867
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The experimental measurements were reported by R. J. Saykally, T. A. Dixon, T. G. Anderson, P. G. Szanto, and R. C. Woods, (1976), Ap. J. Lett. 205, L101, by K. V. L. N. Sastry, P. Helminger, E. Herbst, and F. C. DeLucia, (1981) Chem. Phys. Lett. 84, 286, and by F. C. Van den Heuvel and A. Dymanus, (1982), Chem. Phys. Lett. 92, 219.

The dipole moment was estimated theoretically by S. Green, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., and P. Thaddeus, (1974), Ap. J. (Lett), 193, L89.

Species Tag: 30001  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: C0-18  
Carbon monoxide,  
180 isotope

Lines Listed	= 27		Q( 300.) =	114.210
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	85.778
Max. J	= 27		Q( 150.) =	57.294
LOGSTR	= -5.1		Q( 75.) =	28.810
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	14.574
Isotope Correction	= -2.690		Q(18.25) =	7.461
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	3.912
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 0.11	A =	
	$\mu(b)$	=	B =	54891.425
	$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

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The experimental measurement was reported by B. Rosenblum, A. H. Nethercot, Jr. and C. H. Townes, 1958, Phys. Rev. 109, 400.

The dipole moment was reported by W. L. Meerts, F. H. DeLeeuw, and A. Dymanus, 1977, Chem. Phys. 22, 319.

Species Tag: 30002  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Dec 1983  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HC-13-0+  
 Formyl radical cation,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	= 34		Q( 300.) =	144.486
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	108.459
Max. J	= 34		Q( 150.) =	72.407
LOGSTR	= -2.7		Q( 75.) =	36.367
LOGSTR1	= 0		Q( 37.5) =	18.352
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25) =	9.348
Minimum Energy	= 0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.852
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 3.3		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	43377.32
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

Only two lines of this molecule have been measured by R. C. Woods, R. J. Saykally, T. A. Dixon, P. G. Szanto and T. Anderson (1976), 31st Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy, Columbus, Ohio, and by M. Bogey, C. Demuyneck, and J. L. Destombes (1981), Mol. Physics 43, 1043. A least squares analysis cannot be done with this limited data. The catalogue entries are therefore just a simple calculation from the B and D rotational constants, and no error estimates can be given beyond the two measured lines. The dipole moment is assumed to be the same as for the parent species.

Species Tag:	30003	Species Name:	DCO+
Version:	2		Formyl radical cation,
Date:	Dec 1983		deuterium isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	= 41		Q( 300.) =	173.872
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	130.543
Max. J	= 41		Q( 150.) =	87.129
LOGSTR	= -2.7		Q( 75.) =	43.726
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	22.031
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) =	11.186
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	5.769
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 3.3		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	36019.76
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The observed lines are from R. C. Woods, R. J. Saykally, T. A. Dixon, P. G. Szanto, and T. Anderson (1976), 31st Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy, Columbus, Ohio, M. Bogey, C. Demuyneck, and J. L. Destombes, (1981), Mol. Phys. 43, 1043, and K. V. L. N. Sastry, E. Herbst, and F. C. DeLucia, (1981), J. Chem. Phys. 75, 4169. The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 30004 Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>CO  
 Version: 1 formaldehyde  
 Date: Jan 1980  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Lines Listed	= 611		Q( 300.) =	2876.7
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	1868.2
Max. J	= 40		Q( 150.) =	1019.7
LOGSTR	= -20		Q( 75.) =	361.7
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	128.65
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	44.68
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	13.80
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.331		A =	281925.97
	$\mu(b)$ = 0		B =	38836.582
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	34001.673

The experimental data were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

- J. K. Bragg and A. H. Sharbaugh, 1949, Phys. Rev. 75, 1774.  
 J. S. Chardon and D. Guichon, 1977, J. Phys. (Paris), 38, 113; 1975, J. Phys. (Paris), 34, 791.  
 F. Y. Chu, S. M. Freund, J. W. C. Johns, and T. Oka, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 48, 328.  
 D. Dangoisse, E. Willemot, and J. Bellet, 1978, J. Mol. Spect. 71, 414.  
 D. R. Johnson, F. Lovas, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 1, 1011.  
 A. F. Krupnov, L. I. Gershtein, V. G. Shustrov, and V. V. Polyakov, 1970, Opt. Spect. (USSR), 28, 257.  
 R. B. Lawrence and M. W. P. Strandberg, 1949, Phys. Rev. 75, 1774.  
 T. Oka, H. Hirakawa, and K. Shimoda, 1960, J. Phys. Soc. Japan, 15, 2265.  
 T. Oka, T. Takagi, Y. Morino, 1964, J. Mol. Spect. 14, 27.

The dipole moment was measured by K. Kondo and T. Oka, 1960, J. Phys. Soc. Japan, 15, 307.

Species Tag: 30005  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: C-13-H<sub>2</sub>NH  
Methylenimine,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	=	439		Q( 300.)	=	2012.45
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	1307.07
Max. J	=	10		Q( 150.)	=	711.54
LOGSTR	=	-8		Q( 75.)	=	251.54
LOGSTR1	=	0.		Q( 37.5)	=	88.94
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955		Q(18.25)	=	31.44
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	11.12
Dipoles: μ(a)	=	1.325		A	=	194195.217
μ(b)	=	1.530		B	=	33747.87
μ(c)	=	0.		C	=	28707.05

---

The computational methods is the same as that used on the parent species, CH<sub>2</sub>NH. The data are from R. Pearson, Jr. and F. J. Lovas, 1977, J. Chem. Phys. 66, 4149. The dipole moment has been assumed the same as for the parent species.

Species Tag: 30006  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1980  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>2</sub>N-15-H  
 Methyleneimine,  
<sup>15</sup>N isotope

Lines Listed	= 440		Q( 300.) =	2015.79
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	1309.18
Max. J	= 10		Q( 150.) =	712.69
LOGSTR	= -8		Q( 75.) =	251.97
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	89.09
Isotope Correction	= -2.432		Q(18.25) =	31.50
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	11.14
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.325		A =	195738.07
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.530		B =	33736.10
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	28688.61

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The computational method is the same as that used on the parent species, CH<sub>2</sub>NH. The data are from R. Pearson, Jr. and F. J. Lovas, 1977, J. Chem. Phys. 66, 4149. The dipole moment has been assumed the same as for the parent species.

Species Tag: 30007  
Version: 1  
Date: Feb 1981  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>2</sub>ND  
Methylenimine,  
deuterium isotope  
on nitrogen atom

Lines Listed	= 1834	Q( 300.) =	7181.1
Max. Frequency	= 3000. GHz	Q( 225.) =	4664.3
Max. J	= 14	Q( 150.) =	2542.6
LOGSTR	= -5 above 120 GHz	Q( 75.) =	811.7
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	297.8
Isotope Correction	= -3.824	Q(18.25) =	92.62
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	43.38
Dipoles:	$\mu(a) = 1.325$	A =	157673.877
	$\mu(b) = 1.530$	B =	32069.366
	$\mu(c) = 0.$	C =	26563.849

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The computational method is the same as that used for the parent species, CH<sub>2</sub>NH. The data are from R. Pearson, Jr. and F. J. Lovas, 1977, J. Chem. Phys. 66, 4149.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as for the parent species.

Species Tag: 30008  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Feb 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: NO  
 Nitric oxide,  
 2 $\Pi$  ground states

Lines Listed	= 1909		Q( 300.) =	1159.46
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	816.88
Max. J	= 35.5		Q( 150.) =	492.32
LOGSTR	= -20		Q( 75.) =	209.69
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	99.48
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	51.99
Minimum Energy	= 0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	28.87
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.15872		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	50849.06
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

---

The spectrum of NO was fit to the fine structure Hamiltonian described by C. Amiot, R. Bacis and G. Guelachvili, 1978, Can. J. Phys. 56, 251, along with the hyperfine Hamiltonian described by W. L. Meerts, 1976, Chem. Phys. 14, 421. The radio frequency lines are from W. L. Meerts and A. Dymanus, 1972, J. Mol. Spectroscopy, 44, 320. The millimeter lines were measured at JPL by H. M. Pickett and E. A. Cohen. The partition function was determined by a sum over states to J=71/2.

Species Tag: = 30009  
 Version: = 1  
 Date: = Jan 1984  
 Contributor: = R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $N_2D^+$

Lines Listed	= 41		Q( 300.) =	487.62
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	365.939
Max. J	= 39		Q( 150.) =	244.264
LOGSTR	= -4		Q( 75.) =	122.620
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	61.813
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) =	31.421
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	16.241
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 3.40		A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	38554.719
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

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The experimental measurements were reported by T. G. Angerson, T. A. Dixon, N. D. Piltch, R. J. Saykally, P. G. Szanto, and R. C. Woods, (1977), Ap. J. Lett. 216, L85, and by K. V. L. N. Sastry, P. Helminger, E. Herbst, and F. C. DeLucia, (1981), Chem. Phys. Lett. 84, 286.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as for the parent species.

Species Tag: 31001  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Dec 1983  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HCO-18+  
 Formyl radical cation,  
 180 isotope

Lines Listed	= 34		Q( 300.) =	147.16
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	110.47
Max. J	= 34		Q( 150.) =	73.75
LOGSTR	= -2.7		Q( 75.) =	37.04
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	18.68
Isotope Correction	= -2.690		Q(18.25) =	9.52
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.94
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 3.30		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	42581.21
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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Only two lines of this molecule have been measured, by C. Woods, R. J. Saykally, T. A. Dixon, P. G. Szanto and T. Anderson (1976), and by M. Bogey, C. Demuyneck, and J. L. Destombes (1981), *Mol. Physics* 43, 1043. A least squares analysis cannot be done with this limited data. The catalogue entries are therefore just a simple calculation from the B and D rotational constants, and no error estimates can be given. The dipole moment is assumed to be the same as for the parent species.

Species Tag:	31002	Species Name:	H <sub>2</sub> C-13-0
Version:	1		Formaldehyde,
Date:	Jan 1980		<sup>13</sup> C isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	= 601		Q( 300.) = 2949.7
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) = 1925.4
Max. J	= 40		Q( 150.) = 1047.6
LOGSTR	= -9.3		Q( 75.) = 370.9
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) = 131.9
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25) = 45.78
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) = 14.13
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.331		A = 281930.85
	$\mu(b)$ = 0		B = 37811.92
	$\mu(c)$ = 0		C = 33213.19

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

- D. Dangoisse, E. Willemot, and J. Bellet, 1978, J. Mol. Spect. 71, 414.
- D. R. Johnson, F. Lovas, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 1, 1011.
- R. B. Lawrence and M. W. P. Strandberg, 1951, Phys. Rev. 83, 363.
- R. Nerf, 1972, Ap. J., 174, 467.
- T. Oka, H. Hirakawa, and K. Shimoda, 1960, J. Phys. Soc. Japan, 15, 2265.
- T. Oka, T. Takagi, and Y. Morino, 1964, J. Mol. Spect. 14, 27.
- K. D. Tucker, G. R. Tomasevich, and P. Thaddeus, 1972, Ap. J. 174, 463; 1971, Ap. J. 169, 429.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent H<sub>2</sub><sup>12</sup>C<sup>16</sup>O.

Species Tag: 32001  
 Version: 2  
 Date: June 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name:  $O_2$   
 Molecular oxygen,  
 $^{16}O_2$   $v=0$  state of the  
 ground  $^3\Sigma_g^-$  electronic  
 state

Lines Listed	= 174		Q( 300.) =	218.655
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	164.129
Max. J	= 60		Q( 150.) =	109.605
LOGSTR	= -32		Q( 75.) =	55.198
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	28.034
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	14.515
Minimum Energy	= 0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	7.871
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = magnetic		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	43099.795
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

Q(275) = 200.426  
 Q(250) = 182.231  
 Q(200) = 145.919

The measurements and calculational method are from T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Mol. Spectroscopy 53, 346. The Raman lines of  $O_2$  (M. Loete and H. Berger, 1977, J. Mol. Spectroscopy 68, 317) were used with the millimeter wavelength measurements and the submillimeter-line of W. Steinbach and W. Gordy (1973, Phys. Rev A 8, 1953) in a combined fit of the  $v = 0$  and  $v = 1$  transitions. The intensities of the magnetic dipole transitions have been calculated using the g values obtained from magnetic resonance by K. D. Bowers, R. A. Kamper and C. D. Lustig, 1959, Proc. Roy. Soc. (Lond.) A251, 565. The zero-frequency absorption is included but the frequency is set to a synthetic frequency of  $|g|J$  for the given level.

Species Tag:	32002	Species Name:	$O_2$ V=1 state
Version:	3		of the ground
Date:	Dec. 1983		$3\Sigma_g^-$ electronic
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		state
Lines Listed	= 153	Q( 300.) =	218.655
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	164.129
Max. J	= 60	Q( 150.) =	109.605
LOGSTR	= -13.2	Q( 75.) =	55.198
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	28.034
Isotope Correction	= 0	Q(18.25) =	14.515
Minimum Energy	= 1556.33 $cm^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	7.871
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = magnetic	A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =	B =	42626.96
	$\mu(c)$ =	C =	

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The calculations are described for the ground state (Species 32001). The vibrationally excited state,  $v = 1$ , is  $1556.38 \pm 0.01 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  above the ground state (M. Leote and H. Berger, 1977, J. Molec. Spectry. 68, 317). Intensities were calculated using the ground state g values.

Species Tag: 32003  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Nov 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>OH  
 Methyl alcohol (methanol),  
 lowest A, E<sub>1</sub>, and E<sub>2</sub>  
 vibrational states

Lines Listed	= 709		Q( 300.) =	6414.25
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	4165.82
Max. J	= 12		Q( 150.) =	2267.78
LOGSTR	= -10		Q( 75.) =	801.68
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	283.47
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	100.21
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	39.35
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.885		A =	127484.
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.440		B =	24679.98
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	23769.70

The lines below 200 GHz are reported by R. M. Lees, F. J. Lovas, W. H. Kirchhoff, and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 2, 205. Additional lines are referenced in F. J. Lovas, L. E. Snyder, and D. R. Johnson, 1979, Ap. J. Suppl., 41. The lines above 200 GHz were measured at JPL. Frequencies were predicted using energy polynomials in J (J + 1) for each value of K.

The v quantum numbers in the catalogue are:

<u>v</u>	<u>species</u>	<u>asymmetric rotor correspondence</u>
1	A+	upper K state for K even, lower for K odd
2	A-	upper K state for K odd, lower for K even
3	E <sub>1</sub>	no direct correspondence
4	E <sub>2</sub>	no direct correspondence

Species Tag: 32004  
Version: 1  
Date: Feb 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>CO-18  
Formaldehyde,  
180 isotope

Lines Listed	= 449		Q( 300.) =	3017.23
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	1959.75
Max. J	= 20		Q( 150.) =	1066.75
LOGSTR	= -9		Q( 75.) =	379.22
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	134.86
Isotope Correction	= -2.690		Q(18.25) =	46.81
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	14.44
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 2.331		A =	281993.0
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	36903.6
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	32514.7

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

- D. Dangoisse, E. Willemot, and J. Bellet, 1978, J. Mol. Spect. 71, 414.  
D. R. Johnson, F. Lovas, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 1, 1011.  
R. B. Lawrence and M. W. P. Strandberg, 1951, Phys. Rev. 83, 363.  
T. Oka, H. Hirakawa, and K. Shimoda, 1960, J. Phys. Soc. Japan, 15, 2265.  
T. Oka, T. Takagi, and Y. Morino, 1964, J. Mol. Spect. 14, 27.  
R. D. Tucker, G. R. Tomasevich, and P. Thaddeus, 1972, Ap. J. 174, 463, 1971, Ap. J., 169, 429.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 33001  
Version: 1  
Date: May 1983  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: HO<sub>2</sub>  
Hydroperoxyl radical

Lines Listed	= 6174		Q( 300.) =	4344.6
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	2837.8
Max. J	= 30		Q( 150.) =	1547.0
LOGSTR	= -7.		Q( 75.) =	548.4
LOGSTR1	= -7.		Q( 37.5) =	195.16
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	70.21
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	27.59
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.412		A =	610273.
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.541		B =	33514.
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	31672.

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The data were obtained from A. Charo and F. C. DeLucia, 1982, J. Mol. Spectroscopy 94, 426; Y. Beers and C. J. Howard, 1975, J. Chem. Phys. 63, 4121; S. Saito, 1977, J. Mol. Spectrosc. 65, 229.

The spectrum was computed using a full diagonalization of the spin-rotation Hamiltonian.

Species Tag: 34001  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Oct 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: 0-18-0  
 Molecular oxygen,  
 single substituted  
<sup>18</sup>O isotope

Lines Listed	= 383		Q( 300.) =	462.32
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	346.96
Max. J	= 60		Q( 150.) =	231.67
LOGSTR	= -10.6		Q( 75.) =	116.45
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	58.92
Isotope Correction	= -2.389		Q(18.25) =	30.26
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	16.12
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = magnetic		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	40708.
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The measurements and calculational method are from T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Mol. Spectroscopy 53, 346. Intensities of magnetic dipole transitions have been calculated using the g values obtained from magnetic resonance by K. D. Bowers, R. A. Kamper and C. D. Lustig, 1959, Proc. Roy. Soc. (Lond.) A251, 565. The zero-frequency absorption is included but the frequency is set to a synthetic frequency of  $|g|J$  for the given level. The measured line at 233 GHz from W. Steinbach and W. Gordy, 1975, Phys. Rev. A11, 729 has been included in the catalogue.

Species Tag: 34002  
Version: 2  
Date: July 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>S  
Hydrogen sulfide

Lines Listed	= 311		Q( 300.) =	514.197
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	333.981
Max. J	= 15		Q( 150.) =	182.164
LOGSTR	= -8		Q( 75.) =	65.525
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	23.865
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	8.700
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	2.911
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0		A =	310182.24
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.974		B =	270884.05
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	141705.88

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

P. Helminger, R. L. Cook, and F. C. DeLucia, 1972, J. Chem. Phys. 56, 4581.

P. Helminger, F. C. DeLucia, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1973, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 2, 213.

The dipole moment was reported by C. Huiszoon and A. Dymanus, 1965, Physica, 31, 1049.

Species Tag: 34003  
Version: 2  
Date: Aug 1983  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: PH<sub>3</sub>  
Phosphine

Lines Listed	= 142		Q( 300.) =	405.64
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	263.47
Max. J	= 19		Q( 150.) =	143.41
LOGSTR	= -17		Q( 75.) =	51.54
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	18.59
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	6.958
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	2.898
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.000072*		A =	B
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	133480.22
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.574		C =	117488.39

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\*centrifugally induced

The measured lines are taken from D. Helms and W. Gordy, 1971, J. Mol. Spect., 66, 206; F. Y. Chu and T. Oka, 1974, J. Chem. Phys. 60, 4612; P. B. Davies, R. M. Newman, S. C. Wofsy, and W. Klemperer, 1971, J. Chem. Phys. 55, 3564; A. F. Krupnov, A. A. Melnikov, and V. A. Skvortsov, 1979, Opt. Spectrosc. (USSR) 46, (5), 570; and H. M. Pickett, R. L. Poynter and E. A. Cohen, 1981, J. Quant. Spectrosc. and Radiat. Transfer, 26, 197.

The dipole moment measured by P. B. Davies, et al., above, is  $0.57395 \pm 0.0003D$ .

Note that the K=3 energy levels are split by vibrational and distortion interactions with the K=0 level for a given J. (H. H. Nielsen and D. M. Dennison, 1947, Phys. Rev. 72, 1011; J. M. Hoffman, H. H. Nielsen and K. N. Rao, 1960, Z. Elektrochem, 63, 606; J. K. G. Watson, 1971, J. Mol. Spectrosc. 40, 536). We flag the lower of the two K=3 energy levels by a minus sign. Thus, a (J, K) = (4, -3) - (3, +3) designation indicates that the transition is between the upper (J, K) = (4, 3) level. Computations always involve only  $K = |k|$ . This choice is similar to, but slightly different from that employed by A. G. Maki, R. L. Sams and W. B. Olson, 1973, J. Chem. Phys. 58, 4502, where further details are discussed.

Species Tag: 34004  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Oct 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>  
 Hydrogen peroxide,  
 ground torsional  
 states

Lines Listed	= 883		Q( 300.) =	7651.8
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	4970.0
Max. J	= 23		Q( 150.) =	2705.3
LOGSTR	= -8		Q( 75.) =	916.2
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	288.7
Isotope Correction	= 0		Q(18.25) =	88.77
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	26.64
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.		A =	301878.
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.		B =	26211.9
	$\mu(c)$ = 1.5728		C =	25099.14

The spectral lines and method of calculation are from P. Helminger,  
 W. C. Bowman and F. C. DeLucia, 1981, J. Mol. Spec. 85, 120 and W. Bowman,  
 personal communication. Additional lines and the dipole moment were  
 measured by E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett, 1981, J. Mol. Spect. 87, 582.  
 The quantum number designation is  $v = 0$  for  $\tau = 1, 2$  and  $v = 1$  for  $\tau = 3, 4$ .

Species Tag: 35001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1980  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HDS  
 Hydrogen sulfide,  
 deuterium isotope

Lines Listed	= 1138		Q( 300.) =	430.90
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	280.92
Max. J	= 20		Q( 150.) =	153.44
LOGSTR	= -11.4		Q( 75.) =	54.75
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	19.758
Isotope Correction	= -3.523		Q(18.25) =	7.291
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	2.829
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.470		A =	292351.302
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.974		B =	147861.801
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	96704.120

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 40, 125. The experimental measurements were taken from R. E. Hillger and M. W. P. Strandberg, 1951, Phys. Rev. 83, 575; P. Thaddeus, L. C. Krisher, and J. H. N. Loubser, 1964, J. Chem. Phys. 40, 257; P. Helminger, R. L. Cook, and F. C. DeLucia, 1971, J. Mol. Spectrosc. 40, 125; P. Helminger, F. C. DeLucia, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1973, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 2, 215; and from G. Steenbeckeliers, quoted in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was reported by R. E. Hillger and M. W. P. Strandberg, 1951, Phys. Rev. 83, 575.

Species Tag: 36001 Species Name: HCl35  
 Version: 1 Hydrochloric acid,  
 Date: Feb 1980 <sup>35</sup>Cl isotope  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter and H. M. Pickett

Lines Listed	= 17		Q( 300.) =	81.232
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	60.924
Max. J	= 4		Q( 150.) =	40.616
LOGSTR	= -1.3		Q( 75.) =	21.249
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	11.437
Isotope Correction	= -0.122		Q(18.25) =	6.583
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.488
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.109		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.		B =	312989.3
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	

The observed lines were measured by F. C. DeLucia, P. Helminger, and W. Gordy, 1971, Phys. Rev., A 3, 1849.

The dipole moment was measured by F. A. deLeeuw and A. Dymanus, 1971, Symposium on Molec. Spect., Columbus, Ohio.

Species Tag:	38001	Species Name:	HCl-37
Version:	1		hydrochloric acid,
Date:	Feb 1980		<sup>37</sup> Cl isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter and H. M. Pickett		

Lines Listed	= 17		Q( 300.) =	81.352
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	61.014
Max. J	= 4		Q( 150.) =	40.676
LOGSTR	= -1.3		Q( 75.) =	21.278
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	11.452
Isotope Correction	= -0.611		Q(18.25) =	6.590
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.491
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 1.109		A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =		B =	312519.12
	$\mu(c)$ =		C =	

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The observed lines were measured by F. C. De Lucia, P. Helminger, and W. Gordy, 1971, Phys. Rev., A 3, 1849.

The dipole moment was measured by F. A. DeLeeuw and A. Dymanus, 1971, Symposium on Molec. Spect., Columbus, Ohio.

Species Tag: 40001  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CCH  
propyne

Lines Listed	= 813		Q( 300.) =	5428.80
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	3524.70
Max. J	= 79		Q( 150.) =	1920.80
LOGSTR	= -4.5	for J>14	Q( 75.) =	679.68
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	241.25
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	88.27
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	34.42
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.75		A =	158590.
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.		B =	8545.86
	$\mu(c)$ = 0.		C =	B

---

The experimental measurements were obtained from A. Dubrille, D. Boucher, J. Burie, and J. Demaison, 1978, J. Mol. Spect. 72, 158. The A moment was estimated from the structure.

The dipole moment was measured by J. S. Muentner and V. W. Laurie, 1966, J. Chem. Phys. 45, 855.

Species Tag: 41001 Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CN  
 Version: 1 acetoneitrile  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Lines Listed	= 1441	Q( 300.) =	15145.00
Max. Frequency	= 3000. GHz	Q( 225.) =	9841.34
Max. J	= 82	Q( 150.) =	5359.87
LOGSTR	= -4.5 for J>14	Q( 75.) =	1896.38
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	673.17
Isotope Correction	= 0.	Q(18.25) =	246.34
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	96.10
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	= 3.919	A =	158290.
$\mu(b)$	= 0.	B =	9198.9
$\mu(c)$	= 0.	C =	B

---

The experimental measurements were taken from D. Boucher, J. Burie, J. Demaison, A. Dubrille, J. Legrand, and B. Segard, 1977, J. Mol. Spect. 64, 290; A. Bauer and S. Maes, 1969, J. Phys. 30, 169; S. G. Kukolich, D. J. Ruben, J. H. S. Wang, and J. R. Williams, 1973, J. Chem. Phys. 58, 3155.

The dipole moment was reported by P. A. Steiner and W. Gordy, 1966, J. Mol. Spect. 21, 291.

Species Tag: 41002  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CC-13-H  
 propyne, <sup>13</sup>C  
 isotope on  
 atom 1.

Lines Listed	= 822		Q( 300.)	= 5596.1
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	= 3633.1
Max. J	= 80		Q( 150.)	= 1979.9
LOGSTR	= -4.5	for J>14	Q( 75.)	= 700.6
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	= 248.7
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25)	= 90.97
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 35.47
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 0.750	A	= 158590.
	$\mu(b)$	= 0	B	= 8290.3
	$\mu(c)$	= 0	C	= B

---

The experimental measurements were taken from D. Boucher, J. Burie, J. Demaison, A. Dubrille, J. Legrand, and B. Segard, 1977, J. Mol. Spect. 64, 290; A. Bauer and S. Maes, 1969, J. Phys. 30, 169; S. G. Kukolich, D. J. Ruben, J. H. S. Wang, and J. R. Williams, 1973, J. Chem. Phys. 58, 3155.

The dipole moment was reported by P. A. Steiner and W. Gordy, 1966, J. Mol. Spect. 21, 291.

Species Tag: 41003  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>C-13-CH  
propyne, <sup>13</sup>C isotope on  
atom 2.

Lines Listed	= 813	Q( 300.)	= 5431.06
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 3526.18
Max. J	= 79	Q( 150.)	= 1921.60
LOGSTR	= -4.5 for J>14	Q( 75.)	= 679.96
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5)	= 241.35
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25)	= 88.31
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 34.44
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 0.75	A	= 158590.
	$\mu(b)$ =	B	= 8542.3
	$\mu(c)$ =	C	= B

---

The experimental measurements were taken from D. Boucher, J. Burie, J. Demaison, A. Dubrille, J. Legrand, and B. Segard, 1977, J. Mol. Spect. 64, 290; A. Bauer and S. Maes, 1969, J. Phys. 30, 169; S. G. Kukolich, D. J. Ruben, J. H. S. Wang, and J. R. Williams, 1973, J. Chem. Phys. 58, 3155.

The dipole moment was reported by P. A. Steiner and W. Gordy, 1966, J. Mol. Spect. 21, 291.

Species Tag: 41004  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: H<sub>3</sub>C-13-CCH  
 propyne, <sup>13</sup>C  
 isotope on  
 atom 3

Lines Listed	= 821		Q( 300.) =	5580.65
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	3623.10
Max. J	= 80		Q( 150.) =	1974.46
LOGSTR	= -4.5	for J>14	Q( 75.) =	698.67
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	247.97
Isotope Correction	= -1.955		Q(18.25) =	90.72
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	35.37
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 0.750	A =	158590.
	$\mu(b)$	= 0.	B =	8313.24
	$\mu(c)$	= 0.	C =	B

The experimental measurements were taken from D. Boucher, J. Burie, J. Demaison, A. Dubrille, J. Legrand, and B. Segard, 1977, J. Mol. Spect. 64, 290; A. Bauer and S. Maes, 1969, J. Phys. 30, S. G. Kukolich, D. J. Ruben, J. H. S. Wang, and J. R. Williams, 1973, J. Chem. Phys. 58, 3155.

The dipole moment was reported by P. A. Steiner and W. Gordy, 1966, J. Mol. Spect. 21, 291.

Species Tag: 41005  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1984  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CCD

Lines Listed	= 822		Q( 300.) = 17192.04
Max. Frequency	= 405	GHz	Q( 225.) = 11168.37
Max. J	= 40		Q( 150.) = 6139.89
LOGSTR	= -7.8		Q( 75.) = 2243.60
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) = 795.34
Isotope Correction	= -3.824		Q(18.25) = 290.46
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) = 113.17
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = .77		A = 158590.
	$\mu(b)$ =		B = 7788.170
	$\mu(c)$ =		C = B

---

The experimental measurements are from J. S. Muenter and V. W. Laurie, (1966), J. Chem. Phys. 45, 855; L. F. Thomas, E. I. Sherrard, and J. Sheridan, (1955), Trans. Far. Soc. 51, 619; and C. D. Cogley, L. M. Tack, and S. G. Kukolich, (1982), J. Chem. Phys. 76, 5669.

The dipole moment was taken from Muenter and Laurie, above.

Species Tag: 41006  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Aug 1983  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>2</sub>DCCH  
 propyne, deuterium  
 isotope on methyl  
 carbon atom

Lines Listed	= 223		Q( 300.)	= 4428.44
Max. Frequency	= 3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	= 2875.21
Max. J	= 15		Q( 150.)	= 1633.43
LOGSTR	= -10		Q( 75.)	= 904.90
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	= 410.30
Isotope Correction	= -3.347		Q(18.25)	= 156.17
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 55.87
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	= 0.750		A	= 117744.370
$\mu(b)$	=		B	= 8155.784
$\mu(c)$	=		C	= 8025.577

---

The experimental measurements are from L. F. Thomas, E. I. Sherrard, and J. Sheridan, 1955, Trans. Far. Soc. 54, 619.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species for this calculation.

Species Tag: 42001  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CN-15,  
acetonitrile,  
<sup>15</sup>N isotope

Lines Listed	=	2755	Q( 300.)	=	5226.37
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3394.69
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.)	=	1847.57
LOGSTR	=	-5 for J>14	Q( 75.)	=	653.73
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	232.06
Isotope Correction	=	-2.432	Q(18.25)	=	84.86
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	33.08
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	3.919	A	=	158290.
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	9198.8993
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	B

---

The experimental measurements were obtained from A. Bauer and S. Maes, 1969, J. de Phys. 30, 169; J. Demaison, A. Dubrulle, D. Boucher, and J. Burie, 1969, J. Mol. Spect. 76, 1.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 42002  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>2</sub>CO, ketene

Lines Listed	=	835	Q( 300.)	=	10322.85	
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	6634.38
Max. J	=	29		Q( 150.)	=	3433.99
LOGSTR	=	-15		Q( 75.)	=	1285.88
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	457.09
Isotope Correction	=	0.		Q(18.25)	=	157.22
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	47.58
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.422		A	=	282473.
$\mu(b)$	=			B	=	10293.80
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	9916.38

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

- B. Fabricant, D. Krieger, and J. S. Muentner, 1977, J. Chem. Phys. 67, 1576.  
J. W. C. Johns, J.M. R. Stone, and G. Winnewisser, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 42, 523.  
H. R. Johnson and M. W. P. Strandberg, 1952, J. Chem. Phys. 20, 687.

The dipole moment was reported by Johnson (above) and B. Fabricant, et al. (above).

Species Tag: 43001  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CHDCO, ketene,  
mono deuterium isotope

Lines Listed	=	886		Q( 300.)	=	6682.68
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	4340.53
Max. J	=	29		Q( 150.)	=	2344.00
LOGSTR	=	-23		Q( 75.)	=	828.70
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	295.80
Isotope Correction	=	-3.523		Q(18.25)	=	105.15
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	37.50
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.422		A	=	194313.
$\mu(b)$	=			B	=	9647.396
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	9174.975

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from L. Nemes and M. Winnewisser, 1976, Z. Naturforsch. 31a, 272.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	44001	Species Name:	CS, carbon monosulfide
Version:	2		
Date:	Jan 1984		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	51	Q( 300.)	=	255.205
Max. Frequency	=	2500 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	191.823
Max. J	=	50	Q( 150.)	=	127.968
LOGSTR	=	-5	Q( 75.)	=	64.151
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	32.240
Isotope Correction	=	-0.022	Q(18.25)	=	16.286
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	8.316
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.957	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	24495.562
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

---

The experimental data were taken from the following papers:

R. Kewley, K. V. L. N. Sastry, M. Winnewisser, and W. Gordy, 1963, J. Chem. Phys. 39, 2856.

R. C. Mockler and G. R. Bird, 1955, Phys. Rev. 98, 1837.

M. Bogey, C. Demuynck, and J. L. Destombes, 1982, J. Mol. Spect. 95, 35.

The maximum J and frequency were limited by the estimated uncertainty in the predicted lines.

The dipole moment is from G. Winnewisser and R. L. Cook, 1968, J. Mol. Spect. 28, 266.

Species Tag: 44002  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1984  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $^{28}\text{SiO}$ , silicon monoxide

Lines Listed	= 31	Q( 300.)	= 287.210
Max. Frequency	= 1350. GHz	Q( 225.)	= 215.874
Max. J	= 30	Q( 150.)	= 144.344
LOGSTR	= -4	Q( 75.)	= 72.327
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5)	= 36.325
Isotope Correction	= -0.035	Q(18.25)	= 18.332
Minimum Energy	= 0. $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	= 9.339
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 3.098	A	=
$\mu(b)$	=	B	= 21711.967
$\mu(c)$	=	C	=

---

The experimental data were taken from the following papers:

E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, T. Torring, 1968, Z Naturforsch. 23a, 77.

E. L. Manson, W. W. Clark, F. C. De Lucia, and W. Gordy, 1977, Phys. Rev. A15, 223.

The dipole moment was reported by J. W. Raymond, J. S. Muentzer, and W. A. Klemperer, 1970, J. Chem. Phys. 52, 3458.

Species Tag: 44003  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CHO-A, acetaldehyde,  
ground vibrational state,  
A species.

Lines Listed	=	1347		Q( 300.)	=	12111.56
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	7866.84
Max. J	=	20		Q( 150.)	=	4282.08
LOGSTR	=	-9		Q( 75.)	=	1513.94
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	535.26
Isotope Correction	=	0.		Q(18.25)	=	190.27
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	67.76
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	2.550		A	=	56609.474
$\mu(b)$	=	0.870		B	=	10162.766
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	9100.412

---

The data set used is referenced by A. Bauder, F. J. Lovas and D. R. Johnson 1976, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 5, 53. The lines were fit to a rigid rotor with centrifugal distortion.

Species Tag: 44004 Species Name: N<sub>2</sub>O  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1980  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter and H. M. Pickett

Lines Listed	=	61	Q( 300.)	=	497.966
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	373.594
Max. J	=	61	Q( 150.)	=	249.173
LOGSTR	=		Q( 75.)	=	124.738
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	62.546
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25)	=	31.434
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	15.889
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	0.1608	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	12561.637
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

---

The experimental data were taken from the summary given in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was measured by L. H. Scharpen, J. S. Muentzer, and V. W. Laurie, 1970, J. Chem. Phys. 53, 2513.

Species Tag: 44005  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: CH<sub>3</sub>CHO-E  
 acetaldehyde,  
 E state

Lines Listed	=	691	Q( 300.)	=	12111.56
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	7866.84
Max. J	=	15	Q( 150.)	=	4282.08
LOGSTR	=	-10	Q( 75.)	=	1513.94
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	535.26
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25)	=	189.46
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	67.29
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	2.55	A	=	56448.5
$\mu(b)$	=	0.870	B	=	10160.1
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	9101.3

---

The experimental lines of the lowest torsional state of E symmetry are listed in A. Bauder, F. J. Lovas, and D. R. Johnson, 1976, J. Chem. Phys. Ref. Data 5, 53. These lines were fit to a Hamiltonian which included terms up to sixth power in angular momentum as well as  $P_a$ ,  $P_a P^2$ ,  $P_a P^4$ ,  $P_a^3$ ,  $P_a^3 P^2$ , and  $P_a^5$  terms. The fit produced observed - calculated frequencies which were 3.5 times the experimental uncertainties in an rms sense. Calculated values of  $\mu^2 S$  agree with those of Bauder et al. The reference energy is located at the J=0 level of the A state, but intensities are based on E state concentrations.

Species Tag: 45001  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1984  
Contributor: R. Poynter

Species Name: C-13-S  
Carbon monosulfide,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	=	29		Q( 300.)	=	270.65
Max. Frequency	=	1340	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	203.24
Max. J	=	28		Q( 150.)	=	135.550
LOGSTR	=	-4		Q( 75.)	=	67.936
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	34.127
Isotope Correction	=	-1.977		Q(18.25)	=	17.235
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	8.790
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.957		A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=			B	=	23123.856
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	

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The experimental measurements were reported by R. C. Mockler and G. R. Bird, 1955, Phys. Rev. 98, 1837, and by M. Bogey, C. Demuyne, and J. L. Destombes, 1982, J. Mol. Spect. 95, 35.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

The maximum J and frequency were limited by the estimated uncertainty in the predicted lines.

Species Tag:	45002	Species Name:	<sup>29</sup> SiO
Version:	1		silicon monoxide,
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>29</sup> Si isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	66	Q( 300.) =	290.870
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	219.180
Max. J	=	66	Q( 150.) =	146.184
LOGSTR	=	-6	Q( 75.) =	73.2318
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	36.7790
Isotope Correction	=	-1.327	Q(18.25) =	18.5609
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	9.4515
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	3.098	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	21514.07
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

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The experimental data were taken from E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, and T. Topping, 1968, Z. Naturforsch, 23a, 777.

The dipole moment was reported by J. W. Raymonda, J. S. Muentzer, and W. A. Klemperer, 1970, J. Chem. Phys. 52, 3458.

Species Tag: 45003 Species Name: Formamide  
 Version: 2 NH<sub>2</sub>CHO  
 Date: Jan 1981  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Lines Listed	=	3476	Q( 300.)	=	29154.14
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	18479.91
Max. J	=	34	Q( 150.)	=	10313.37
LOGSTR	=	-8 above 120 GHz	Q( 75.)	=	3633.29
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	1293.30
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25)	=	459.199
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	163.719
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	3.616	A	=	72716.954
$\mu(b)$	=	0.852	B	=	11373.453
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	9833.903

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

C. C. Costain and J. M. Dowling, 1960, J. Chem. Phys. 32, 290.

D. R. Johnson, F. J. Lovas, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 1, 1011.

W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159.

S. G. Kukolich and A. C. Nelson, 1971, Chem. Phys. Lett. 11, 383.

R. J. Kurland and E. B. Wilson, Jr., 1957, J. Chem. Phys. 27, 585.

The dipole moment was reported in the paper by Kurland and Wilson.

Species Tag:	46001	Species Name:	C <sup>34</sup> S, carbon monosulfide <sup>34</sup> S isotope
Version:	2		
Date:	Jan 1984		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	34	Q( 300.)	=	259.657
Max. Frequency	=	1640 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	194.939
Max. J	=	33	Q( 150.)	=	130.047
LOGSTR	=	-4	Q( 75.)	=	65.1779
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	32.7567
Isotope Correction	=	-1.376	Q(18.25)	=	16.5463
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	8.4470
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.957	A =		
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	24103.541	
$\mu(c)$	=		C =		

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The experimental measurements were reported by R. C. Mockler and G. R. Bird, 1955, Phys. Rev. 98, 1837, and by M. Bogey, C. Demuynck, and J. L. Destombes, 1982, J. Mol. Spect. 95, 35.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

The maximum J and frequency were limited by the estimated uncertainty in the predicted lines.

Species Tag: 46002  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: <sup>30</sup>Si O,  
silicon monoxide,  
<sup>30</sup>Si isotope

Lines Listed	=	67	Q( 300.)	=	294.374
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	221.259
Max. J	=	67	Q( 150.)	=	147.911
LOGSTR	=	-6	Q( 75.)	=	74.1139
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	37.2220
Isotope Correction	=	-1.506	Q(18.25)	=	18.7759
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	9.5609
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	3.098	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	21259.48
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

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The experimental data were taken from E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, and T. Torring, 1968, Z. Naturforsch. 23a, 777.

The dipole moment was reported by J. W. Raymonda, J. S. Muentzer, and W. A. Klemperer, 1970, J. Chem. Phys. 52, 3458.

Species Tag: 46003  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1980  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: H<sub>2</sub>CS, thioformaldehyde

Lines Listed	=	517	Q( 300.)	=	5984.11
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3760.98
Max. J	=	27	Q( 150.)	=	2088.82
LOGSTR	=	-11	Q( 75.)	=	750.067
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	265.644
Isotope Correction	=	-0.022	Q(18.25)	=	91.1801
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	27.5233
Dipoles : (a)	=	1.649	A	=	291291.641
(b)	=		B	=	17699.628
(c)	=		C	=	16651.830

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from D. R. Johnson, F. J. Lovas, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 1, 1011. Other references were taken from this paper.

The dipole moment was taken from B. Fabricant, D. Krieger, and J. S. Muentzer, 1977, J. Chem. Phys. 67, 1576.

Species Tag: 46004  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH  
ethyl alcohol,  
ground trans state

Lines Listed	=	1236	Q( 300.) =	17009.8
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	11048.4
Max. J	=	20	Q( 150.) =	6013.13
LOGSTR	=	-11	Q( 75.) =	2020.23
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	747.653
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25) =	267.547
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	95.2357
Dipoles : $\mu$ (a)	=	0.046	A =	34891.75
$\mu$ (b)	=	1.438	B =	9350.635
$\mu$ (c)	=		C =	8135.236

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

J. Michielson-Effinger, 1969, J. de Phys. 30, 333.

Y. Sasada, M. Takano, and T. Satoh, 1971, J. Mol. Spect. 38, 33.

H. Takano, Y. Sasada, and T. Satoh, 1968, J. Mol. Spect. 26, 157.

Additional measurements were made by E. A. Cohen, 1979, private communication.

The dipole moment was reported by Takano, et al, above.

Species Tag: 46005  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HCOOH  
formic acid  
ground trans state

Lines Listed	=	1888	Q( 300.) =	8883.82
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	5770.32
Max. J	=	20	Q( 150.) =	3141.23
LOGSTR	=	-11	Q( 75.) =	1085.67
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	393.460
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25) =	139.991
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	49.9344
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.396	A =	77512.25
$\mu(b)$	=	0.260	B =	12055.11
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	10416.12

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

- J. Bellet, C. Samson, G. Steenbeckeliers, and R. Wertheimer, 1971, J. Mol. Structure 9, 49.  
R. G. Lerner, B. P. Dailey, and J. P. Friend, 1957, J. Chem. Phys. 26, 680.  
R. Trambarulo, A. Clark, and C. Hearns, 1958, J. Chem. Phys. 28, 736.

The dipole moment used in the present work was measured by H. Kim, R. Keller, and W. D. Gwinn, 1962, J. Chem. Phys. 37, 2748, and was adjusted to the new OCS standard, (J. S. Muentzer, 1968, J. Chem. Phys. 48, 4544). Improved values [ $\mu_a = 1.4214(21)D$  and  $\mu_b = 0.2096(65)D$ ] have been recently reported by H. Kuze, T. Kuga, and T. Shimizu, 1982, J. Mol. Spect. 93, 248.

Species Tag: 46006  
Version: 1  
Date: Feb 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: nitrogen dioxide,  
NO<sub>2</sub>

Lines Listed	= 6360		Q( 300.) =	13402.
Max. Frequency	= 3000.	GHz	Q( 225.) =	8750.
Max. J	= 50		Q( 150.) =	4764.
LOGSTR	= -7.		Q( 75.) =	1683.
LOGSTR1	= -7.		Q( 37.5) =	596.
Isotope Correction	= 0.		Q(18.25) =	211.8
Minimum Energy	= 0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	75.7
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ =		A =	239904.
	$\mu(b)$ = 0.316		B =	13002.
	$\mu(c)$ = 0		C =	12305.

---

The data are from W. C. Bowman and F. C. DeLucia, 1982, J. Chem. Phys. 77, 92. The spectra were calculated using a full diagonalization of the Hamiltonian.

Species Tag:	47001	Species Name:	H <sub>2</sub> <sup>13</sup> C
Version:	1		thioformaldehyde
Date:	Jan 1980		<sup>13</sup> C isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	110	Q( 300.)	=	6220.14
Max. Frequency	=	335 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	4040.17
Max. J	=	10	Q( 150.)	=	2114.95
LOGSTR	=	-10	Q( 75.)	=	777.678
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	264.363
Isotope Correction	=	-1.977	Q(18.25)	=	94.2540
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	28.6154
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.649	A	=	291660.0
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	16998.342
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	16030.791

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

D. R. Johnson, F. J. Lovas, and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 1, 1011.

Other references were taken from this paper.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 47002  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: H<sup>13</sup>COOH  
formic acid,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope

Lines Listed	=	1194	Q( 300.)	=	8896.12
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	6672.68
Max. J	=	20	Q( 150.)	=	3144.85
LOGSTR	=	-10	Q( 75.)	=	1094.21
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	399.209
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955	Q(18.25)	=	142.037
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	50.6640
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.396	A	=	77580.494
$\mu(b)$	=	0.260	B	=	12053.567
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	10378.997

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

J. Bellet, A. Deldalle, C. Samson, G. Steenbeckeliers, and R. Wertheimer, 1971, J. Mol. Structure, 9, 65.

R. G. Lerner, B. P. Dailey, and J. P. Friend, 1957, J. Chem. Phys. 26, 680.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as the parent species, tag #46005.

Species Tag: 47003  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: DC00H  
formic acid,  
deuterium isotope  
on C atom

Lines Listed = 628  
Max. Frequency = 3000 GHz  
Max. J = 20  
LOGSTR = -10  
LOGSTR1 =  
Isotope Correction = -3.824  
Minimum Energy = 0. cm<sup>-1</sup>  
Dipoles :  $\mu(a)$  = 1.396  
 $\mu(b)$  = 0.260  
 $\mu(c)$  =

Q( 300.) = 10531.2  
Q( 225.) = 6840.2  
Q( 150.) = 3626.47  
Q( 75.) = 1251.4  
Q( 37.5) = 466.123  
Q(18.25) = 165.882  
Q(9.375) = 59.1562  
A = 57709.33  
B = 12055.971  
C = 9955.609

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

J. Bellet, A. Deldalle, C. Samson, G. Steenbeckeliers, and R. Wertheimer, 1971, J. Mol. Structure, 9, 65.

R. G. Lerner, B. P. Dailey, and J. P. Friend, 1957, J. Chem. Phys. 26, 680.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as the parent species, tag #46005.

Species Tag:	47004	Species Name:	HCOOD
Version:	1		formic acid,
Date:	Jan 1980		deuterium isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		on O atom
<hr/>			
Lines Listed	= 612	Q( 300.) =	9954.87
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	6465.87
Max. J	= 20	Q( 150.) =	3519.57
LOGSTR	= -9	Q( 75.) =	1213.13
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	440.555
Isotope Correction	= -3.824	Q(18.25) =	156.820
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	55.9114
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 1.396	A =	66100.14
$\mu(b)$	= 0.260	B =	11762.577
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	9969.943

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

J. Bellet, A. Deldalle, C. Samson, G. Steenbeckeliers, and R. Wertheimer, 1971, J. Mol. Structure, 9, 65.

R. G. Lerner, B. P. Dailey, and J. P. Friend, 1957, J. Chem. Phys. 26, 680.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as the parent species, tag #46005.

Species Tag:	48001	Species Name:	SO, sulfur monoxide,
Version:	1		$^3\Sigma$ ground state
Date:	Dec 1979		
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		
Lines Listed	= 330	Q( 300.) =	850.159
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	632.266
Max. J	= 50	Q( 150.) =	414.477
LOGSTR	= -6	Q( 75.) =	197.515
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	90.3441
Isotope Correction	= -0.022	Q(18.25) =	38.8776
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	15.9038
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 1.55	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=	B =	21523.02
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

---

The calculational method is described in T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 53, 346. The data used is from W. W. Clark and F. C. DeLucia, 1976, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 60, 332. Both electric dipole and magnetic dipole transitions are listed.

Species Tag: 48002  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Dec 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: SO, sulfur  
 monoxide  
 $^3\Sigma$  ground state,  
 $v=1$  vibrational state

Lines Listed	= 261	Q( 300.)	= 850.159
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 632.266
Max. J	= 50	Q( 150.)	= 414.477
LOGSTR	= -8	Q( 75.)	= 197.515
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5)	= 90.3441
Isotope Correction	= -0.022	Q(18.25)	= 38.8776
Minimum Energy	= 1111.5 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	= 15.9038
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 1.55	A	=
$\mu(b)$	=	B	= 21351.0
$\mu(c)$	=	C	=

The calculational method is described in T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 53, 346. The data are from T. Amano, E. Hirota, and Y. Morino, 1967, J. Phys. Soc. Japan 22, 399. All centrifugal distortion constants were fixed to their ground state values. Magnetic and electric dipole transitions are included.

This state is  $1111.5 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  above  $v=0$  (G. Herzberg, 1950, Spectra of Diatomic Molecules, Van Nostrand, New York).

Species Tag:	48003	Species Name:	H <sub>2</sub> C <sup>34</sup> S
Version:	1		
Date:	Jan 1980		thioformaldehyde,
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		<sup>34</sup> S isotope

Lines Listed	=	111		Q( 300.) =	6084.16
Max. Frequency	=	343	GHz	Q( 225.) =	4563.52
Max. J	=	10		Q( 150.) =	2150.80
LOGSTR	=	-9		Q( 75.) =	760.502
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5) =	259.239
Isotope Correction	=	-1.376		Q(18.25) =	92.2997
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	28.0092
Dipoles :	{	(a)	=	A =	291660.
	{	(b)	=	B =	17387.949
	{	(c)	=	C =	16376.922

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from D. R. Johnson, F. J. Lovas and W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 1, 1011. Other references were taken from this paper.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 48004  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name:  $^{16}\text{O}_3$ , ozone

Lines Listed	=	6471	Q( 300.) =	3553.04
Max. Frequency	=	10000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	2263.60
Max. J	=	80.	Q( 150.) =	1198.67
LOGSTR	=	-10.	Q( 75.) =	423.448
LOGSTR1	=	-10.	Q( 37.5) =	150.037
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25) =	53.2967
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	19.0371
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=		A =	106535.234
$\mu(b)$	=	0.5324	B =	13349.090
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	11834.524

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The catalog of the ozone lines is based on the work of M. J. C. Depannemaecker, B. Duterage, and M. J. Bellet, 1977, J. Quant. Spect. Radiat. Transfer 17, 519. Additional lines are cited in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 7, 1445. Further lines were measured at JPL by E. A. Cohen. The ground state lines were fit with the  $\nu_1$  and  $\nu_3$  lines and infrared lines in the  $10\mu$  region simultaneously. The maximum value of  $K_a$  is 20.

The dipole moment was reported by M. Lichtenstein, J. J. Gallagher, and S. A. Clough, (1971), J. Mol. Spectrosc. 40, 10.

The partition function includes contributions from all vibrational states.

Species Tag: 48005  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: O<sub>3</sub>  
 v<sub>2</sub> vibrational  
 state (010)

Lines Listed	=	4337	Q( 300.)	=	3553.04
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	2263.60
Max. J	=	60	Q( 150.)	=	1198.67
LOGSTR	=	-10.	Q( 75.)	=	423.448
LOGSTR1	=	-10.	Q( 37.5)	=	150.037
Isotope Correction	=	0.	Q(18.25)	=	53.2967
Minimum Energy	=	700.9 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	19.0371
Dipoles : μ(a)	=		A	=	108137.979
μ(b)	=	0.5324	B	=	13311.143
μ(c)	=		C	=	11765.222

The v<sub>2</sub> ozone lines were derived from a fit of the data given by M. J. C. Depannemaecker, B. Duterage, and M. J. Bellet, 1977, J. Quant. Spect. and Radiat. Transfer 17, 519. Additional lines are listed in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data., 7, 1445. Further lines were measured at JPL by E. A. Cohen. The maximum valued K is 15.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 48006  
Version: 2  
Date: Mar 1984  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: O<sub>3</sub>  
v<sub>1</sub>, v<sub>3</sub> vibrational  
states (100)  
and (001)

Lines Listed	= 9459	Q( 300.)	= 3553.04
Max. Frequency	= 10000 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 2263.60
Max. J	= 80	Q( 150.)	= 1198.67
LOGSTR	= -10.	Q( 75.)	= 423.448
LOGSTR1	= -10.	Q( 37.5)	= 150.037
Isotope Correction	= 0.	Q(18.25)	= 53.2967
Minimum Energy	= 1042. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 19.0371
Dipoles : μ(a)	=	A	= 104944.
μ(b)	= .5324	B	= 13229.7
μ(c)	=	C	= 11726.6

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The rotational lines were measured by T. Tanaka and Y. Morino, 1970, J. Mol. Spec. 33, 538 and A. Barbe, et al., 1977, J. Mol. Spec. 64, 343. The rotational lines of the ground, v<sub>1</sub> and v<sub>3</sub> states were fit along with infrared lines in the 10μ region simultaneously. The maximum value of K<sub>a</sub> is 20.

The (100) state has a vibrational label of 1, and the (001) state has a vibrational label of 3.

Species Tag:	48007	Species Name:	$O_3 \nu_2 = 2$ state
Version:	1		(0,2,0)
Date:	Mar 1984		
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		
Lines Listed	= 1779	Q( 300.)	= 3553.04
Max. Frequency	= 9999 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 2263.60
Max. J	= 50	Q( 150.)	= 1198.67
LOGSTR	= -10.	Q( 75.)	= 423.448
LOGSTR1	= -10.	Q( 37.5)	= 150.037
Isotope Correction	= -0	Q(18.25)	= 53.2967
Minimum Energy	= 1400. $cm^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	= 19.0371
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	A =	109796.
$\mu(b)$	= 0.5324	B =	13273.
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	11694.

---

Data measured at JPL were combined with that of T. Tanaka and Y. Morino, 1970, J. Mol. Spectroscop. 33, 538.

Species Tag: 49001  
Version: 1  
Date: Mar 1984  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: 160-170-016  
Ozone symmetric  
17O substitution

Lines Listed	=	13277	Q( 300.)	=	19114.5
Max. Frequency	=	999. GHz	Q( 225.)	=	13038.6
Max. J	=	37	Q( 150.)	=	7299.7
LOGSTR	=	-7.2	Q( 75.)	=	2597.63
LOGSTR1	=	-7.2	Q( 37.5)	=	920.348
Isotope Correction	=	-3.432	Q(18.25)	=	327.0
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	116.8
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=		A	=	102351.
$\mu(b)$	=	0.5324	B	=	13350.8
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	11781.9

---

The spectra and calculation are from E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett,  
1983, J. Molec. Str. 97, 97-100.

Species Tag: 49002  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: 170-160-160  
 Ozone asymmetric  
 17O substitution

Lines Listed	=	24138	Q( 300.)	=	40541.5
Max. Frequency	=	9999. GHz	Q( 225.)	=	2732.5
Max. J	=	37	Q( 150.)	=	14831.8
LOGSTR	=	-7.5	Q( 75.)	=	5257.0
LOGSTR1	=	-7.5	Q( 37.5)	=	1862.4
Isotope Correction	=	-3.131	Q(18.25)	=	661.58
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	236.21
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	0.0034	A	=	105491.
$\mu(b)$	=	0.5324	B	=	12951.
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	11508.

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The spectra and calculation are from E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett, 1983, J. Molec. Str. 97, 97-100. Additional lines have been measured by E. A. Cohen and K. Hillig. The calculation includes quadrupole interactions of  $\Delta N = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2$ .

Species Tag: 50001  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name:  $^{34}\text{S}\text{O}$ , sulfur monoxide,  
 $^3\Sigma$  ground state,  
 $^{34}\text{S}$  isotope

Lines Listed	=	280	Q( 300.)	=	866.963
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	644.615
Max. J	=	50	Q( 150.)	=	422.669
LOGSTR	=	-6	Q( 75.)	=	201.326
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	92.0449
Isotope Correction	=	-1.376	Q(18.25)	=	39.5549
Minimum Energy	=	0 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	=	16.1473
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	1.55	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	21102.72
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

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The calculational method is described in T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 53, 346. The data used is reported in E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 3, 259. Both electric dipole and magnetic dipole transitions are listed in the catalogue.

Species Tag:	50002	Species Name:	$S^{18}O$ , sulfur monoxide
Version:	1		$^3\Sigma$ ground state
Date:	Dec 1979		
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		
Lines Listed	= 179	Q( 300.)	= 917.488
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 675.460
Max. J	= 50	Q( 150.)	= 446.684
LOGSTR	= -5	Q( 75.)	= 212.814
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5)	= 97.1180
Isotope Correction	= -2.712	Q(18.25)	= 41.6007
Minimum Energy	= 0. $cm^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	= 16.8850
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 1.55	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=	B =	19929.
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

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The calculational method is described in T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Molec. Spectroscopy 53, 346. The value of  $\mu$  was fixed at -156.51 MHz and  $\mu(1)$  was set to zero. Both electric dipole and magnetic dipole transitions are listed in the catalogue. The data used is listed in E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data. 3, 259.

Species Tag: 50003 Species Name:  $^{16}O^{18}O^{16}O$   
 Version: 2 ozone, ground state,  
 Date: Mar 1984 symmetric  $^{18}O$  isotope  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett and R. L. Poynter

Lines Listed	=	3184	Q( 300.) =	3525.34
Max. Frequency	=	9999. GHz	Q( 225.) =	2445.129
Max. J	=	50	Q( 150.) =	1247.107
LOGSTR	=	-9	Q( 75.) =	441.8769
LOGSTR1	=	-9	Q( 37.5) =	156.5677
Isotope Correction	=	-2.690	Q(18.25) =	55.6161
Minimum Energy	=	0. $cm^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	19.8610
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=		A =	98646.687
$\mu(b)$	=	0.5324	B =	13352.732
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	11731.767

---

The catalog of symmetric  $^{18}O$  ozone is based on the work of J. Depannemaecker and J. Bellet (1977, J. Mol. Specty. 66, 106). The dipole moment used is the  $^{16}O_3$  value. The new version extends the calculation in frequency and J.

Species Tag: 50004 Species Name:  $^{18}O^{16}O^{16}O$ ,  
 Version: 2 asymmetric  $^{18}O$   
 Date: Mar 1984 ozone, ground state  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett and R. L. Poynter

Lines Listed	=	7304		Q( 300.)	=	7214.414
Max. Frequency	=	9999	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	4994.599
Max. J	=	40		Q( 150.)	=	2549.761
LOGSTR	=	-9		Q( 75.)	=	904.0679
LOGSTR1	=	-9		Q( 37.5)	=	320.2580
Isotope Correction	=	-2.389		Q(18.25)	=	113.7639
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	40.6069
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	0.0068		A	=	104573.161
$\mu(b)$	=	0.5324		B	=	12591.48
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	11212.5057

---

The catalog of asymmetric  $^{18}O$  ozone is based on the work of J. Depannemaecker and J. Bellet (1977, J. Mol. Specty. 66, 106). The dipole moment used is the  $^{16}O_3$  value rotated to the inertial axes of asymmetric  $^{18}O$  ozone (based on the equilibrium structure). The new version extends the calculation in frequency and J.

Species Tag: 52006  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Jan 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: HO<sup>35</sup>Cl,  
 hypochlorous acid

Lines Listed	=	3919	Q( 300.)	=	2380.4
Max. Frequency	=	10000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	1545.4
Max. J	=	60	Q( 150.)	=	840.9
LOGSTR	=	-8	Q( 75.)	=	297.5
LOGSTR1	=	-8	Q( 37.5)	=	105.5
Isotope Correction	=	-0.122	Q(18.25)	=	37.66
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	14.59
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	0.3627	A	=	613483.8
$\mu(b)$	=	1.471	B	=	15116.795
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	14725.78

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The data and calculational method are given in H. E. Singbeil, et al. 1984, J. Molec. Spectr. 103, 466. Chlorine hyperfine structure is omitted in this version of the catalogue since the splittings are generally smaller than the width of lower stratospheric lines. Maximum value of K in the calculation is 20.

Species Tag: 52005  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec. 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: DCCCN,  
cyanoacetylene,  
deuterium isotope

Lines Listed	=	156		Q( 300.) =	4443.2393
Max. Frequency	=	1000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	3332.7310
Max. J	=	99		Q( 150.) =	2222.2842
LOGSTR	=	-7		Q( 75.) =	1111.7319
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5) =	556.2878
Isotope Correction	=	-3.824		Q(18.25) =	278.6121
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	139.8297
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	=	3.724	A =	
	$\mu(b)$	=		B =	4221.58
	$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The set of experimental lines used in the calculation was obtained from the references in W. J. Lafferty and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 441.

Species Tag:	53001	Species Name:	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> CN, acrylonitrile
Version:	1		
Date:	Jan 1980		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	3697	Q( 300.)	=	26198.1	
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	17016.2	
Max. J	=	40	Q( 150.)	=	9262.4	
LOGSTR	=	-9	Q( 75.)	=	3243.7	
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	1159.8	
Isotope Correction	=	0	Q(18.25)	=	410.9	
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	145.8	
Dipoles:			A	=	49850.712	
	μ(a)	=	3.68	B	=	4971.0849
	μ(b)	=	1.25	C	=	4513.8005
	μ(c)	=				

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

- C. C. Costain and B. P. Stoicheff, 1959, J. Chem. Phys. 30, 777.  
M. C. L. Gerry and G. Winnewisser, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 48, 1.  
M. C. L. Gerry, K. Yamada, and G. Winnewisser, 1979, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 8, 107.

The dipole moment was measured by W. W. Wilcox, J. H. Goldstein, and J. W. Simmons, 1954, J. Chem. Phys. 22, 516.

Species Tag: 53002  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Oct 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: <sup>37</sup>ClO,  
 chlorine monoxide,  
<sup>37</sup>Cl isotope

Lines Listed	=	2649		Q( 300.) =	3348.1118
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.) =	2336.6826
Max. J	=	85		Q( 150.) =	1448.4390
LOGSTR	=	-10		Q( 75.) =	700.9711
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5) =	357.1905
Isotope Correction	=	-0.611		Q(18.25) =	186.3374
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	101.2744
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	1.239		A =	
$\mu(b)$	=			B =	1828.70
$\mu(c)$	=			C =	

The experimental lines below 200 GHz are from R. K. Kakar, E. A. Cohen, and M. Geller, 1978, J. Mol. Spec. 70, 243. Lines above 200 GHz were measured at JPL by E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett. The lines were fit to a fine structure Hamiltonian which included  $p_D$  and  $q_D$  terms and centrifugal distortion on B to sixth power in J. The hyperfine terms in the Hamiltonian included all off-diagonal matrix elements for a, b, c, d,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_3$ . The partition function was determined by a sum over states to  $F = 86$  for both the  $\Omega = 1/2$  and  $\Omega = 3/2$  states.

Species Tag:	54001	Species Name:	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sup>13</sup> CN,
Version:	1		acrylonitrile,
Date:	Jan 1980		<sup>13</sup> C isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 1
Lines Listed	= 118	Q( 300.)	= 26332.9770
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 17104.0740
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.)	= 9311.0723
LOGSTR	= -9	Q( 75.)	= 3291.5420
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5)	= 1163.8567
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25)	= 358.5091
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 138.3247
Dipoles:		A	= 49781.
	μ(a) = 3.68	B	= 4948.153
	μ(b) = 1.25	C	= 4494.485
	μ(c) =		

---

The methods used on this species were the same as for the parent species, given in tag #53001. The measurements were taken from C. C. Costain and B. P. Stoicheff, 1959, J. Chem. Phys. 30, 77.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	54002	Species Name:	CH <sub>2</sub> <sup>13</sup> CHCN,
Version:	1		acrylonitrile,
Date:	Jan 1980		<sup>13</sup> C isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 2
Lines Listed	= 117	Q( 300.) =	26662.4960
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	17318.0740
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.) =	9427.5684
LOGSTR	= -9	Q( 75.) =	3332.7310
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	1178.4197
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25) =	362.9110
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	140.0232
Dipoles:    μ(a)	= 3.68	A =	48645.
μ(b)	= 1.25	B =	4948.700
μ(c)	=	C =	4485.145

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The methods used on this species were the same as for the parent species, given in tag #53001. The measurements were taken from C. C. Costain and B. P. Stoicheff, 1959, J. Chem. Phys. 30, 77.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	54003	Species Name:	$^{13}\text{CH}_2\text{CHCN}$ ,
Version:	1		acrylonitrile,
Date:	Jan 1980		$^{13}\text{C}$ isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 3
Lines Listed	= 116	Q( 300.) =	27089.4530
Max. Frequency	= 178 GHz	Q( 225.) =	26631.7500
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.) =	9578.5527
LOGSTR	= -9	Q( 75.) =	3386.0991
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	1197.2913
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25) =	366.8595
Minimum Energy	= 0. $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	141.7098
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	= 3.68	A =	49180.
$\mu(b)$	= 1.25	B =	4837.34
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	4398.07

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The methods used on this species were the same as for the parent species, given in tag #53001. The measurements were taken from C. C. Costain and B. P. Stoicheff, 1959, J. Chem. Phys. 30, 77.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 54004  
Version: 1  
Date: Jan 1980  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: CH<sub>2</sub>CDCN,  
acrylonitrile,  
deuterium isotope  
on atom 2

Lines Listed	=	322	Q( 300.) =	29696.1680
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	19288.5940
Max. J	=	10	Q( 150.) =	10500.2640
LOGSTR	=	-10	Q( 75.) =	3711.9375
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	1312.5034
Isotope Correction	=	-3.824	Q(18.25) =	402.1610
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	155.4532
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	3.68	A =	40198.6
$\mu(b)$	=	1.25	B =	4934.35
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	4388.41

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The methods used on this species were the same as for the parent species, given in tag #53001. The measurements were taken from C. C. Costain and B. P. Stoicheff, 1959, J. Chem. Phys. 30, 77.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 54005  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1984  
Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: H<sup>0</sup>37Cl,  
hypochlorous acid,  
37Cl isotope

Lines Listed	=	3923	Q( 300.)	=	2422.5
Max. Frequency	=	10000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	1572.7
Max. J	=	60	Q( 150.)	=	855.8
LOGSTR	=	-8	Q( 75.)	=	302.8
LOGSTR1	=	-8	Q( 37.5)	=	107.33
Isotope Correction	=	-0.611	Q(18.25)	=	38.32
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	14.84
Dipoles:			A	=	613461.
	$\mu(a)$	= 0.3627	B	=	14850.441
	$\mu(b)$	= 1.471	C	=	14472.895
	$\mu(c)$	=			

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The data and calculational method are given in H. E. Singbeil, et al, 1984, J. Molec. Spectr. 103, 466. Chlorine hyperfine structure is omitted in this version of the catalogue since the splittings are generally smaller than the width of lower stratospheric lines. Maximum value of K in the calculation is 20.

Species Tag: 55001  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Jan 1981  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CN,  
 ethyl cyanide

Lines Listed	=	3684	Q( 300.)	=	111840.8900
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	70892.5160
Max. J	=	21	Q( 150.)	=	39554.9140
LOGSTR	=	-5 above 160 GHz	Q( 75.)	=	12589.2560
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	4595.1553
Isotope Correction	=	0	Q(18.25)	=	1406.3713
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	650.8787
Dipoles:			A =		27663.66
	$\mu(a)$	= 3.85	B =		4714.144
	$\mu(b)$	= 1.23	C =		4235.041
	$\mu(c)$	=			

---

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333, and W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159. The measurements were taken from the following papers:

J. Burie, J. Demaison, A. Dubrille, and D. Boucher, 1978, J. Mol. Spect. 72, 275.

D. R. Johnson, F. J. Lovas, C. A. Gottlieb, E. W. Gottlieb, M. M. Litvak, M. Guelin, and P. Thaddeus, 1977, Ap. J. 218, 370.

H. Mader, H. M. Heise, and H. Dreizler, 1973, Z. Naturforsch. 29a, 164.

The dipole moment was taken from H. M. Heise, H. Lutz, and H. Dreizler, 1974, Z. Naturforsch, 29a, 1345.

Species Tag:	56001	Species Name:	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> <sup>13</sup> CN,
Version:	2		ethyl cyanide,
Date:	Jan 1981		<sup>13</sup> C isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 1
Lines Listed	= 1183	Q( 300.) =	112460.3700
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	71285.1870
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.) =	39774.0860
LOGSTR	= -5 above 160 GHz	Q( 75.) =	12659.0120
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	4620.6172
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25) =	1414.1650
Minimum Energy	= 0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	654.4858
Dipoles:	{(a) = 3.84	A =	27634.94
	{(b) = 1.37	B =	4689.805
	{(c) =	C =	4214.746

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333 and W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159. The measurements were taken from H. M. Heise, H. Lutz, and H. Dreizler, 1973, Z. Naturforsch. 29a, 1345.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as in the parent species, tag #55001.

Species Tag:	56002	Species Name:	CH <sub>3</sub> <sup>13</sup> CH <sub>2</sub> CN,
Version:	2		<sup>13</sup> C isotope on
Date:	Jan 1981		atom 2
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	1252	Q( 300.)	=	113684.2800
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	72060.9840
Max. J	=	10	Q( 150.)	=	40206.7970
LOGSTR	=	-9 below 160 GHz	Q( 75.)	=	12796.7320
LOGSTR1	=	-5 above 160 GHz	Q( 37.5)	=	4670.8945
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955	Q(18.25)	=	1429.5522
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	661.6073
Dipoles:	{(a)	=	3.84	A =	27045.40
	{(b)	=	1.37	B =	4697.868
	{(c)	=		C =	4207.046

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333 and W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159. The measurements were taken from H. M. Heise, H. Lutz and H. Dreizler, 1973, Z. Naturforsch. 29a, 1345.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as in the parent species, tag #55001.

Species Tag:	56003	Species Name:	$^{13}\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$ ,
Version:	2		ethyl cyanide,
Date:	Jan 1981		$^{13}\text{C}$ isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 3
<hr/>			
Lines Listed	= 1183	Q( 300.)	= 115292.3300
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 73080.2660
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.)	= 40775.6020
LOGSTR	= -9 below 160 GHz	Q( 75.)	= 12977.7660
LOGSTR1	= -5 above 160 GHz	Q( 37.5)	= 4736.9639
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25)	= 1449.4407
Minimum Energy	= 0 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	= 670.9657
Dipoles:	{ (a) = 3.84	A =	27342.174
	{ (b) = 1.37	B =	4597.939
	{ (c) =	C =	4133.707

The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333 and W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159. The measurements were taken from H. M. Heise, H. Lutz, and H. Dreizler, 1973, Z. Naturforsch. 29a, 1345.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as in the parent species, tag #55001.

Species Tag: 56004  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Jan 1980  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^{15}\text{N}$ ,  
 ethyl cyanide,  
 $^{15}\text{N}$  isotope

Lines Listed	=	1621		Q( 300.)	=	38458.0
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	24980.4
Max. J	=	20		Q( 150.)	=	13598.7
LOGSTR	=	-9		Q( 75.)	=	3966.4
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	1542.4
Isotope Correction	=	-2.432		Q(18.25)	=	598.1
Minimum Energy	=	0	$\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	=	213.9
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	3.84		A	=	27541.953
$\mu(b)$	=	1.37		B	=	4574.771
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	4119.430

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333. The measurements were taken from H. M. Heise, H. Mader, and H. Dreizler, 1976, Z. Naturforsch. 31a, 1228.

The dipole moment was assumed the same as in the parent species, tag #55001.

Species Tag:	56005	Species Name:	CH <sub>2</sub> DCH <sub>2</sub> CN-s, ethyl cyanide, deuterium isotope on methyl carbon trans to CN group
Version:	2		
Date:	Jan 1981		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		
Lines Listed	= 1166	Q( 300.) =	118795.
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	75300.
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.) =	42000.
LOGSTR	= -9 below 160 GHz	Q( 75.) =	14849.
LOGSTR1	= -5 above 160 GHz	Q( 37.5) =	5250.
Isotope Correction	= -3.347	Q(18.25) =	1787.8
Minimum Energy	= 0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	607.95
Dipoles:		A =	27650.795
	μ(a) = 3.84	B =	4425.061
	μ(b) = 1.37	C =	4000.763
	μ(c) =		

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333 and W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159. The measurements were taken from H. Mader, H. M. Heise, and H. Dreizler, 1973, Z. Naturforsch. 29a, 164.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	56006	Species Name:	CH <sub>2</sub> DCH <sub>2</sub> CN-a, ethyl cyanide, deuterium isotope on methyl carbon gauche to the CN group
Version:	2		
Date:	Jan 1981		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		
Lines Listed	= 1286	Q( 300.) =	121059.9
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	76736.2
Max. J	= 10	Q( 150.) =	42815.4
LOGSTR	= -9 below 160 GHz	Q( 75.) =	15132.5
LOGSTR1	= -5 above 160 GHz	Q( 37.5) =	5350.1
Isotope Correction	= -3.347	Q(18.25) =	1827.2
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	623.25
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 3.84	A =	25022.568
	$\mu(b)$ = 1.37	B =	4583.422
	$\mu(c)$ =	C =	4110.245

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The experimental measurements were analyzed using the methods described in W. H. Kirchhoff, 1972, J. Mol. Spect. 41, 333 and W. H. Kirchhoff and D. R. Johnson, 1973, J. Mol. Spect. 45, 159. The measurements were taken from H. Mader, H. M. Heise, and H. Dreizler, 1973, Z. Naturforsch. 29a, 164.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 60001  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1981  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: OCS  
carbonyl sulfide

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.) =	1028.2539
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	771.6135
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.) =	514.3989
LOGSTR	=	-7	Q( 75.) =	257.2764
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	128.8250
Isotope Correction	=	-0.022	Q(18.25) =	64.5803
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	32.4565
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 0.715	A =	
	$\mu(b)$	=	B =	6081.4921
	$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

---

The measurements were taken from the data sets given in A. Dubrulle, J. Demaison, J. Burie, and D. Boucher, 1980, Z. Naturforsch, 35a, 471, and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment has been remeasured by J.M.L.J. Reinartz and A. Dymanus, 1974, Chem. Phys. Lett., 24, 346.

Species Tag:	60002	Species Name:	$^{28}\text{Si}^{32}\text{S}$
Version:	1		silicon monosulfide
Date:	Dec 1979		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	97	Q( 300.) =	688.9700
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	517.1307
Max. J	=	97	Q( 150.) =	344.8263
LOGSTR	=	-5	Q( 75.) =	172.5440
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	86.4172
Isotope Correction	=	-0.057	Q(18.25) =	43.3711
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	21.8575
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 1.730	A =	
	$\mu(b)$	=	B =	9077.45
	$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

---

The experimental measurements are summarized in E. Tiemann, 1976, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 5, 1147.

The dipole moment was measured by J. Hoeft, F. J. Lovas, E. Tiemann, and T. Tørring, 1969, Z. Naturforsch. 24a, 1422.

Species Tag: 61001  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1981  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $O^{13}CS$   
carbonyl sulfide,  
 $^{13}C$  isotopic species

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.)	=	1031.5737
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	773.9269
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.)	=	515.9410
LOGSTR	=	-6.4	Q( 75.)	=	258.1666
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	129.2409
Isotope Correction	=	-1.977	Q(18.25)	=	64.7888
Minimum Energy	=	0. $cm^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	=	32.5612
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	0.715	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	6061.924
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

---

The measurements were taken from the data sets given in A. Dubrulle, J. Demaison, J. Burie, and D. Boucher, 1980, Z. Naturforsch, 35a, 471 and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	61002	Species Name:	<sup>29</sup> Si <sup>32</sup> S
Version:	1		silicon monoxide
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>29</sup> Si isotopic species
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	98	Q( 300.) =	701.7784
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	526.8662
Max. J	=	98	Q( 150.) =	351.2369
LOGSTR	=	-5	Q( 75.) =	175.7521
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	88.0239
Isotope Correction	=	-1.349	Q(18.25) =	44.1774
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	22.2587
Dipoles:	$\mu$ (a) =	1.730	A =	
	$\mu$ (b) =		B =	8910.66
	$\mu$ (c) =		C =	

---

The measurements were taken from the data set given in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 62001  
Version: 2  
Date: Jan 1981  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $OC^{34}S$   
carbonyl sulfide  
 $^{34}S$  isotopic species

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.)	=	1053.9019
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	777.6780
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.)	=	527.2301
LOGSTR	=	-6.4	Q( 75.)	=	263.7545
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	132.0383
Isotope Correction	=	-1.376	Q(18.25)	=	66.1911
Minimum Energy	=	0. $cm^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	=	33.2583
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 0.715	A	=	
	$\mu(b)$	=	B	=	5932.8338
	$\mu(c)$	=	C	=	

---

The measurements were taken from the data sets given in A. Dubrulle, J. Demaison, J. Burie, and D. Boucher, 1980, *Z. Naturforsch.*, 35a, 471, and F. J. Lovas, 1978, *J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data*, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	62002	Species Name:	<sup>18</sup> OCS,
Version:	2		carbonyl sulfide,
Date:	Jan 1981		<sup>18</sup> O isotopic species
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.) =	1095.9731
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	822.4320
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.) =	548.1509
LOGSTR	=	-6.4	Q( 75.) =	274.2837
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	137.3093
Isotope Correction	=	-2.712	Q(18.25) =	68.8176
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	34.5780
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	0.715	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	5704.8574
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The measurements were taken from the data sets given in A. Dubrulle, J. Demaison, J. Burie, and D. Boucher, 1980, Z. Naturforsch, 35a, 471, and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 62003  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $^{30}\text{Si}^{32}\text{S}$ ,  
silicon monosulfide,  
 $^{30}\text{Si}$  isotopic species

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.) =	714.3315
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	536.1669
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.) =	357.4372
LOGSTR	=	-5	Q( 75.) =	178.8546
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	89.5984
Isotope Correction	=	-1.528	Q(18.25) =	44.9573
Minimum Energy	=	0 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	22.6465
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	1.730	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	8755.33
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The measurements were taken from the data set given in F. J. Lovas,  
1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	62004	Species Name:	$^{28}\text{Si}^{34}\text{S}$ ,
Version:	1		silicon monosulfide,
Date:	Dec 1979		$^{34}\text{S}$ isotopic species
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		
Lines Listed	= 99	Q( 300.) =	708.2720
Max. Frequency	= 3000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	531.7408
Max. J	= 99	Q( 150.) =	354.4869
LOGSTR	= -5	Q( 75.) =	177.3781
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	88.8383
Isotope Correction	= 1.411	Q(18.25) =	44.5862
Minimum Energy	= 0. $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	22.4647
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	= 1.730	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=	B =	8828.86
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

---

The measurements were taken from the data set given in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 1445.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 63001 Species Name: HNO<sub>3</sub>,  
 Version: 2 nitric acid  
 Date: Jun 1983  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett and R. L. Poynter

Lines Listed	=	24767	Q( 300.)	=	27938.3360
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	18150.9490
Max. J	=	80	Q( 150.)	=	9878.7090
LOGSTR	=	-6.5	Q( 75.)	=	3493.8193
LOGSTR1	=	-6.5	Q( 37.5)	=	1236.8015
Isotope Correction	=	0	Q(18.25)	=	438.3291
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	155.8116
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	1.986	A	=	13010.9867
$\mu(b)$	=	0.882	B	=	12099.9025
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	6260.6680

The data set used in this fit includes the microwave and submillimeter lines reported by G. Cazzoli and F. C. DeLucia, (1979), J. Mol. Spectrosc. 76, 131, by W. C. Bowman, F. C. DeLucia, and P. Helminger, (1981), J. Mol. Spectrosc. 88, 431, by P. N. Ghosh, C. E. Blom, and A. Bauder, (1981), J. Mol. Spectrosc. 89, 159, and the far infrared lines measured by K. M. Evenson, (1983), private communication. Inclusion of the data from this last source produces a more reliable prediction of the far infrared transitions.

The dipole moment was taken from the remeasurements reported by A. P. Cox and J. M. Riveros, (1965), J. Chem. Phys. 42, 3106. Very small quadrupole splittings were resolvable for only the  $J = 1 \leftarrow 0$  transitions at dry ice temperatures. Because of the extremely large number of lines for this molecule, these splittings were not included in our predictions. Information on these quadrupole splittings can be found in D. J. Millen and J. R. Morton, (1960), J. Chem. Soc., 1523.

Species Tag: 64001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Oct 1979  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: S<sub>2</sub> ,  
 diatomic sulfur  
 $v=0, {}^3\Sigma_g^-$   
 ground state

Lines Listed	=	34		Q( 300.)	=	588.1659
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	478.8508
Max. J	=	35		Q( 150.)	=	340.0165
LOGSTR	=	-8.4		Q( 75.)	=	174.3814
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	87.7608
Isotope Correction	=	-0.044		Q(18.25)	=	44.4836
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	22.9087
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	=		A	=	
magnetic	$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	8831.2
	$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

The experimentally measured lines are given in H. M. Pickett and T. L. Boyd, 1979, J. Mol. Spectry. 75, 53. The calculational method used is from T. Amano and E. Hirota, 1974, J. Mol. Spectry. 53, 346. For S<sub>2</sub>, the parameter  $\mu(1)$  is assumed to be zero. Only transitions between states with  $J = N$  and  $J = N - 1$  are listed because the energies of the  $J = N + 1$  states are uncertain by more than 1 GHz. All the neglected transitions from  $J = N + 1$  states lie above 450 GHz for  $J < 35$ .

The intensities of the magnetic dipole allowed transitions were calculated using the g values given in Pickett and Boyd. Hund's case (b) nomenclature is used even though the states are closer to Hund's case (a) for low J. The  $J = N + 1$  states correlate with  $\Sigma = 0$  and the  $J = N - 1$  and  $J = N$  states correlate with  $\Sigma = \pm 1$  states of  $p = \pm (-1)^J$  inversion parity, respectively.

The value of Q is determined from a sum over states to  $J = 50$ .

Species Tag:	52004	Species Name:	HCCC <sup>15</sup> N
Version:	1		cyanoacetylene
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>15</sup> N isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.) =	1415.47
Max. Frequency	=	1000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	1061.94
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.) =	708.109
LOGSTR	=	-6	Q( 75.) =	354.161
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	177.256
Isotope Correction	=	-2.432	Q(18.25) =	88.7973
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	44.5656
Dipoles:			A =	
	μ(a) =	3.724	B =	4416.75
	μ(b) =		C =	
	μ(c) =			

---

The set of experimental lines used in the calculation was obtained from the references in W. J. Lafferty and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 441.

The dipole moment was remeasured by the above authors as 3.724D.

Species Tag:	52003	Species Name:	H <sup>13</sup> CCCN
Version:	1		cyanoacetylene
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>13</sup> C isotope atom 3
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	144		Q( 300.)	=	4255.01
Max. Frequency	=	1000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3192.27
Max. J	=	99		Q( 150.)	=	2128.14
LOGSTR	=	-7		Q( 75.)	=	1064.63
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	532.721
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955		Q(18.25)	=	266.870
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	133.937
Dipoles:				A	=	
	μ(a)	=	3.724	B	=	4408.44
	μ(b)	=		C	=	
	μ(c)	=				

---

The set of experimental lines used in the calculation was obtained from the references in W. J. Lafferty and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 441.

The dipole moment was remeasured by the above authors as 3.724D.

Species Tag: 52002  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HC<sup>13</sup>CCN  
cyanoacetylene  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope on  
atom 2

Lines Listed	=	146	Q( 300.)	=	4140.95
Max. Frequency	=	1000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3106.71
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.)	=	2071.10
LOGSTR	=	-7	Q( 75.)	=	1036.10
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	518.561
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955	Q(18.25)	=	259.777
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	130.377
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	3.724	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	4529.76
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

---

The set of experimental lines used in the calculation was obtained from the references in W. J. Lafferty and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 441.

The dipole moment was remeasured by the above authors as 3.724D.

Species Tag:	52001	Species Name:	H <sup>13</sup> CCCN
Version:	1		cyanoacetylene
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>13</sup> C isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 1
Lines Listed	= 152	Q( 300.) =	4140.00
Max. Frequency	= 1000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	3105.99
Max. J	= 99	Q( 150.) =	2071.10
LOGSTR	= -7	Q( 75.) =	1035.86
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	518.442
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25) =	259.717
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	130.377
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	= 3.724	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=	B =	4530.198
$\mu(c)$	=	C =	

---

The set of experimental lines used in the calculation was obtained from the references in W. J. Lafferty and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 441.

The dipole moment was remeasured by the above authors as 3.724D.

Species Tag: 51002  
 Version: 2  
 Date: Oct 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name: <sup>35</sup>ClO, chlorine  
 monoxide  
<sup>2</sup>Π states, v = 0

Lines Listed	=	2610	Q( 300.)	=	3291.54
Max. Frequency	=	3000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	2297.20
Max. J	=	87.5	Q( 150.)	=	1424.30
LOGSTR	=	-10	Q( 75.)	=	689.287
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	351.318
Isotope Correction	=	-0.122	Q(18.25)	=	183.316
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	99.7011
Dipoles : μ(a)	=	1.239	A	=	
μ(b)	=		B	=	18602.865
μ(c)	=		C	=	

The experimental lines below 200 GHz are from R. K. Kakar, E. A. Cohen, and M. Geller, 1978, J. Mol. Spec. 70, 243. Lines above 200 GHz were measured at JPL by E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett. The lines were fit to a fine structure Hamiltonian which included p<sub>D</sub> and q<sub>D</sub> terms and centrifugal distortion on B to sixth power in J. The hyperfine terms in the Hamiltonian included all off-diagonal matrix elements for a, b, c, d, η<sub>1</sub>, η<sub>2</sub>, and η<sub>3</sub>. The partition function was determined by a sum over states to F = 86 for both the Ω = 3/2 and Ω = 1/2 states.

Species Tag: 51001  
Version: 2  
Date: Mar 1984  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HCCCN, cyanoacetylene

Lines Listed	=	154		Q( 300.)	=	4122.88
Max. Frequency	=	1000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3093.14
Max. J	=	99		Q( 150.)	=	2062.53
LOGSTR	=	-7		Q( 75.)	=	1031.57
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	516.416
Isotope Correction	=	0.		Q(18.25)	=	258.643
Minimum Energy	=	0.	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	129.8381
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=	3.724		A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=			B	=	4549.059
$\mu(c)$	=			C	=	

---

The set of experimental lines used in the calculation was obtained from the references in W. J. Lafferty and F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data, 7, 441.

Species:	50006	Species Name:	O <sub>3</sub> asymmetric
Version:	1		
Date:	Mar 1984		<sup>18</sup> O v <sub>2</sub> = 1
Contributor:	C. Chiu and E. A. Cohen		
<hr/>			
Lines Listed	= 4213	Q( 300.) =	7214.414
Max. Frequency	= 9999 GHz	Q( 225.) =	4994.599
Max. J	= 50	Q( 150.) =	2549.761
LOGSTR	= -9.	Q( 75.) =	904.0679
LOGSTR1	= -9.	Q( 37.5) =	320.2580
Isotope Correction	=	Q(18.25) =	113.7639
Minimum Energy	= 693 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	40.6069
Dipoles : μ(a)	= 0.0068	A =	106071.8
μ(b)	= 0.5324	B =	12556.0
μ(c)	=	C =	11150.6

---

New spectra were measured at JPL and were fit to a Watson "S" set Hamiltonian. The assumed dipoles are based on the ground state. The vibrational energy is an assumed value.

Species Tag: 50005 Species Name: O<sub>3</sub> symmetric O<sup>18</sup>  
 Version: 1 v<sub>2</sub>=1  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: C. Chiu and E. A. Cohen

Lines Listed	=	2387	Q( 300.)	=	3525.34
Max. Frequency	=	9999 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	2445.129
Max. J	=	50	Q( 150.)	=	1247.107
LOGSTR	=	-8.9	Q( 75.)	=	441.8769
LOGSTR1	=	-8.9	Q( 37.5)	=	156.5677
Isotope Correction	=	2.690	Q(18.25)	=	55.6161
Minimum Energy	=	678. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	19.8610
Dipoles : $\mu(a)$	=		A	=	100177.
$\mu(b)$	=	0.5324	B	=	13316.
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	11659.

---

New spectra were measured at JPL and were fit to a Watson "S" set Hamiltonian. The assumed dipoles are based on the ground state. The vibrational energy is an assumed value.

Species Tag:	64002	Species Name:	SO <sub>2</sub> ,
Version:	2		sulfur dioxide
Date:	Jun 1983		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		

Lines Listed	=	9622	Q( 300.) =	5899.2969
Max. Frequency	=	10000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	3765.3037
Max. J	=	74	Q( 150.) =	2075.8706
LOGSTR	=	-10	Q( 75.) =	738.9240
LOGSTR1	=	-10	Q( 37.5) =	261.6373
Isotope Correction	=	-0.022	Q(18.25) =	92.8325
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	33.0674
Dipoles:			A =	60778.558
	μ(a) =		B =	10317.913
	μ(b) =	1.633	C =	8799.652
	μ(c) =			

---

The experimental measurements are summarized in F. J. Lovas, 1978, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 7, 1445. Selected additional lines were taken from M. Carlotti, et al., 1984, J. Molec. Spec., (submitted).

The dipole moment was taken from D. Patel, D. Margolese, and T. R. Dyke, 1979, J. Chem. Phys. 70, 2740.

This version is a refit of all lines up through J = 74, using a new fitting program. The prediction only includes lines up through K=28.

Species Tag: 75001  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: HC<sub>5</sub>N ,  
cyanodiacetylene

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.)	=	4695.6914
Max. Frequency	=	300 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3315.8906
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.)	=	2314.7271
LOGSTR	=	-6.6	Q( 75.)	=	1174.0852
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	587.2181
Isotope Correction	=	0	Q(18.25)	=	293.7650
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	147.0618
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	4.330	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	1331.33
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

---

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was measured by the same authors.

Species Tag:	76001	Species Name:	HCCCC <sup>13</sup> CN,
Version:	1		cyanodiacetylene,
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>13</sup> C isotope on
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		atom 1
Lines Listed	= 99	Q( 300.) =	4742.4238
Max. Frequency	= 300 GHz	Q( 225.) =	3448.2642
Max. J	= 99	Q( 150.) =	2336.6826
LOGSTR	= -6.6	Q( 75.) =	1185.7676
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	593.0616
Isotope Correction	= -1.933	Q(18.25) =	296.6880
Minimum Energy	= 0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	148.5251
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 4.330	A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =	B =	1318.18
	$\mu(c)$ =	C =	

---

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	76002	Species Name:	HCCC <sup>13</sup> CCN,
Version:	1		cyanodiacetylene,
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>13</sup> C isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		on atom 2
Lines Listed	= 99	Q( 300.) =	4700.0195
Max. Frequency	= 300 GHz	Q( 225.) =	3417.4316
Max. J	= 99	Q( 150.) =	2316.8604
LOGSTR	= -6.6	Q( 75.) =	1174.8972
LOGSTR1	= -1.955	Q( 37.5) =	587.7594
Isotope Correction	= 0	Q(18.25) =	294.0357
Minimum Energy	= cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	147.1974
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$ = 4.329	A =	
	$\mu(b)$ =	B =	1330.11
	$\mu(c)$ =	C =	

---

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	76003	Species Name:	HCC <sup>13</sup> CCCN,
Version:	1		cyanodiacetylene,
Date:	Dec 1979		<sup>13</sup> C isotope
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		on atom 3
<hr/>			
Lines Listed	= 99	Q( 300.)	= 4700.0195
Max. Frequency	= 300 GHz	Q( 225.)	= 3417.4316
Max. J	= 99	Q( 150.)	= 2317.3931
LOGSTR	= -6.6	Q( 75.)	= 1175.1672
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5)	= 587.8950
Isotope Correction	= -1.955	Q(18.25)	= 294.1033
Minimum Energy	= 0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	= 147.2313
Dipoles:     μ(a)	= 4.329	A	=
μ(b)	=	B	= 1329.95
μ(c)	=	C	=

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 76004  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name:  $\text{HC}^{13}\text{CCCCN}$ ,  
cyanodiacetylene,  
 $^{13}\text{C}$  isotope  
on atom 4

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.)	=	4744.6045
Max. Frequency	=	300 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3449.8496
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.)	=	2337.2217
LOGSTR	=	-6.6	Q( 75.)	=	1186.0413
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	593.3350
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955	Q(18.25)	=	296.8244
Minimum Energy	=	0 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	=	148.5935
Dipoles:	$\mu(a)$	= 4.329	A	=	
	$\mu(b)$	=	B	=	1317.689
	$\mu(c)$	=	C	=	

---

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 76005  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: H<sup>13</sup>CCCCCN,  
cyanodiacetylene,  
<sup>13</sup>C isotope  
on atom 5

Lines Listed	=	99	Q( 300.) =	4820.5898
Max. Frequency	=	300 GHz	Q( 225.) =	3500.2559
Max. J	=	99	Q( 150.) =	2372.4639
LOGSTR	=	-6.6	Q( 75.) =	1205.3130
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	602.9758
Isotope Correction	=	-1.955	Q(18.25) =	301.6474
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	150.9731
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	4.329	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	1296.88
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

---

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag:	76006	Species Name:	HC <sub>5</sub> <sup>15</sup> N, cyanodiacetylene, <sup>15</sup> N isotopic species
Version:	1		
Date:	Dec 1979		
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter		
Lines Listed	= 99	Q( 300.) =	4813.9287
Max. Frequency	= 300 GHz	Q( 225.) =	3495.4258
Max. J	= 99	Q( 150.) =	2369.7368
LOGSTR	= -6.6	Q( 75.) =	1203.3718
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	602.0048
Isotope Correction	= -2.432	Q(18.25) =	301.1616
Minimum Energy	= 0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	150.7648
Dipoles:    μ(a)	= 4.329	A =	
μ(b)	=	B =	1298.639
μ(c)	=	C =	

---

The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. M. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was measured by the same authors.

Species Tag: 76007  
Version: 1  
Date: Dec 1979  
Contributor: R. L. Poynter

Species Name: DC<sub>5</sub>N,  
cyanodiacetylene,  
D isotopic species

Lines Listed	=	99		Q( 300.)	=	4918.1348
Max. Frequency	=	300	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	3564.5166
Max. J	=	99		Q( 150.)	=	2417.1284
LOGSTR	=	-6.6		Q( 75.)	=	1229.4199
LOGSTR1	=			Q( 37.5)	=	615.0352
Isotope Correction	=	-3.824		Q(18.25)	=	307.6805
Minimum Energy	=	0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	153.9927
Dipoles:				A	=	
	$\mu$ (a)	=	4.329	B	=	1271.056
	$\mu$ (b)	=		C	=	
	$\mu$ (c)	=				

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The experimental measurements were taken from A. J. Alexander, H. W. Kroto, and D. R. N. Walton, 1976, J. Mol. Spect. 62, 175.

The dipole moment was assumed to be the same as the parent species.

Species Tag: 80001 Species Name: H<sup>79</sup>Br ,  
 Version: 1 Hydrogen Bromide,  
 Date: Feb 1980 <sup>79</sup>Br isotopic species  
 Contributor: R. L. Poynter and H. M. Pickett

Lines Listed	=	19	Q( 300.)	=	101.2045
Max. Frequency	=	10000 GHz	Q( 225.)	=	73.3500
Max. J	=	6	Q( 150.)	=	50.3732
LOGSTR	=	-2.2	Q( 75.)	=	26.3512
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5)	=	13.9123
Isotope Correction	=	-2.96	Q(18.25)	=	7.7732
Minimum Energy	=	0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	4.9340
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	0.828	A	=	
$\mu(b)$	=		B	=	250357.6
$\mu(c)$	=		C	=	

---

The experimental data were taken from F. A. Van Dijk and A. Dymanus, 1969, Chem. Phys. Lett. 4, 170.

The dipole moment was also reported by these same authors in a later publication, and updated in F. A. Van Dijk and A. Dymanus, 1971, 26th Symposium on Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy, Columbus, Ohio, R12, p. 80.

Species Tag:	82001	Species Name:	H <sup>81</sup> Br ,
Version:	1		Hydrogen Bromide,
Date:	Feb 1980		<sup>81</sup> Br isotopic
Contributor:	R. L. Poynter and H. M. Pickett		species

Lines Listed	=	19	Q( 300.) =	101.2511
Max. Frequency	=	10000 GHz	Q( 225.) =	73.3668
Max. J	=	6	Q( 150.) =	50.3848
LOGSTR	=	-2.2	Q( 75.) =	26.3573
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	13.9155
Isotope Correction	=	-0.306	Q(18.25) =	7.7750
Minimum Energy	=	0. cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	4.9351
Dipoles:    μ(a)	=	0.828	A =	
μ(b)	=		B =	250250.2
μ(c)	=		C =	

---

The experimental data were taken from F. A. Van Dijk and A. Dymanus, 1969, Chem. Phys. Lett. 4, 170.

The dipole moment was also reported by these same authors in a later publication, and updated in F. A. Van Dijk and A. Dymanus, 1971, 26th Symposium on Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy, Columbus, Ohio, R12, p. 80.

Species Tag:	95001	Species Name:	<sup>79</sup> BrO ,
Version:	1		Bromine Monoxide,
Date:	Feb 1980		<sup>79</sup> Br isotopic species,
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		<sup>2</sup> Π <sub>3/2</sub> state
Lines Listed	= 850	Q( 300.) =	3897.6226
Max. Frequency	= 1300 GHz	Q( 225.) =	2938.3271
Max. J	= 49	Q( 150.) =	1965.1685
LOGSTR	= -9	Q( 75.) =	989.4642
LOGSTR1	=	Q( 37.5) =	501.9954
Isotope Correction	= -0.296	Q(18.25) =	259.5374
Minimum Energy	= 0 cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375) =	136.8043
Dipoles: μ(a)	= 1.765	A =	
μ(b)	=	B =	12830.4
μ(c)	=	C =	

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The 63 GHz spectrum of BrO is referenced in F. J. Lovas and E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 3, 653. The other lines were measured at JPL by E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett, and a new fit was made which included these lines.

Species Tag: 97001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Feb 1980  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name:  $^{81}\text{BrO}$ ,  
 Bromine Monoxide,  
 $^{81}\text{Br}$  isotopic species,  
 $^2\Pi_{3/2}$  state

Lines Listed	=	850	Q( 300.) =	3913.8101
Max. Frequency	=	1500 GHz	Q( 225.) =	2950.5308
Max. J	=	49	Q( 150.) =	1973.3323
LOGSTR	=	-9	Q( 75.) =	993.5737
LOGSTR1	=		Q( 37.5) =	503.9649
Isotope Correction	=	-0.306	Q(18.25) =	259.2984
Minimum Energy	=	0 $\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375) =	137.2459
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	1.794	A =	
$\mu(b)$	=		B =	12777.08
$\mu(c)$	=		C =	

The 63 GHz spectrum of  $\text{BrO}$  is referenced in F. J. Lovas and E. Tiemann, 1974, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data 3, 653. The other lines were measured at JPL by E. A. Cohen and H. M. Pickett, and a new fit was made which included these lines.

Species Tag:	97002	Species Name:	$^{35}\text{ClNO}_3$
Version:	1		Chlorine nitrate
Date:	Mar 1984		
Contributor:	H. M. Pickett		

Lines Listed	=	4198		Q( 300.)	=	100540.
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	65303.
Max. J	=	60		Q( 150.)	=	35546.
LOGSTR	=	-6		Q( 75.)	=	12567.
LOGSTR1	=	-6		Q( 37.5)	=	4447.
Isotope Correction	=	-0.122		Q(18.25)	=	1574.
Minimum Energy	=	0	$\text{cm}^{-1}$	Q(9.375)	=	557.
Dipoles:				A	=	12105.8
	$\mu(a)$	=	0.72	B	=	2777.0
	$\mu(b)$	=	0.28	C	=	2258.1
	$\mu(c)$	=	0			

---

The data are taken from R. D. Suenram and F. J. Lovas, 1977, J. Molec. Spectrosc. 65, 239 (1977), and chlorine hyperfine structure is omitted in this version of the catalogue since the splittings are generally smaller than the width of lower stratospheric lines.

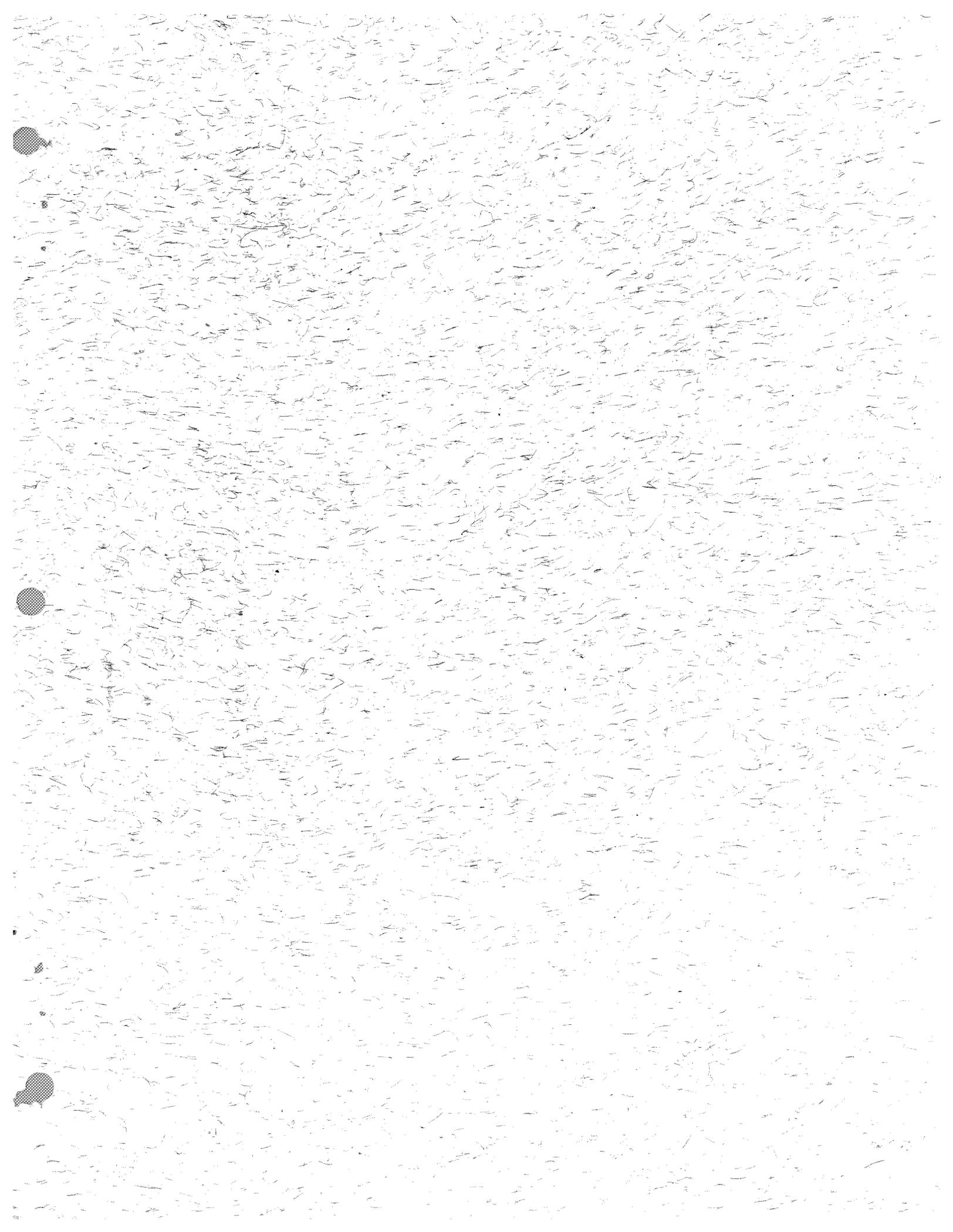
Species Tag: 99001  
 Version: 1  
 Date: Mar 1984  
 Contributor: H. M. Pickett

Species Name:  $^{37}\text{ClNO}_3$   
 Chlorine nitrate

Lines Listed	=	4182		Q( 300.)	=	103108.
Max. Frequency	=	3000	GHz	Q( 225.)	=	66971.
Max. J	=	60		Q( 150.)	=	36454.
LOGSTR	=	-6		Q( 75.)	=	12888.
LOGSTR1	=	-6		Q( 37.5)	=	4561.
Isotope Correction	=	-0.611		Q(18.25)	=	1614.
Minimum Energy	=	0	cm <sup>-1</sup>	Q(9.375)	=	572.
Dipoles: $\mu(a)$	=	0.72		A	=	12105.4
$\mu(b)$	=	0.28		B	=	2707.6
$\mu(c)$	=	0		C	=	2207.6

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The data are taken from R. D. Suenram and F. J. Lovas, 1977, J. Molec. Spectrosc. 65, 239 (1977), and chlorine hyperfine structure is omitted in this version of the catalogue since the splittings are generally smaller than the width of lower stratospheric lines.



C001001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C002001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C003001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C004001.ED4:1	3	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C012001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C013001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C013002.ED4:1	49	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C014001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C014002.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C016001.ED4:1	1	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C017001.ED4:1	117	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C017002.ED4:1	65	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C017004.ED4:1	64	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C018001.ED4:1	136	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C018002.ED4:1	34	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C018003.ED4:1	114	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C018004.ED4:1	768	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C019001.ED4:1	44	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C019002.ED4:1	203	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C019003.ED4:1	59	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C020001.ED4:1	165	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C020002.ED4:1	2	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C020003.ED4:1	108	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C021001.ED4:1	138	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C021002.ED4:1	3	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C025001.ED4:1	17	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C026001.ED4:1	56	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C026002.ED4:1	64	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C027001.ED4:1	6	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C027002.ED4:1	5	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C027003.ED4:1	19	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C028003.ED4:1	5	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C029002.ED4:1	5	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C029003.ED4:1	439	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C030002.ED4:1	5	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C030003.ED4:1	6	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C030005.ED4:1	64	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C030006.ED4:1	64	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C030007.ED4:1	273	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C030008.ED4:1	284	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C030009.ED4:1	6	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C031002.ED4:1	87	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C032001.ED4:1	34	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C032002.ED4:1	34	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C032003.ED4:1	103	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C032004.ED4:1	65	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00

C032005.ED4:1	10	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C034003.ED4:1	103	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C039001.ED4:1	302	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C039002.ED4:1	258	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C039003.ED4:1	315	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C041004.ED4:1	116	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C041005.ED4:1	119	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C041006.ED4:1	33	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C042001.ED4:1	388	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C042002.ED4:1	121	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C042003.ED4:1	2063	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C045002.ED4:1	10	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C045003.ED4:1	516	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C045005.ED4:1	9	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C045006.ED4:1	732	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C045008.ED4:1	12	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C047001.ED4:1	16	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C048002.ED4:1	37	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C048003.ED4:1	17	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00

C048004.ED4:1	1025	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C048007.ED4:1	439	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C048008.ED4:1	1620	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C049002.ED4:1	3583	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C050002.ED4:1	26	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C050003.ED4:1	461	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C050004.ED4:1	1056	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C050005.ED4:1	345	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
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C051003.ED4:1	314	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052001.ED4:1	22	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052002.ED4:1	21	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052003.ED4:1	21	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052004.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052005.ED4:1	22	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052006.ED4:1	1029	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052007.ED4:1	33	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052008.ED4:1	7	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052009.ED4:1	926	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052010.ED4:1	1726	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C052011.ED4:1	1129	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C053001.ED4:1	535	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C053002.ED4:1	390	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C053003.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C053004.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C053005.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C053006.ED4:1	317	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C054001.ED4:1	18	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C054002.ED4:1	17	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C054003.ED4:1	17	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C054004.ED4:1	47	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C054005.ED4:1	1028	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C054006.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C055001.ED4:1	547	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C056001.ED4:1	176	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C056002.ED4:1	186	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C056003.ED4:1	176	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C056004.ED4:1	235	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C056005.ED4:1	174	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C056006.ED4:1	191	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C060001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C060002.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C061001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C061002.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C062001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C062002.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C062003.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C062004.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C063001.ED4:1	5283	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C063002.ED4:1	2382	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C063003.ED4:1	4810	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C063004.ED4:1	2270	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C063005.ED4:1	2102	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00

C063006.ED4:1	1918	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C064001.ED4:1	25	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C064002.ED4:1	1540	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C066001.ED4:1	3338	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C067001.ED4:1	3172	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C068001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C069001.ED4:1	3169	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C070001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C075001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076001.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076002.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076003.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076004.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076005.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076006.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C076007.ED4:1	14	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C079001.ED4:1	7537	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C080001.ED4:1	3	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C082001.ED4:1	3	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C095001.ED4:1	127	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C097001.ED4:1	127	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C097002.ED4:1	607	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C098001.ED4:1	374	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C099001.ED4:1	605	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C102001.ED4:1	2496	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
C104001.ED4:1	2527	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00
CATDIR.ED4:1	32	4-NOV-1991	00:00:00.00

Total of 207 files.

32005	O2-snglt-dlta	67	2.1748	2.0521	1.8804	1.5929	1.3187	1.0702	0.8686	1*
33001	H2O	19447	3.6380	3.4530	3.1895	2.7391	2.2904	1.8464	1.4408	2*
33002	O-17-0	10787	3.4302	3.3051	3.1290	2.8280	2.5277	2.2297	1.9397	1*
34001	O-18-0	383	2.6649	2.5403	2.3649	2.0661	1.7702	1.4808	1.2074	2
34002	H2S	311	2.7111	2.5237	2.2605	1.8164	1.3778	0.9395	0.4640	2
34003	PH3	728	2.9052	2.7221	2.4606	2.0132	1.5705	1.1435	0.7631	3*
34004	H2O2	8831	3.9914	3.7616	3.4494	2.9519	2.4608	1.9487	1.4262	3*
35001	HDS	1138	2.6344	2.4486	2.1859	1.7384	1.2957	0.8628	0.4516	1
36001	HC1	137	1.9211	1.8018	1.6369	1.3687	1.1283	0.9337	0.8121	2*
37001	DC1	228	2.1940	2.0701	1.8963	1.6026	1.3166	1.0462	0.8085	1*
38001	HC1-37	137	1.9218	1.8024	1.6375	1.3692	1.1288	0.9340	0.8123	2*
38002	C3H2	8916	4.0878	3.9113	3.6531	3.2035	2.7535	2.3050	1.8598	1*
39001	C-13-3H2a	2088	3.7382	3.5899	3.3538	2.9138	2.4642	2.0157	1.5703	1*
39002	C-13-3H2s	1781	4.0006	3.8599	3.6372	3.2155	2.7701	2.3217	1.8762	1*
39003	C3HD	2178	3.7628	3.6223	3.3961	2.9652	2.5168	2.0681	1.6222	1*
39004	DC1-37	228	2.1953	2.0714	1.8976	1.6038	1.3178	1.0473	0.8094	1*
40001	CH3COH	813	3.7347	3.5471	3.2835	2.8323	2.3825	1.9458	1.5368	1
40002	NaOH	91	2.6980	2.5729	2.3968	2.0961	1.7961	1.4973	1.2009	1*
41001	CH3CN	1441	4.1803	3.9931	3.7292	3.2779	2.8281	2.3915	1.9827	1
41002	CH3CC-13-H	822	3.7479	3.5603	3.2966	2.8455	2.3956	1.9589	1.5498	1
41003	CH3C-13-CH	813	3.7349	3.5473	3.2837	2.8325	2.3826	1.9460	1.5370	1
41004	C-13-H3COH	821	3.7467	3.5591	3.2954	2.8443	2.3944	1.9577	1.5487	1
41005	CH3CCD	822	4.2353	4.0480	3.7882	3.3509	2.9005	2.4631	2.0537	2
41006	CH2DOCH	223	3.6463	3.4586	3.2131	2.9566	2.6131	2.1936	1.7472	2
42001	CH3CN-15	2755	3.7182	3.5308	3.2666	2.8154	2.3656	1.9287	1.5196	1
42002	CH2CO	835	4.0138	3.8218	3.5358	3.1092	2.6800	2.1965	1.6774	1
42003	NH2CN	13898	4.2529	4.0503	3.7582	3.2381	2.7043	2.1844	1.6445	1*
43001	CHDCO	886	3.8250	3.6375	3.3700	2.9184	2.4710	2.0218	1.5740	1
43002	HNCO	6078	3.8913	3.7096	3.4475	2.9969	2.5473	2.1122	1.7509	1*
43003	AlO	1023	3.5940	3.4691	3.2931	2.9926	2.6930	2.3947	2.0994	1*
44001	CS	51	2.4074	2.2829	2.1071	1.8072	1.5084	1.2118	0.9199	2
44002	SiO	31	2.4582	2.3342	2.1594	1.8593	1.5602	1.2632	0.9703	2
44003	CH3CHO-a	1347	4.0832	3.8958	3.6317	3.1801	2.7286	2.2794	1.8310	1
44004	N2O	61	2.6972	2.5724	2.3965	2.0960	1.7962	1.4974	1.2011	1
44005	CH3CHO-e	691	4.0832	3.8958	3.6317	3.1801	2.7286	2.2775	1.8280	1
44006	DNCO	5504	3.9755	3.8265	3.5931	3.1548	2.7051	2.2574	1.8327	1*
44007	NN-15-CO	888	3.4117	3.2402	2.9845	2.5348	2.0843	1.6466	1.2793	1*
44008	HNC-13-0	4332	3.8722	3.7016	3.4466	2.9974	2.5478	2.1126	1.7510	1*
44009	N2O-v2	146	2.6972	2.5724	2.3965	2.0960	1.7962	1.4974	1.2011	1*
45001	C-13-S	29	2.4324	2.3080	2.1321	1.8321	1.5331	1.2364	0.9440	2
45002	Si-29-0	66	2.4637	2.3408	2.1649	1.8647	1.5656	1.2686	0.9755	1
45003	NH2CHO	3476	4.4647	4.2667	4.0134	3.5603	3.1117	2.6620	2.2141	2
45005	HCS+	64	2.4676	2.3427	2.1669	1.8668	1.5677	1.2706	0.9775	1*
45006	HNCO-18	4929	3.9097	3.7316	3.4713	3.0208	2.5712	2.1359	1.7741	1*
45007	NN-15-0	85	2.6974	2.5725	2.3966	2.0961	1.7962	1.4975	1.2011	1*
45008	N-15-NO	87	2.7123	2.5874	2.4114	2.1109	1.8110	1.5122	1.2157	1*
46001	CS-34	34	2.4144	2.2899	2.1141	1.8141	1.5153	1.2187	0.9267	2
46002	Si-30-0	67	2.4689	2.3449	2.1700	1.8699	1.5708	1.2736	0.9805	1
46003	H2CS	517	3.7770	3.5753	3.3199	2.8751	2.4243	1.9599	1.4397	1
46004	C2H5OH	1236	4.2307	4.0433	3.7791	3.3054	2.8737	2.4274	1.9788	1
46005	HCOOH	1888	3.9486	3.7612	3.4971	3.0357	2.5949	2.1461	1.6984	1
46006	NO2	16444	4.1306	3.9426	3.6780	3.2263	2.7755	2.3260	1.8791	2*
46007	N2O-18	88	2.7224	2.5975	2.4215	2.1210	1.8210	1.5222	1.2256	1*
47001	H2C-13-s	110	3.7938	3.6064	3.3253	2.8908	2.4222	1.9743	1.4566	1
47002	HC-13-OOH	1194	3.9492	3.8243	3.4976	3.0391	2.6012	2.1524	1.7047	1
47003	DCOOH	628	4.0224	3.8351	3.5595	3.0974	2.6685	2.2198	1.7720	1
47004	HCOOD	612	3.9980	3.8106	3.5465	3.0839	2.6440	2.1954	1.7475	1
48001	SO	330	2.9295	2.8009	2.6175	2.2956	1.9559	1.5897	1.2015	1
48002	SO-v1	261	2.9295	2.8009	2.6175	2.2956	1.9559	1.5897	1.2015	1
48003	H2CS-34	111	3.7842	3.6593	3.3326	2.8811	2.4137	1.9652	1.4473	1

10001	H-atom	1	0.6021	0.6021	0.6021	0.6021	0.6021	0.6021	0.6021	1
20001	D-atom	1	0.7782	0.7782	0.7782	0.7782	0.7782	0.7782	0.7782	1
30001	HD	1	0.7004	0.5864	0.4315	0.1962	0.0406	0.0014	0.0001	2*
40001	H2D+	19	1.8682	1.6944	1.4398	0.9880	0.4916	0.0845	0.0016	1*
12001	C-atom	2	0.8939	0.8744	0.8363	0.7295	0.5494	0.3075	0.0962	2*
13001	C-13-atom	7	1.1950	1.1754	1.1374	1.0305	0.8504	0.6085	0.3972	2*
13002	CH	324	2.0822	1.9608	1.7924	1.5175	1.2752	1.0864	0.9523	1
14001	N-atom	2	1.0792	1.0792	1.0792	1.0792	1.0792	1.0792	1.0792	1
14002	N-atom-D-state	6	1.4700	1.4676	1.4629	1.4495	1.4246	1.3827	1.3247	3*
16001	O-atom	2	0.8287	0.8010	0.7612	0.7123	0.6996	0.6990	0.6990	2
17001	OH	788	1.9111	1.7803	1.6036	1.3570	1.2313	1.2042	1.2022	3*
17002	NH3	446	2.7627	2.5780	2.3162	1.8725	1.4410	1.0512	0.7322	3
17003	CH3D	80	2.6044	2.4985	2.1544	1.7083	1.2664	0.8469	0.4742	1
17004	NH3-v2	442	2.7627	2.5780	2.3162	1.8725	1.4410	1.0512	0.7322	1
18001	OD	912	2.3272	2.1858	1.9889	1.6899	1.4899	1.3983	1.3804	1
18002	N-15-H3	235	2.7603	2.6544	2.3143	1.8734	1.4420	1.0522	0.7336	2
18003	H2O	783	2.2507	2.0645	1.8040	1.3649	0.9335	0.4819	0.0994	4*
18004	NH2D	5036	3.5787	3.3818	3.1117	2.6378	2.1367	1.6068	1.1219	1
18005	H2O-v2	292	2.2507	2.0645	1.8040	1.3649	0.9335	0.4819	0.0994	2
19001	HO-18	295	1.9135	1.7826	1.6056	1.3584	1.2318	1.2043	1.2022	2
19002	HDO	1401	2.1649	1.9803	1.7185	1.2753	0.8421	0.4332	0.1252	3*
19003	H2O-17	404	2.2524	2.0664	1.8059	1.3668	0.9353	0.4835	0.0999	1*
20001	D2O	1137	3.0190	2.8322	2.5696	2.1242	1.6863	1.2685	0.9367	2*
20002	HF	8	1.0213	0.9009	0.7343	0.4622	0.2212	0.0524	0.0024	1*
20003	H2O-18	726	2.2544	2.0682	1.8076	1.3685	0.9369	0.4849	0.1004	1*
21001	HDO-18	952	2.1724	1.9858	1.7239	1.2806	0.8472	0.4378	0.1274	1*
21002	DF	20	1.2917	1.1691	0.9978	0.7118	0.4416	0.2043	0.0443	1*
25001	CCH	114	2.7591	2.6344	2.4589	2.1598	1.8628	1.5699	1.2852	1
26001	CN	385	2.8221	2.6976	2.5223	2.2238	1.9280	1.6376	1.3579	1
26002	CN-v1	437	2.8221	2.6976	2.5223	2.2238	1.9280	1.6376	1.3579	1
27001	HCN	40	2.6277	2.5031	2.3276	2.0286	1.7317	1.4389	1.1545	2
27002	HNC	33	2.1406	2.0162	1.8407	1.5418	1.2449	0.9523	0.6683	1
27003	HCN-v2	132	2.1506	2.0260	1.8505	1.5515	1.2546	0.9618	0.6774	1*
28001	CO	91	2.0369	1.9123	1.7370	1.4386	1.1429	0.8526	0.5733	2*
28002	HC-13-N	45	2.6389	2.5145	2.3390	2.0399	1.7428	1.4498	1.1650	1
28003	HCN-15	35	2.1634	2.0388	1.8633	1.5642	1.2671	0.9741	0.6892	1
28004	DCN	54	2.7151	2.5906	2.4150	2.1156	1.8179	1.5236	1.2361	1
28005	HNC-13	34	2.1580	2.0336	1.8581	1.5590	1.2620	0.9691	0.6844	1
28006	HN-15-C	33	2.1494	2.0249	1.8494	1.5504	1.2534	0.9607	0.6763	1
28007	DNC	39	2.2153	2.0908	1.9153	1.6160	1.3184	1.0245	0.7377	1
29001	C-13-O	27	2.0560	1.9317	1.7565	1.4579	1.1612	0.8712	0.5909	1
29002	HCO+	33	2.1477	2.0233	1.8478	1.5488	1.2519	0.9591	0.6748	2
29003	CH2NH	2957	3.7703	3.5798	3.3191	2.8695	2.4206	1.9745	1.5341	2
29004	HCO	2454	3.4806	3.2930	3.0286	2.5779	2.1298	1.6901	1.3077	1
29005	NNH+	34	3.0831	2.9586	2.7832	2.4842	2.1875	1.8952	1.6116	1
30001	CO-18	27	2.0577	1.9334	1.7581	1.4595	1.1636	0.8728	0.5924	1
30002	HC-13-O+	34	2.1597	2.0353	1.8598	1.5607	1.2637	0.9707	0.6859	2
30003	DCO+	41	2.7176	2.5929	2.4173	2.1179	1.8201	1.5258	1.2382	2
30004	H2CO	611	3.4589	3.2714	3.0085	2.5584	2.1094	1.6501	1.1399	1
30005	C-13-H2NH	439	3.3037	3.1163	2.8522	2.4006	1.9491	1.4975	1.0460	1
30006	CH2N-15-H	440	3.3044	3.1170	2.8529	2.4013	1.9498	1.4982	1.0467	1
30007	CH2ND	1834	3.8562	3.6688	3.4053	2.9094	2.4740	1.9667	1.6373	1
30008	NO	1909	3.0643	2.9122	2.6922	2.3216	1.9977	1.7160	1.4604	1
30009	NND+	41	2.6881	2.5634	2.3878	2.0886	1.7911	1.4972	1.2106	1
31001	HCO-18+	34	2.1678	2.0432	1.8677	1.5686	1.2716	0.9784	0.6934	2
31002	H2C-13-O	601	3.4698	3.2845	3.0202	2.5693	2.1201	1.6607	1.1501	1
32001	O2	237	2.3398	2.2152	2.0398	1.7419	1.4477	1.1618	0.8960	3*
32002	O2-v1	237	2.3398	2.2152	2.0398	1.7419	1.4477	1.1618	0.8960	4*
32003	CH3OH	709	3.8071	3.6197	3.3556	2.9040	2.4525	2.0009	1.5494	2
32004	H2CO-18	449	3.4796	3.2922	3.0281	2.5789	2.1299	1.6703	1.1596	1

48004	03	7089	3.5506	3.3484	3.0787	2.6268	2.1762	1.7267	1.2796	3*
48005	03-v2	4947	3.5506	3.3484	3.0787	2.6268	2.1762	1.7267	1.2796	3*
48006	03-v1,3	9685	3.5506	3.3484	3.0787	2.6268	2.1762	1.7267	1.2796	3*
48007	03-2v2	3031	3.5506	3.3484	3.0787	2.6268	2.1762	1.7267	1.2796	2*
48008	03-v1,3+v2	10912	3.5506	3.3484	3.0787	2.6268	2.1762	1.7267	1.2796	1*
49001	03-sym-0-17	13267	4.2814	4.1152	3.8633	3.4145	2.9640	2.5145	2.0673	1
49002	03-asym-0-17	24138	4.6079	4.4366	4.1712	3.7207	3.2701	2.8206	2.3733	1
50001	S-34-0	280	2.9380	2.8093	2.6260	2.3039	1.9640	1.5972	1.2081	1
50002	S0-18	179	2.9626	2.8296	2.6500	2.3280	1.9873	1.6191	1.2275	1
50003	03-sym-0-18	3184	3.5472	3.3599	3.0959	2.6453	2.1947	1.7452	1.2980	2
50004	03-asym-0-18	7304	3.8582	3.6708	3.4065	2.9562	2.5055	2.0560	1.6086	2
50005	03-s-018-v2	2387	3.5472	3.3883	3.0959	2.6453	2.1947	1.7452	1.2980	1
50006	03-a-018-v2	4213	3.8582	3.6985	3.4065	2.9562	2.5055	2.0560	1.6086	1
50007	CH3C1-35	6372	4.4505	4.2630	3.9990	3.5482	3.0822	2.6511	2.2519	1*
51001	HCCCN	154	3.6152	3.4904	3.3144	3.0135	2.7130	2.4127	2.1134	2
51002	C10	2585	3.5250	3.3632	3.1537	2.8384	2.5457	2.2632	1.9987	3
51003	C10-v1	2112	3.5250	3.3632	3.1537	2.8384	2.5457	2.2632	1.9987	1*
52001	HCCC-13-N	152	3.6170	3.4922	3.3162	3.0153	2.7147	2.4145	2.1152	1
52002	HCC-13-CN	146	3.6171	3.4923	3.3162	3.0154	2.7148	2.4146	2.1152	1
52003	HC-13-CCN	144	3.6289	3.5041	3.3280	3.0272	2.7265	2.4263	2.1269	1
52004	HCCCN-15	99	3.1509	3.0261	2.8501	2.5492	2.2486	1.9484	1.6490	1
52005	DCCCN	156	3.6477	3.5228	3.3468	3.0460	2.7453	2.4450	2.1456	1
52006	HOC1	6929	3.9787	3.7911	3.5268	3.0756	2.6252	2.1779	1.7662	3*
52007	SiCC	224	3.4214	3.3265	3.1628	2.8016	2.3700	1.9213	1.4738	1*
52008	CCCO	51	3.1132	2.9888	2.8129	2.5121	2.2115	1.9114	1.6121	1*
52009	CH3C1-37	6403	4.4567	4.2696	4.0052	3.5544	3.0891	2.6579	2.2585	1*
52010	CH2F2	11942	4.7435	4.5317	4.2551	3.8010	3.3502	2.9003	2.4522	1*
52011	CH2F2-v4	7808	4.7435	4.5317	4.2551	3.8010	3.3502	2.9003	2.4522	1*
53001	C2H3CN	3697	4.4183	4.2309	3.9667	3.5110	3.0644	2.6138	2.1638	1
53002	C1-37-0	2624	3.5327	3.3706	3.1611	2.8457	2.5528	2.2700	2.0049	3
53003	C-13-CCO	99	3.1304	3.0054	2.8294	2.5285	2.2279	1.9277	1.6284	1*
53004	CC-13-CO	99	3.1164	2.9915	2.8154	2.5146	2.2139	1.9138	1.6145	1*
53005	CCC-13-0	99	3.1152	2.9902	2.8142	2.5133	2.2127	1.9126	1.6133	1*
53006	C1-37-0-v1	2132	3.5327	3.3706	3.1611	2.8457	2.5528	2.2700	2.0049	1*
54001	CH2CHC-13-N	118	4.4205	4.2331	3.9690	3.5174	3.0659	2.5545	2.1409	1
54002	CH2C-13-HCN	117	4.4259	4.2385	3.9744	3.5228	3.0713	2.5598	2.1462	1
54003	C-13-H2CHCN	116	4.4328	4.2454	3.9813	3.5297	3.0782	2.5645	2.1514	1
54004	CH2CCN	322	4.4727	4.2853	4.0212	3.5696	3.1181	2.6044	2.1916	1
54005	HOC1-37	6925	3.9863	3.7987	3.5344	3.0832	2.6328	2.1854	1.7736	3*
54006	CCCO-18	99	3.1361	3.0112	2.8351	2.5342	2.2336	1.9334	1.6341	1*
55001	C2H5CN	3684	5.0486	4.8506	4.5972	4.1000	3.6623	3.1481	2.8135	2
56001	CH3CH2C-13-N	1183	5.0510	4.8530	4.5996	4.1024	3.6647	3.1505	2.8159	2
56002	CH3C-13-H2CN	1252	5.0557	4.8577	4.6043	4.1071	3.6694	3.1552	2.8206	2
56003	C-13-H3CH2CN	1183	5.0618	4.8638	4.6104	4.1132	3.6755	3.1612	2.8267	2
56004	C2H5CN-15	1621	4.5850	4.3976	4.1335	3.5984	3.1882	2.7768	2.3302	1
56005	CH2DCH2CN-s	1166	5.0748	4.8768	4.6232	4.1717	3.7202	3.2523	2.7839	2
56006	CH2DCH2CN-a	1286	5.0830	4.8850	4.6316	4.1799	3.7284	3.2618	2.7947	2
60001	OCS	99	3.0121	2.8874	2.7113	2.4104	2.1100	1.8101	1.5113	2
60002	SiS	97	2.8382	2.7136	2.5376	2.2369	1.9366	1.6372	1.3396	1
61001	OC-13-S	99	3.0135	2.8887	2.7126	2.4119	2.1114	1.8115	1.5127	2
61002	Si-29-S	98	2.8462	2.7217	2.5456	2.2449	1.9446	1.6452	1.3475	1
62001	OC-34-S	99	3.0228	2.8908	2.7220	2.4212	2.1207	1.8208	1.5219	2
62002	O-18-CS	99	3.0398	2.9151	2.7389	2.4382	2.1377	1.8377	1.5388	2
62003	Si-30-S	99	2.8539	2.7293	2.5532	2.2525	1.9523	1.6528	1.3550	1
62004	SiS-34	99	2.8502	2.7257	2.5496	2.2489	1.9486	1.6492	1.3515	1
63001	HNO3	36551	4.4462	4.2589	3.9947	3.5433	3.0923	2.6418	2.1926	3*
63002	HNO3-v7	16478	4.4462	4.2589	3.9947	3.5433	3.0923	2.6418	2.1926	1*
63003	HNO3-v9	32404	4.7472	4.6599	4.2957	3.8443	3.3933	2.9428	2.4936	1*
63004	HNO3-v6	15704	4.4462	4.2589	3.9947	3.5433	3.0923	2.6418	2.1926	1*
63005	HNO3-v8	14537	4.4462	4.2589	3.9947	3.5433	3.0923	2.6418	2.1926	1*

63006	HN03-v5	13269	4.4462	4.2589	3.9947	3.5433	3.0923	2.6418	2.1926	1*
64001	S2	174	2.9954	2.8607	2.6651	2.3091	1.9145	1.4876	1.0947	2*
64002	S02	10654	3.7721	3.5845	3.3202	2.8686	2.4177	1.9677	1.5194	3*
66001	C0F2	23090	4.7883	4.6008	4.3366	3.8852	3.4341	2.9836	2.5342	1*
67001	OC1-35-0	20815	4.7134	4.5365	4.2762	3.8250	3.3739	2.9238	2.4754	1*
68001	CCCS	99	3.3309	3.2093	3.0341	2.7332	2.4325	2.1320	1.8320	1*
69001	OC1-37-0	20799	4.7195	4.5429	4.2827	3.8315	3.3805	2.9304	2.4819	1*
70001	CCCS-34	99	3.3410	3.2198	3.0448	2.7439	2.4431	2.1426	1.8426	1*
75001	HCCCCCN	99	3.6717	3.5206	3.3645	3.0697	2.7688	2.4680	2.1675	1
76001	HCCCCC-13-N	99	3.6760	3.5376	3.3686	3.0740	2.7731	2.4723	2.1718	1
76002	HCCCC-13-CN	99	3.6721	3.5337	3.3649	3.0700	2.7692	2.4684	2.1679	1
76003	HCCC-13-CCN	99	3.6721	3.5337	3.3650	3.0701	2.7693	2.4685	2.1680	1
76004	HCC-13-CCCN	99	3.6762	3.5378	3.3687	3.0741	2.7733	2.4725	2.1720	1
76005	HC-13-CCCN	99	3.6831	3.5441	3.3752	3.0811	2.7803	2.4795	2.1789	1
76006	HCCCCCN-15	99	3.6825	3.5435	3.3747	3.0804	2.7796	2.4788	2.1783	1
76007	DCCCCCN	99	3.6918	3.5520	3.3833	3.0897	2.7889	2.4881	2.1875	1
79001	H00N02	50775	5.0793	4.9375	4.6972	4.2216	3.7512	3.2982	2.8469	1*
80001	HEr-79	19	2.0052	1.8654	1.7022	1.4208	1.1434	0.8906	0.6932	1
82001	HEr-81	19	2.0054	1.8655	1.7023	1.4209	1.1435	0.8907	0.6933	1
95001	Br-79-0	850	3.5908	3.4681	3.2934	2.9954	2.7007	2.4142	2.1361	1
97001	Br-81-0	850	3.5926	3.4699	3.2952	2.9972	2.7024	2.4138	2.1375	1
97002	C1-35-N03	4198	5.0023	4.8149	4.5508	4.0992	3.6481	3.1970	2.7459	1
98001	H2S04	2359	4.7402	4.6164	4.4325	4.1029	3.7492	3.3603	2.9340	1*
99001	C1-37-N03	4182	5.0133	4.8259	4.5617	4.1102	3.6590	3.2080	2.7572	1
102001	C100C1	17266	5.6303	5.4429	5.1793	4.7274	4.2757	3.8244	3.3735	1*
104001	C1-37-00C1	17482	5.6427	5.4552	5.1915	4.7398	4.2880	3.8367	3.3858	1*

3955.2551228.8818	-7.1941	3	1111.7589	33	4001	303	5	5	0	0	5	5	1	0
12104.7712177.1558	-6.0769	3	761.7517	9	4001	303	4	4	0	0	4	4	1	0
45809.2731118.3223	-3.9494	3	455.5934	21	4001	303	3	3	0	0	3	3	1	0
155987.1850 .0370	-3.0810	3	218.5552	5	-4001	303	2	2	0	0	2	2	1	0
372421.3400 .2000	-1.8468	3	60.0642	9	-4001	303	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
648336.8741194.0012	-2.3558	3	354.4029	7	4001	303	3	2	1	0	3	2	2	0
1111740.8402 20.5500	-1.3415	3	138.8900	15	4001	303	2	1	1	0	2	1	2	0
1370146.0000 .2000	-1.2773	3	.0000	3	-4001	303	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
2161102.9860 40.9063	-1.1604	3	254.1041	21	4001	303	3	1	2	0	3	1	3	0
2363138.4675 22.1220	-.3086	3	60.0642	15	4001	303	2	1	2	0	1	1	1	0
2576578.7884 23.2510	-.5879	3	45.7032	5	4001	303	2	0	2	0	1	0	1	0
3102457.9808 24.4941	-.1218	3	72.4868	15	4001	303	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
3454031.8902 31.0061	.0660	3	138.8900	21	4001	303	3	1	3	0	2	1	2	0
3590626.4892 34.2686	-.3480	3	131.6486	7	4001	303	3	0	3	0	2	0	2	0
4493777.1278 42.3293	.1663	3	254.1041	27	4001	303	4	1	4	0	3	1	3	0
4503394.0360 33.8792	.1782	3	175.9737	21	4001	303	3	1	2	0	2	1	1	0
4548986.3040107.1201	-.2932	3	251.4190	9	4001	303	4	0	4	0	3	0	3	0
5520814.8102366.3745	.1072	3	404.0003	33	4001	303	5	1	5	0	4	1	4	0
5538541.4701349.4946	-.3654	3	403.1568	11	4001	303	5	0	5	0	4	0	4	0







EX-115

## Center for Astrophysics

60 Garden Street  
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Harvard College Observatory  
Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory

July 24, 1984

Dr. Ralph Post  
Head of Computing Operations  
National Space Science Data Center  
NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center  
Greenbelt, MD 20771

Dear Dr. Post,

In the past, specifically on 17 September 1982, we have supplied the NSSDC with a tape of our laboratory measurements of the absorption cross section of oxygen.

We should like now to supply a tape containing our measurements of the absorption cross section of sulfur dioxide at 213K in the wavelength region 172-240 nm. Two items are attached to this letter: (a) a preprint of a paper which has been accepted for publication in Planetary and Space Science. In the abstract of that paper reference is made to the deposition of our results at the NSSDC; and (b) a description of the tape format. The tape itself will be mailed under separate cover.

We thank you for providing this valuable service.

Yours sincerely,



D.E. Freeman

Enc.

DEF:ecw

HIGH RESOLUTION ABSORPTION CROSS SECTION MEASUREMENTS AND BAND OSCILLATOR  
STRENGTHS OF THE (1,0)-(12,0) SCHUMANN-RUNGE BANDS OF O<sub>2</sub>

K. Yoshino, D.E. Freeman, J.R. Esmond, and W.H. Parkinson  
Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138

Abstract

Cross sections of O<sub>2</sub> at 300 K have been obtained from photoabsorption measurements at various pressures throughout the wavelength region 179.3-201.5 nm with a 6.65 m photoelectric scanning spectrometer equipped with a 2400 lines/mm grating and having an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0013 nm. The measured absorption cross sections of the Schumann-Runge bands (12,0) through (1,0) in this wavelength region are absolute, i.e., independent of the instrumental width, a result not achieved previously. The measured cross sections are presented graphically and are available at wavenumber intervals of ~ 0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup> as numerical compilations stored on magnetic tape from the National Space Science Data Center, NASA/ Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, USA. Band oscillator strengths of the (12,0) through (1,0) bands have been determined by direct numerical integration of the measured cross sections.

Short title for odd-numbered pages

SCHUMANN-RUNGE ABSORPTION CROSS SECTIONS

GX-11A

**Center for Astrophysics**

60 Garden Street  
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Harvard College Observatory  
Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory

September 17, 1982

Dr. Ralph Post  
Head of Computing Operations  
National Space Science Data Center  
NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center  
Greenbelt, MD 20771

Dear Dr. Post:

Following a phone conversation between you and Jim Esmond, we have sent to you, under separate cover, a tape containing our measured absorption cross sections of the Schumann-Runge bands of oxygen. Two separate pages are attached: One describes the tape format, and the other contains an abstract of our paper which has been submitted for publication in Planetary and Space Science.

If it is your practice to assign an identification number to such a tape of data, please send me that number so that it can be included in the published version of our abstract and paper.

Yours sincerely,



D.E. Freeman

DEF:ng

Enc.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 O2HCO is the visual label of a nine-track magnetic tape storing data of the cross section of the (1,0) through (12,0) Schumann-Runge bands of molecular oxygen. The tape is magnetically unlabelled and written in fixed recordsize, fixed blocksize format.

The following shows the organization and characteristics of the files stored on magnetic tape O2HCO. There are first 12 files of data, one for each of Schumann-Runge bands (1,0) through (12,0). The division between the files is at arbitrary wavenumbers, but all the files consecutively together create a scan continuous in wavenumber across all those bands. The first file is of the (1,0) band [O2B1X0.PUB], the second is of the (2,0) band [O2B2X0.PUB], etc. The thirteenth file is a comment file containing the title and the abstract of the paper describing this research, and mention of the journal to which this paper has been submitted for publication. This file has a different recordsize than that of the first twelve files.

Each data file consists of two initial label records-- a title line, and a column label line--, followed by sigma:wavenumber pair records spaced at uneven wavenumber intervals in ascending wavenumber order.

The research producing this data was done at the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

K. Yoshino, D.E. Freeman, J.R. Esmond, and W.H. Parkinson

\*\*\*\*\*

15-SEP-1982 23:35:40

Density is 1600 bpi.

Character code is ASCII.

Files are separated by tape-marks, with a double tape-mark at the end.

Record size is 28 bytes. Block size is 2800 bytes.

(Last block in a file is not padded; it may be as short as 28 bytes.)

Tape file	1:	3641 records copied from VMS file:	O2B1X0.PUB
Tape file	2:	7313 records copied from VMS file:	O2B2X0.PUB
Tape file	3:	6922 records copied from VMS file:	O2B3X0.PUB
Tape file	4:	6806 records copied from VMS file:	O2B4X0.PUB
Tape file	5:	3226 records copied from VMS file:	O2B5X0.PUB
Tape file	6:	2809 records copied from VMS file:	O2B6X0.PUB
Tape file	7:	2347 records copied from VMS file:	O2B7X0.PUB
Tape file	8:	3447 records copied from VMS file:	O2B8X0.PUB
Tape file	9:	3467 records copied from VMS file:	O2B9X0.PUB
Tape file	10:	3405 records copied from VMS file:	O2B10X0.PUB
Tape file	11:	2383 records copied from VMS file:	O2B11X0.PUB
Tape file	12:	2299 records copied from VMS file:	O2B12X0.PUB

Record size is 40 bytes. Block size is 2800 bytes.

(Last block in a file is not padded; it may be as short as 40 bytes.)

Tape file 13: 46 records copied from VMS file: O2MEMO.PUB

Exit requested after 13 files were copied.

The following is the description of a 9-track magnetic tape with visual label HCOS02 containing cross section data of sulfur dioxide at 213 K in the wavelength region 172-240 nm experimentally obtained at the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics. The tape is magnetically not labelled, and is written in the fixed record-fixed block format described below. The organization of the files on the tape are as follows:

- 1) File 1: this information file.
- 2) File 2: the title and abstract of the paper on this work as published in Planetary Space Science.
- 3) Files 3-20: files of the cross section data within 1000 wavenumber intervals beginning at  $\sim 41670$  through  $\sim 58140$  wavenumbers.
- 4) File 21: repetition of file 1.
- 5) File 22: repetition of file 2.
- 6) Files 23-40: repetition of files 3-20.

The cross section data files have two header lines at the beginning, which are followed by wavenumber/sigma pair records for each wavenumber position.

This tape is written with the following characteristics:

Density is 1600 bpi.

Character code is ASCII.

Files are separated by tape-marks, with a double tape-mark at the end.

Record size is 28 bytes.

Block size is 2800 bytes.

1-JUN-1984 14:17:07

Density is 1600 bpi.

Character code is ASCII.

Files are separated by tape-marks, with a double tape-mark at the end.

Record size is 28 bytes. Block size is 2800 bytes.  
(Last block in a file is not padded; it may be as short as 28 bytes.)

Tape file	1:	62	records copied	from VMS file:	HCCSC2213.INF
Tape file	2:	57	records copied	from VMS file:	HCCSC2213.ABS
Tape file	3:	4670	records copied	from VMS file:	SO241K213.FBB
Tape file	4:	14635	records copied	from VMS file:	SO242K213.FBB
Tape file	5:	13947	records copied	from VMS file:	SO243K213.FBB
Tape file	6:	13240	records copied	from VMS file:	SO244K213.FBB
Tape file	7:	12636	records copied	from VMS file:	SO245K213.FBB
Tape file	8:	12101	records copied	from VMS file:	SO246K213.FBB
Tape file	9:	11586	records copied	from VMS file:	SO247K213.FBB
Tape file	10:	11090	records copied	from VMS file:	SO248K213.FBB
Tape file	11:	10612	records copied	from VMS file:	SO249K213.FBB
Tape file	12:	10198	records copied	from VMS file:	SO250K213.FBB
Tape file	13:	9797	records copied	from VMS file:	SO251K213.FBB
Tape file	14:	9434	records copied	from VMS file:	SO252K213.FBB
Tape file	15:	6502	records copied	from VMS file:	SO253K213.FBB
Tape file	16:	2892	records copied	from VMS file:	SO254K213.FBB
Tape file	17:	2777	records copied	from VMS file:	SO255K213.FBB
Tape file	18:	2693	records copied	from VMS file:	SO256K213.FBB
Tape file	19:	2595	records copied	from VMS file:	SO257K213.FBB
Tape file	20:	1143	records copied	from VMS file:	SO258K213.FBB
Tape file	21:	62	records copied	from VMS file:	HCCSC2213.INF
Tape file	22:	57	records copied	from VMS file:	HCCSC2213.ABS
Tape file	23:	4670	records copied	from VMS file:	SO241K213.FBB
Tape file	24:	14635	records copied	from VMS file:	SO242K213.FBB
Tape file	25:	13947	records copied	from VMS file:	SO243K213.FBB
Tape file	26:	13240	records copied	from VMS file:	SO244K213.FBB
Tape file	27:	12636	records copied	from VMS file:	SO245K213.FBB
Tape file	28:	12101	records copied	from VMS file:	SO246K213.FBB
Tape file	29:	11586	records copied	from VMS file:	SO247K213.FBB
Tape file	30:	11090	records copied	from VMS file:	SO248K213.FBB
Tape file	31:	10612	records copied	from VMS file:	SO249K213.FBB
Tape file	32:	10198	records copied	from VMS file:	SO250K213.FBB
Tape file	33:	9797	records copied	from VMS file:	SO251K213.FBB
Tape file	34:	9434	records copied	from VMS file:	SO252K213.FBB
Tape file	35:	6502	records copied	from VMS file:	SO253K213.FBB
Tape file	36:	2892	records copied	from VMS file:	SO254K213.FBB
Tape file	37:	2777	records copied	from VMS file:	SO255K213.FBB
Tape file	38:	2693	records copied	from VMS file:	SO256K213.FBB
Tape file	39:	2595	records copied	from VMS file:	SO257K213.FBB
Tape file	40:	1143	records copied	from VMS file:	SO258K213.FBB

Exit requested after 40 files were copied.

High Resolution Absorption  
Cross Section Measurements  
of Sulfur Dioxide at 213 K  
in the Wavelength Region  
172-240 nm

D.E.Freeman, K.Yoshino,  
J.Esmond, and W.H.Parkinson

Harvard-Smithsonian  
Center for Astrophysics

Cambridge, MA 02138, U.S.A.

Published in  
Planetary Space Science

ABSTRACT-Laboratory  
measurements at high  
resolution of the absorption  
cross section of sulfur  
dioxide at the temperature  
213 K have been performed in  
the wavelength region  
172-240 nm with a 6.65 m  
scanning  
spectrometer/spectrograph  
operated at an instrumental  
width of 0.002 nm. The  
measured cross sections are  
presented graphically in  
representative wavelength  
regions and are available  
throughout the region  
172-240 nm at wavenumber  
intervals of 0.4-0.1  
wavenumbers as a numerical  
tabulation stored on  
magnetic tape from the  
National Space Science Data  
Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771,  
U.S.A. The measured cross  
sections, which are  
relevant to the  
photochemistry of planetary  
atmospheres, possess  
significantly more  
spectroscopic structure, and  
are more accurate, than  
previous measurements made  
at lower resolution.

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The following is the description of a 9-track magnetic tape with visual label HCOS02 containing cross section data of sulfur dioxide at 213 K in the wavelength region 172-240 nm experimentally obtained at the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics. The tape is magnetically not labelled, and is written in the fixed record-fixed block format described below. The organization of the files on the tape are as follows:

- 1) File 1: this information file.
- 2) File 2: the title and abstract of the paper on this work as published in Planetary Space Science.
- 3) Files 3-20: files of the cross section data within 1000 wavenumber intervals beginning at 41670 through 58140 wavenumbers.
- 4) File 21: repetition of file 1.
- 5) File 22: repetition of file 2.
- 6) Files 23-40: repetition of files 3-20.

The cross section data files have two header lines at the beginning, which are followed by wavenumber/sigma pair records for each wavenumber position.

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section there. Thus, the changes in column density and consequent adjustments to the provisional cross section of the previous scan are made by interpolation. This procedure is repeated until the entire 172-240 nm region has been covered by overlapping scans. Each 1 nm scan is performed with 3 to 5 different column densities of SO<sub>2</sub>.

The photoelectric scanning is continuous, not stepwise, and counts are recorded on magnetic tape at intervals of 0.375 sec. In regions of highly structured absorption,  $\lambda > 186$  nm, datum points are taken at intervals of 6.7  $\mu$ m or 0.0004 nm in wavelength ( $\approx 0.1$  cm<sup>-1</sup>) in the focal surface of the spectrometer; in regions of less highly structured absorption,  $\lambda < 186$  nm, the corresponding intervals are 20  $\mu$ m or 0.0012 nm. The background continuum is obtained by scanning the empty cell before and after each photoabsorption measurement. The small decrease in background continuum found to occur during a scan is taken into account by interpolation, and is attributed to the decrease with time of the transmittance of the silica windows of the cell. The effect of decreases in the window transmittance and column density during a scan requires a net adjustment of the provisional cross section by an amount which is typically only a few percent.

Before performing the photoelectric cross section measurements described above, we have used the 6.65 m spectrometer/spectrograph to photograph the absorption spectrum of SO<sub>2</sub> at 213 K and 300 K throughout the region 172-240 nm at a resolution of 0.0007 nm, together with standard hollow cathode and CO emission lines needed for wavelength calibration.

### 3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In the wavelength region 172-240 nm the intense SO<sub>2</sub> absorption system  $\tilde{C}^1B_2 - \tilde{X}^1A_1$  (Brand and Srikameswaran, 1972; Brand *et al.*, 1976) dominates the other near-ultraviolet transitions of SO<sub>2</sub>. In Figure 1 we present the results of our absorption cross section measurements of SO<sub>2</sub> at 213 K throughout the wavelength region 172-240 nm (58140-41670 cm<sup>-1</sup>). The compressed wavenumber scale does scant justice to the small instrumental width (FWHM = 0.7-0.4 cm<sup>-1</sup>), but does permit the overall pattern of the absorption to be seen; the bands are strongly degraded towards low energies and large changes in the cross section occur over small wavenumber intervals, especially in the region 42500-51000 cm<sup>-1</sup> (235-196 nm). Brand *et al.* (1976) have established that the origin of the system is at 42573.5 cm<sup>-1</sup>, and they have made vibrational assignments and rotational analyses of bands near the origin; at higher energies the vibrational intervals in the  $\tilde{C}$  state become quite irregular, principally as a result of a double minimum in the upper state potential of the antisymmetric stretching mode.

The two-photon excitation spectrum of SO<sub>2</sub> in the region of the  $\tilde{C}-\tilde{X}$  transition has been studied by Vasudev and McClain (1981) who conclude that the photopredissociation threshold lies in the interval  $219.56 \pm 0.71$  nm and that vibronic coupling of the  $\tilde{C}$  state with A<sub>1</sub> states is very weak. However, the coupling of the  $\tilde{C}$  state with the  $\tilde{X}^1A_1$  state is sufficient to permit Sharfin *et al.* (1982) and Ivanco *et al.* (1983) to observe quantum interference phenomena in the radiative decay of low lying levels of the  $\tilde{C}$  state; these quantum beats disappear abruptly for bands of wavelength less than 218.06 nm, and lifetimes, which are characteristically 27-36 ns for the low lying

vibronic levels, become progressively shorter beginning with the 218.06 nm band which marks the onset of the photopredissociation corresponding to a ground state dissociation limit of  $217.9 \pm 0.4$  nm.

In absorption, the broadening associated with the photopredissociation is observed at somewhat shorter wavelengths because it must be detected in the presence of the combined Doppler and instrumental widths. Below  $\sim 196$  nm (i.e., above  $\sim 51000$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) the absorption bands are quite diffuse (Figure 1), but near 210 nm the absorption spectrum is still rich in structure (Figures 1 and 2), so that previous cross section measurements made at low resolution (Table 1) in such highly structured regions are seriously in error. Thus, in Figure 2 our photographic spectrum obtained at a resolution of 0.0007 nm reveals a wealth of fine structure, almost all of which is absent from the recent cross section measurements obtained at a resolution of 0.06 nm by Wu and Judge (1981); and Table 1 shows, as an example, that the cross sections previously measured for the absorption peak near 210.2 nm are lower by about a factor of 3, than the present high resolution photoelectric measurements. Although we have yet to investigate the temperature dependence of the cross section at high resolution, it is known generally that, at a given temperature, the effects of loss of structure and diminution in the peaks of the cross section occur if the instrumental width is comparable with or larger than the width of the spectral feature of which the cross section is being measured (Hudson, 1971).

In Figure 3, we show a spectrogram and, in Figure 4, cross section determinations for  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $43510$ - $43545$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$  ( $229.83$ - $229.65$  nm) of the band head of the (100)-(000) band, where no predissociation broadening of the line structure occurs. Comparison of the spectrogram, Figure 3, with the cross section plot, Figure 4a, reveals that

essentially all of the structure present in the former is also present in the latter. The photoabsorption data for Figure 4a have been collected at wavelength intervals of 0.0001 nm and subjected to a smoothing procedure in which weighted averages are taken over adjacent wavenumber channels. Since the collection of data at intervals of 0.0001 nm requires impracticably long scanning times to cover an extended wavelength region, we show in Figure 4b the effects produced in the cross section by collecting data at intervals of 0.0004 nm (see Section 2) and subjecting them to a similar smoothing procedure. The four-fold increase in experimental speed results principally in reduction of the peaks and troughs in the cross section by  $\sim 10\%$ , together with some loss of spectroscopic detail.

At energies above  $\sim 51000$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$  the broadening effects of predissociation ensure that our cross section measurements are absolute in the sense of their being independent of the instrumental function. At energies below  $\sim 51000$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$  the measured cross sections are probably close to absolute because the spectral features being measured are often not individual rotational lines, of Doppler width (FWHM)  $\sim 0.06$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , but clusters of overlapping lines; the view that these cross sections are close to absolute is supported by our observation that the optical depths on which the cross sections in Figure 4a are based vary linearly with the  $\text{SO}_2$  pressure for optical depths up to 1.7.

The uncertainty in the measured cross sections resulting from uncertainties in the path length, pressure and temperature is less than 2%. Statistical errors in the measured optical depths contribute an additional 2% to the uncertainty in the measured cross sections. Systematic errors that are difficult to estimate in regions of sharp spectral structure may arise from a possible lack of spectroscopic resolution and from the use of scanning speeds chosen, as discussed above in relation to Figure 4, to permit practicable

scanning times. The wavelength accuracy for the cross section measurements is estimated to vary from 0.01 nm ( $\sim 3 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) in the most diffuse spectral regions to 0.0007 nm ( $\sim 0.1 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) for the sharpest bands.

The absorption cross sections we have measured for  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K with an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.002 nm ( $0.7\text{--}0.4 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) throughout the region 172-240 nm ( $58140\text{--}41667 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) shown in Figure 1 are available, at wavenumber intervals of  $0.4\text{--}0.1 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , as a numerical tabulation stored on magnetic tape from the National Space Science Data Center, NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, U.S.A. From these results we present in Figures 5-8 plots of the measured cross section in four representative energy regions, each spanning  $1000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Figure 5 shows the cross section in the region  $43000\text{--}44000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $232.5\text{--}227.3 \text{ nm}$ ) where predissociation does not occur; this region includes the smaller region shown on an expanded scale in Figures 3 and 4. Figure 6 shows the cross section in the region  $47000\text{--}48000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $212.7\text{--}208.4 \text{ nm}$ ) where considerable rovibronic structure persists in spite of the onset of predissociation at 217.9 nm; this region includes the smaller region shown in Figure 2. Figure 7 shows the cross section in the region  $52000\text{--}53000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $192.3\text{--}188.7 \text{ nm}$ ) where the increasing loss of detailed structure with increasing energy reflects the rate of predissociation. Figure 8 shows the cross section in the region  $54000\text{--}55000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $185.1\text{--}181.9 \text{ nm}$ ) where the diffuseness resulting from predissociation is very pronounced; within this region, Warneck *et al.* (1964) have found, using the mercury line at 185 nm ( $54069 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) as a source, that the apparent cross section of  $\text{SO}_2$  at room temperature varies from  $4 \times 10^{-18}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-18} \text{ cm}^2$  as the  $\text{SO}_2$  pressure is increased from 1 to 16 torr, whereas the cross section we have measured at 213 K at pressures in the range 0.1-0.5 torr is  $3.64 \times 10^{-18} \text{ cm}^2$ , compared with the

value  $\sim 2.8 \times 10^{-18} \text{ cm}^2$  measured at room temperature with relatively low resolution by Golomb *et al.* (1962). Most of the apparent cross sections measured at 185 nm by Warneck *et al.* (1964), viz., those obtained with pressures 4-16 torr and optical depths 5-7, are probably subject to considerable errors resulting from saturation effects present at these large optical depths.

#### 4. CONCLUDING REMARK

In our present high resolution absorption cross section measurements of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K, hot bands originating from vibrationally excited ground state levels are largely suppressed. Future measurements are planned at 300 K to study the temperature dependence of the cross section in selected wavelength intervals of the spectrum of the  $\tilde{C} - \tilde{X}$  transition of  $\text{SO}_2$ .

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We thank N. Galluccio for technical assistance. The work reported was supported by the Atmospheric Sciences Division of the NSF under Grant ATM-8023200 to Harvard College.

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Center for Astrophysics  
Preprint Series No. 1971

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ABSTRACT

Laboratory measurements at high resolution of the absorption cross section of SO<sub>2</sub> at the temperature 213 K have been performed in the wavelength region 172-240 nm with a 6.65 m scanning spectrometer/spectrograph operated at an instrumental width of 0.002 nm. The measured cross sections are presented graphically in representative wavelength regions and are available throughout the region 172-240 nm at wavenumber intervals of 0.4-0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup> as a numerical tabulation stored on magnetic tape from the National Space Science Data Center, NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, U.S.A. The measured cross sections, which are relevant to the photochemistry of planetary atmospheres, possess significantly more spectroscopic structure, and are more accurate, than previous measurements made at lower resolution.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Not only does  $\text{SO}_2$  occur in the Earth's stratosphere as a trace species (Jaeschke *et al.*, 1976; Sagawa and Itoh, 1977; Krueger, 1983) but it is also an important constituent of the atmosphere of Venus where  $\text{SO}_2$  has been identified from Earth-based observations in the wavelength region 300-330 nm (Barker, 1979), from Pioneer orbiter observations in the region 206-280 nm (Stewart *et al.*, 1979), and from International Ultraviolet Explorer observations in the region 208-218 nm (Conway *et al.*, 1979). In addition, calculations on the heating of Io's atmosphere (Kumar, 1980, 1982) are based on the assumption that the dominant mechanism is the absorption by  $\text{SO}_2$  of solar radiation with wavelengths below 221 nm. The need for improved laboratory measurements of the absorption cross section of  $\text{SO}_2$  in the region 200-340 nm has recently been emphasized in some detail (Belton, 1982) in connection with the elucidation of the atmospheric compositions of Venus and Io.

In this paper we present an account of high resolution absorption cross section measurements on  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the wavelength region 172-240 nm. These laboratory measurements have been performed with a 6.65 m photoelectric scanning spectrometer/spectrograph equipped with a 2400 lines  $\text{mm}^{-1}$  grating and operated at an instrumental width, full width at half maximum (FWHM), of 0.002 nm.

## 2. EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

The 6.65 m scanning spectrometer/spectrograph, used here with entrance and exit slit widths of 15 and 10  $\mu\text{m}$ , respectively, has been described previously (Yoshino *et al.*, 1980), as have the general methods for the reduction of such data (Yoshino *et al.*, 1983; Freeman *et al.*, 1983). The  $\text{SO}_2$

in the 27 cm optical path of a Pyrex cell fitted with Suprasil-1 (silica) windows is cooled to 213 K by immersing the cell in stirred methanol cooled by a cold finger connected to an external refrigeration unit. The cell is located between the  $\text{H}_2$  continuum source and the entrance slit of the 6.65 m instrument. The  $\text{SO}_2$ , of initial purity 99.98%, is purified further by fractional distillation. The  $\text{SO}_2$  pressure, which varies over the range 0.03-40 torr, is monitored by an MKS Baratron gauge.

Photoabsorption measurements throughout the 172-240 nm region have been made, by the following technique, in a series of overlapping scans, with each scan covering a range of  $\sim 1$  nm. A typical scan, say for the region 230-229 nm, begins at 230 nm where the measured values of the optical depth  $\ln(I_0/I)$  and the column density  $N$  of the pure  $\text{SO}_2$  are used to calculate the cross section  $\sigma = (1/N)\ln(I_0/I)$ . This value of  $N$  is adopted provisionally for the column density of  $\text{SO}_2$  throughout the 1 nm scan, and provisional values of the cross section are thereby obtained from the measured values of  $\ln(I_0/I)$  in this 1 nm region. We recognize that some photolysis of  $\text{SO}_2$  occurs during the time (15-20 min) taken for the 1 nm scan, although no detectable change in pressure is observed. Since the direction of each scan is from long to short wavelength, the column density of  $\text{SO}_2$  at the short wavelength end of a scan will really be somewhat less than it was at the start of the scan. Hence, the cross section at the short wavelength end of a scan, obtained provisionally by temporary neglect of the photolysis, will be smaller than the true cross section. The start of the next 1 nm scan, at which point the column density is accurately known because a fresh sample of pure  $\text{SO}_2$  is used, overlaps the end of the previous scan, so that the true cross section in the overlap region is obtained from the current scan, and the result is applied to the end of the previous scan to obtain the corrected column density and corrected cross

FIGURE CAPTIONS

- Figure 1. The absorption cross section, plotted logarithmically, of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $41670\text{--}58140\text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $240\text{--}172\text{ nm}$ ), obtained with an instrumental width (FWHM) of  $0.4\text{--}0.7\text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $0.002\text{ nm}$ ).
- Figure 2. The spectrogram of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 300 K has been photographed at a pressure of 0.098 torr in a path length of 17.5 cm by a 6.65 m spectrometer/spectrograph with an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0007 nm. The cross section plot is that of Wu and Judge (1981) obtained with an instrumental width of 0.06 nm; the solid dots in the cross section plot are data of Thompson *et al.* (1963). See Table 1. Both wavelength scales in Figure 2 are in air nanometers.
- Figure 3. Spectrogram of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $43510\text{--}43545\text{ cm}^{-1}$  photographed by a 6.65 m spectrometer/spectrograph with an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0007 nm. See Section 3 of the text and Figure 4. The wavelength scale in Figure 3 is in vacuum nanometers.
- Figure 4. Cross sections of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $43510\text{--}43545\text{ cm}^{-1}$  obtained with a 6.65 m scanning spectrometer/spectrograph with an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.002 nm. The photoabsorption data for Figures 4a and 4b have been collected at intervals of 0.0001 and 0.0004 nm, respectively. See Section 3 of the text and Figure 3.

- Figure 5. High resolution absorption cross section of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $43000\text{--}44000\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (see Section 3). The upper state vibrational assignments ( $\nu_1\nu_2\nu_3$ ) are those of Brand *et al.* (1976) for the transitions  $(\nu_1\nu_2\nu_3)\text{--}(000)$ .
- Figure 6. High resolution absorption cross section of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $47000\text{--}48000\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (see Section 3).
- Figure 7. High resolution absorption cross section of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $52000\text{--}53000\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (see Section 3).
- Figure 8. High resolution absorption cross section of  $\text{SO}_2$  at 213 K in the region  $54000\text{--}55000\text{ cm}^{-1}$  (see Section 3).

Table 1. Absorption Cross Section Measurements of SO<sub>2</sub> at Wavelengths  
Overlapping the Range 172-240 nm of the  $\bar{C}-\bar{X}$  Transition

Range nm	Resolution nm	Source	Pressure torr	Cell length cm	Temperature K	$\sigma(210.2 \text{ nm})^a$	Reference
172-240	0.002	H <sub>2</sub> discharge	0.03-40	27	213	24.0	Present work
208-228	0.06	synchrotron	0.01-40	11, 51	294	~7.5	Wu and Judge (1981)
200-240	0.033	? <sup>b</sup>	5	? <sup>b</sup>	~300	? <sup>b</sup>	Conway <i>et al.</i> (1979)
185-315	0.1	H <sub>2</sub> discharge; Hg lines	2-10	12.4	~300	~9	Warneck <i>et al.</i> (1964)
185-325 <sup>c</sup>	? <sup>b</sup>	? <sup>b</sup>	0.26-5	10	~300	~7.5	Thompson <i>et al.</i> (1963)
105-217	0.1	H <sub>2</sub> discharge	0.03-1	4.7	~300	~9	Golomb <i>et al.</i> (1962)

a. Cross section, in units of 10<sup>-18</sup> cm<sup>2</sup>, at the absorption peak near 210.2 nm (see Fig. 2).

b. Not published.

c. Wavelengths of absorption features too small by ~0.5 nm (Hudson, 1974).

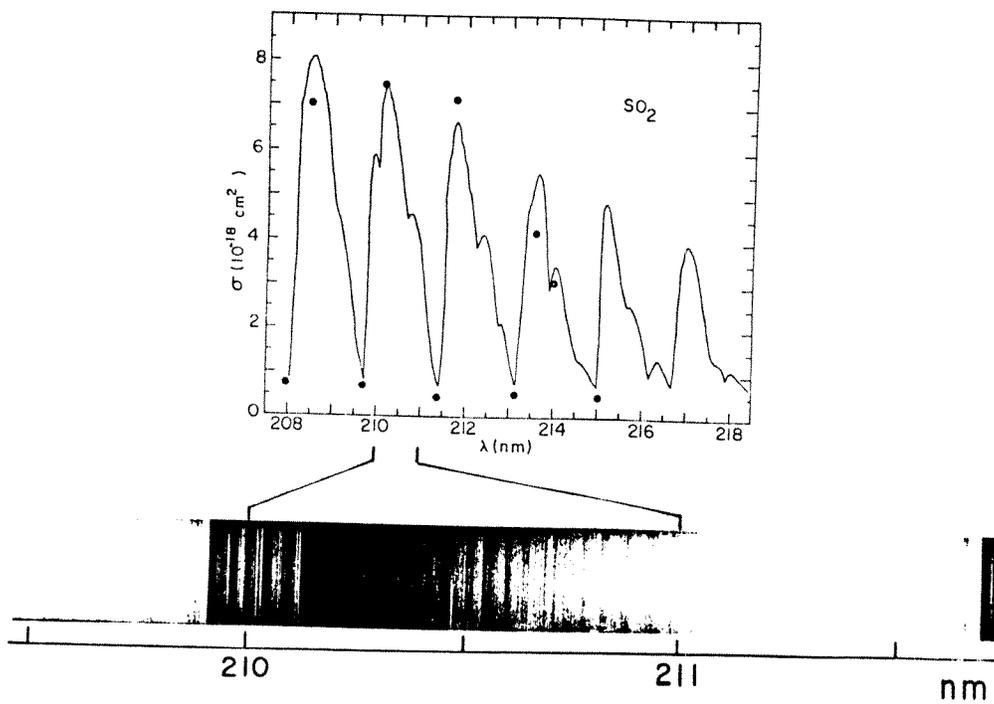
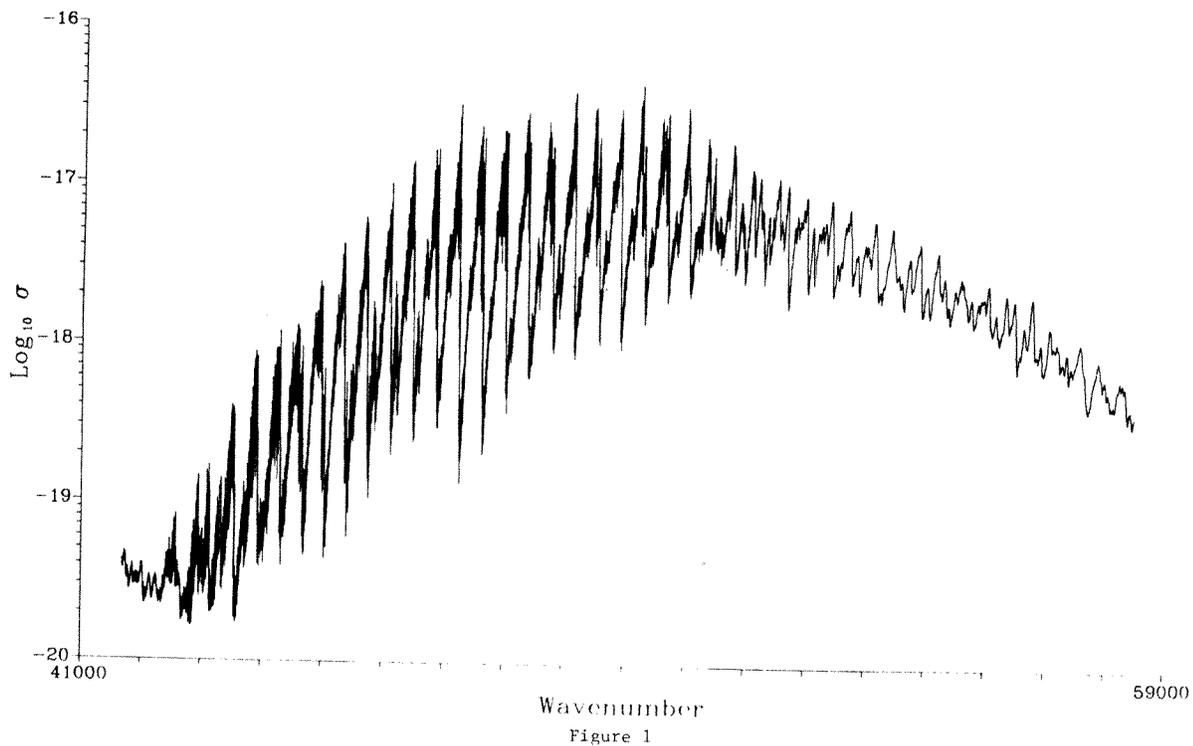


Figure 2

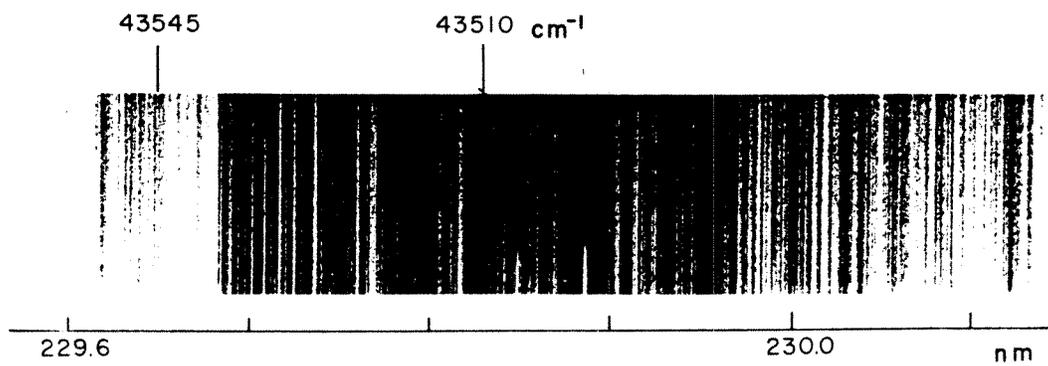


Figure 3

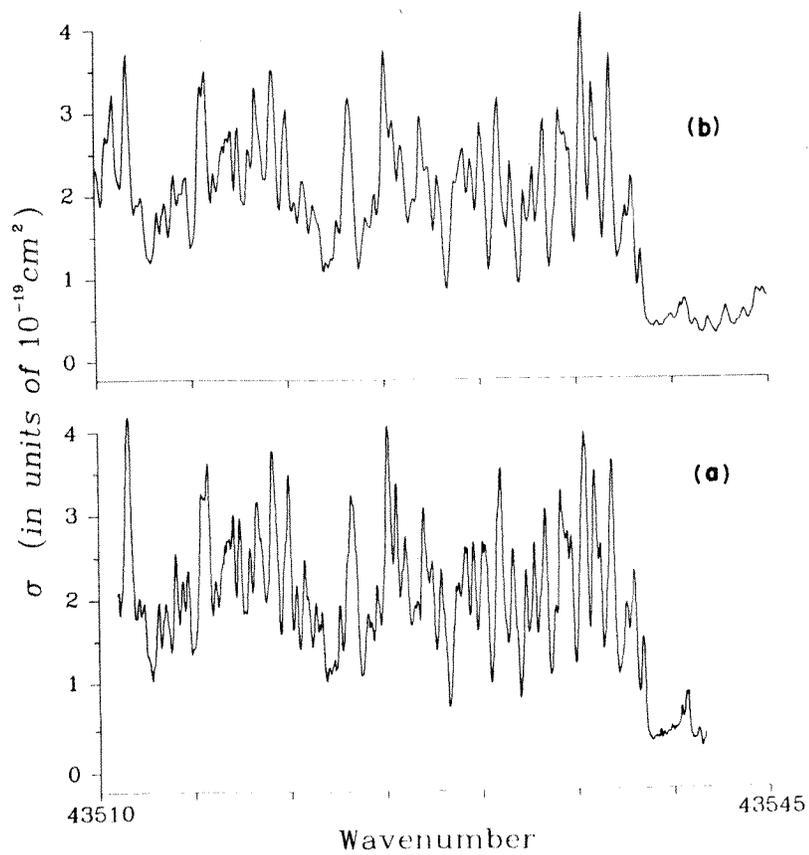


Figure 4

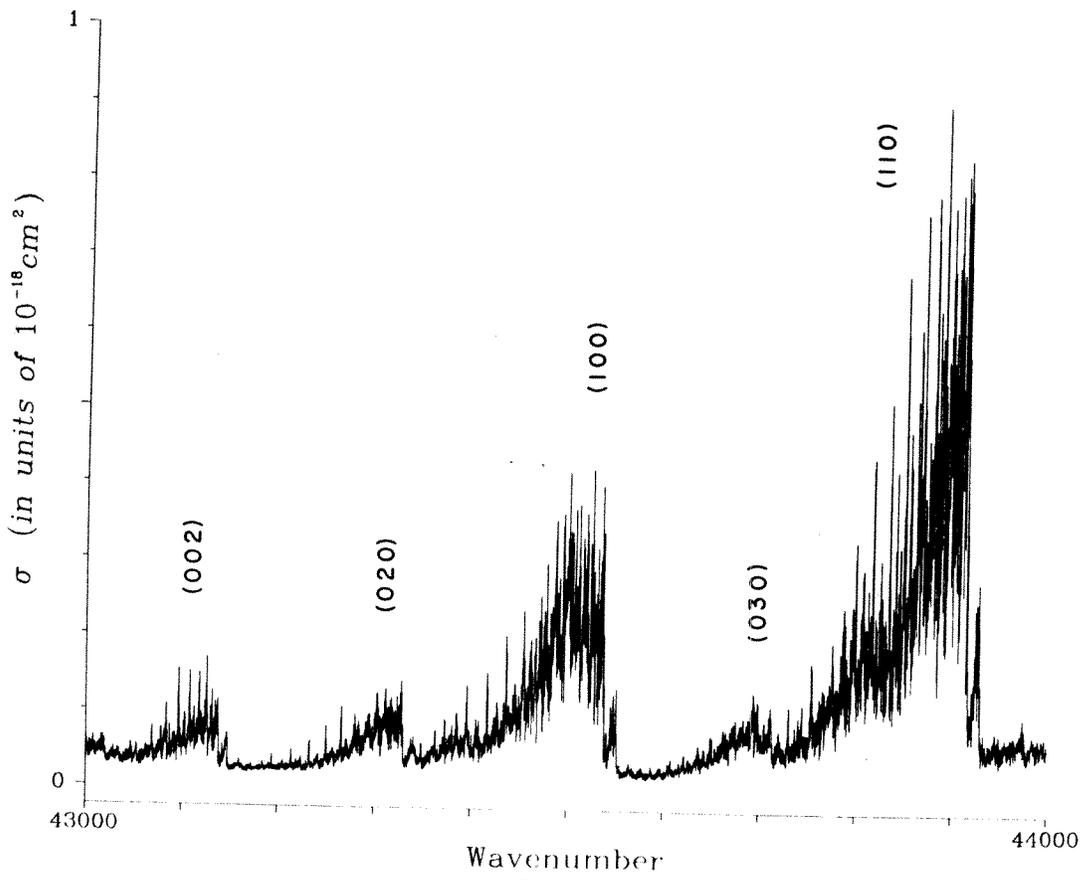


Figure 5

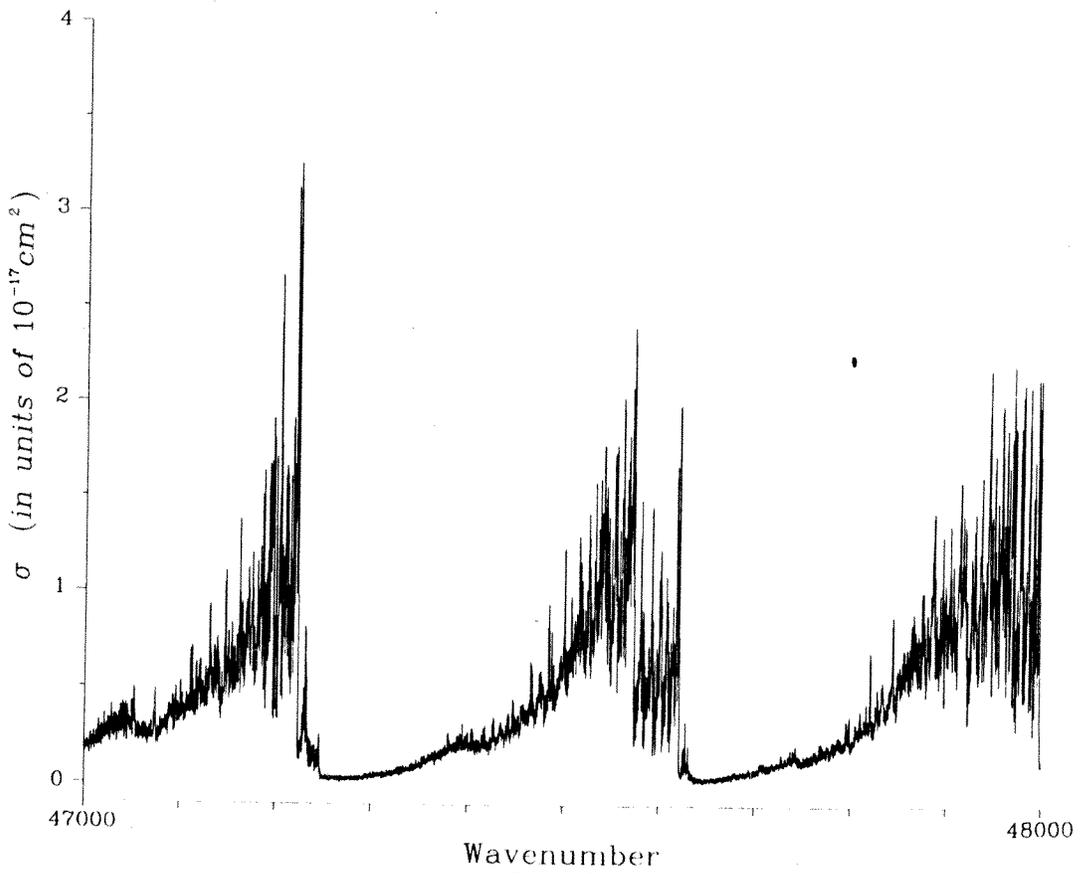
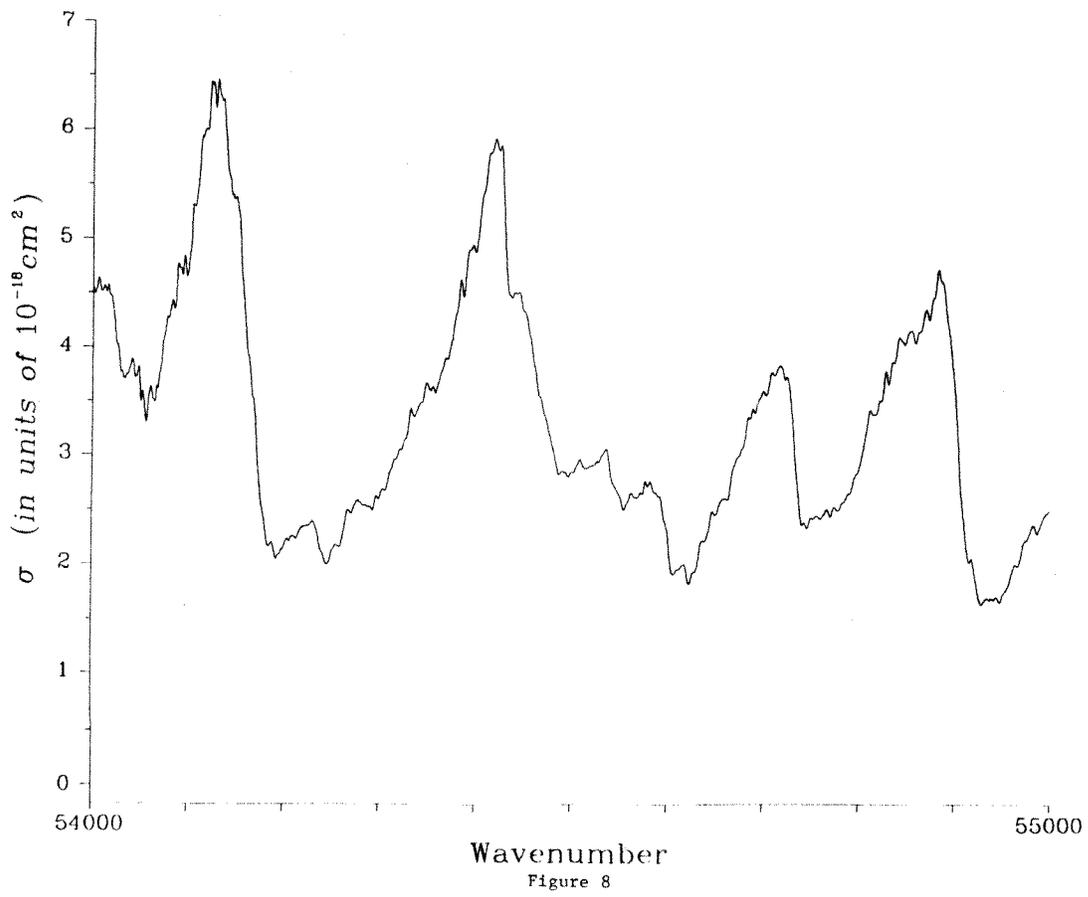
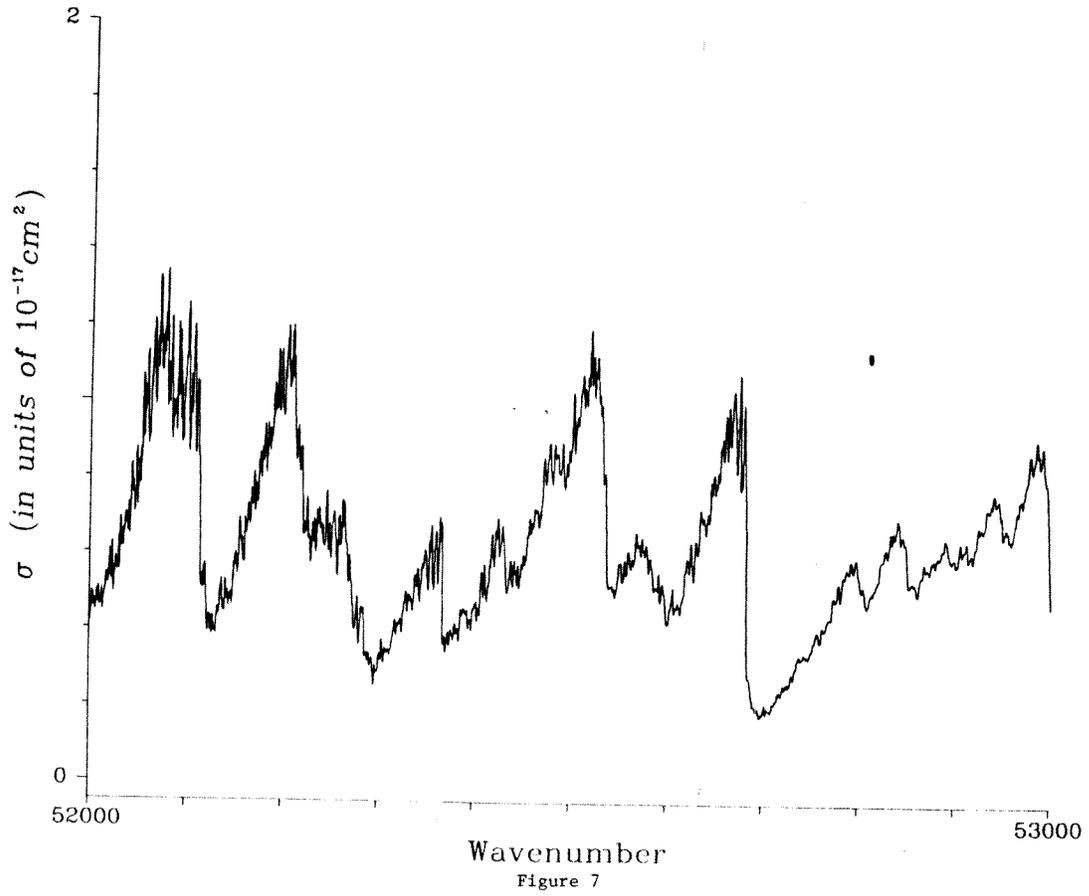


Figure 6



Joe King

GX-11C

# Center for Astrophysics

60 Garden Street  
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Harvard College Observatory  
Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory

August 6, 1987

Dr. James Green  
National Space Science Data Center  
NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center  
Greenbelt, MD 20771

Dear Dr. Green,

In the past we have supplied the NSSDC with tapes of our laboratory measurements of the absorption cross sections of oxygen at 295K and sulfur dioxide at 213K.

Enclosed under a separate cover is a 9-track magnetic tape on which are written files containing our high resolution laboratory measurements of absorption cross sections of oxygen at 79 K. The first file on the tape is a copy of the abstract from the paper in which the data is published and discussed (Planetary and Space Science). Next follows the 11 files of the cross sections of  $^{16}\text{O}_2$  versus wavenumber of the (2,0)-(12,0) bands of oxygen, and then a duplicate copy in the same sequence.

The naming of the files follows the convention that 06LB is the general stem of the filename, and the digits following identify the upper level of the band included: i.e., for file 06LB11.SNG, this contains the cross sections of the B(11)-X(0) band.

The tape is an unlabelled ASCII tape written at 1600 bpi in fixed-blocksize, fixed-recordsize format where the recordsize is 24 bytes (characters), and the blocksize is 2400 bytes.

Two separate papers are enclosed here: one describes the tape format, and the other contains the abstract of our paper which has been submitted for publication in Planetary and Space Science.

Thank you again for the valuable service you provide.

Sincerely,

  
Kouichi Yoshino  
Jim Esmond

617-495-7240

# HIGH RESOLUTION ABSORPTION CROSS-SECTIONS AND BAND OSCILLATOR STRENGTHS OF THE SCHUMANN-RUNGE BANDS OF OXYGEN AT 79 K

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Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, U.S.A.

(Received 11 March 1987)

**Abstract**—Cross-sections of O<sub>2</sub> at 79 K have been obtained from photoabsorption measurements at various pressures throughout the wavelength region 179.3–198.0 nm with a 6.65 m photoelectric scanning spectrometer equipped with a 2400 lines mm<sup>-1</sup> grating and having an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0013 nm. The measured absorption cross-sections of the Schumann–Runge bands (12,0) through (2,0) are independent of the instrumental width. The measured cross-sections are presented graphically here and are available at wavenumber intervals of ~0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup> as numerical compilations stored on magnetic tape from the National Space Science Data Center, NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, U.S.A. Band oscillator strengths of these bands have been determined by direct numerical integration of the measured cross-sections.

NSDF FREE TEXT ENTRY SHEET (Working Copy)

NSDF ID: GX-11C

Originator: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Short Name: SCHUMANN-RUNGE BAND

Agent Assigned: SJK Date: 9/13/87

OF O2 AT 79K

File Coord.: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Brief Description

New

Full Name

Addition (explain below)

Data Set Documentation

Replacement (explain below)

This data set contains high resolution absorption cross-sections of the Schumann-Runge bands of oxygen at 79 K. The cross-sections were obtained in the wavelength region 179.3 - 198.0 nm with an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0013 nm. The measured cross-sections of the Schumann-Runge bands (12,0) through (2,0) are independent of the instrument width. The cross-sections are available at wavenumber intervals of about 0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup> on a 9 track, 1600 bpi, ASCII tape. The first file on the tape is a copy of the abstract from the paper in which the data are published and discussed (submitted to Planetary and Space Science, March 1987). Next follows the 11 files of the cross-sections of oxygen versus wavenumber of the (2,0)-(12,0) bands, and then a duplicate copy in the same sequence. The naming of the files follows the convention that 06LB is the general stem of the filename, and the digits following identify the upper level of the band included: i.e., for file 06LB11.SNG, this contains the cross-sections of the B(11)-X(0) band. The absorption cross-sections of oxygen at 295 K for the same band are available at NSSDC under a data set ID GX-11A.

TAPE Visual ID: 016K79

19-JUN-1987 14:31:17

Density is 1600 bpi.

Character code is ASCII.

Files are separated by tape-marks, with a double tape-mark at the end.

Record size is 24 bytes. Block size is 2400 bytes.

(Last block in a file is not padded; it may be as short as 24 bytes.)

Tape file	1:	50	records copied from VMS file:	016K79.ABS
Tape file	2:	3803	records copied from VMS file:	06LB2.SNG
Tape file	3:	4434	records copied from VMS file:	06LB3.SNG
Tape file	4:	4432	records copied from VMS file:	06LB4.SNG
Tape file	5:	4437	records copied from VMS file:	06LB5.SNG
Tape file	6:	4435	records copied from VMS file:	06LB6.SNG
Tape file	7:	5264	records copied from VMS file:	06LB7.SNG
Tape file	8:	5175	records copied from VMS file:	06LB8.SNG
Tape file	9:	4437	records copied from VMS file:	06LB9.SNG
Tape file	10:	4991	records copied from VMS file:	06LB10.SNG
Tape file	11:	4924	records copied from VMS file:	06LB11.SNG
Tape file	12:	4428	records copied from VMS file:	06LB12.SNG
Tape file	13:	3803	records copied from VMS file:	06LB2.SNG
Tape file	14:	4434	records copied from VMS file:	06LB3.SNG
Tape file	15:	4432	records copied from VMS file:	06LB4.SNG
Tape file	16:	4437	records copied from VMS file:	06LB5.SNG
Tape file	17:	4435	records copied from VMS file:	06LB6.SNG
Tape file	18:	5264	records copied from VMS file:	06LB7.SNG
Tape file	19:	5175	records copied from VMS file:	06LB8.SNG
Tape file	20:	4437	records copied from VMS file:	06LB9.SNG
Tape file	21:	4991	records copied from VMS file:	06LB10.SNG
Tape file	22:	4924	records copied from VMS file:	06LB11.SNG
Tape file	23:	4428	records copied from VMS file:	06LB12.SNG

Exit requested after 23 files were copied.

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51370.455	0.2771E-22
51370.531	0.2954E-22
51370.683	0.3218E-22
51370.759	0.3525E-22
51370.835	0.3816E-22
51370.911	0.4002E-22
51370.987	0.4001E-22
51371.063	0.3806E-22
51371.139	0.3506E-22
51371.215	0.3246E-22
51371.291	0.3121E-22
51371.519	0.3110E-22
51371.671	0.3125E-22
51371.747	0.3133E-22
51371.975	0.3186E-22
51372.051	0.3319E-22
51372.127	0.3463E-22
51372.203	0.3519E-22
51372.279	0.3487E-22
51372.355	0.3470E-22
51372.431	0.3536E-22
51372.507	0.3627E-22
51372.583	0.3635E-22
51372.659	0.3527E-22
51372.735	0.3386E-22
51372.811	0.3341E-22
51372.963	0.3492E-22
51373.115	0.3863E-22
51373.191	0.4386E-22
51373.267	0.4892E-22
51373.419	0.5188E-22
51373.495	0.5178E-22
51373.647	0.4949E-22
51373.799	0.4704E-22
51373.875	0.4622E-22
51373.951	0.4759E-22
51374.027	0.5062E-22
51374.103	0.5449E-22
51374.179	0.5866E-22
51374.255	0.6288E-22
51374.331	0.6672E-22
51374.407	0.6918E-22
51374.483	0.6904E-22
51374.559	0.6578E-22
51374.635	0.6028E-22
51374.711	0.5496E-22
51374.787	0.5293E-22
51374.863	0.5636E-22
51374.939	0.6487E-22
51375.015	0.7577E-22
51375.091	0.8654E-22
51375.167	0.9677E-22
51375.243	0.1076E-21
51375.319	0.1194E-21
51375.395	0.1312E-21
51375.471	0.1412E-21
51375.547	0.1490E-21

Fourth file on tape OZHC  
which contains cross-section  
data versus wavenumber  
for the (4,0) Schumann-Rung  
band of molecular oxygen.

51375.851	0.1853E-21
51375.927	0.1964E-21
51376.003	0.2055E-21
51376.079	0.2122E-21
51376.155	0.2171E-21
51376.231	0.2207E-21
51376.307	0.2238E-21
51376.383	0.2265E-21
51376.459	0.2282E-21
51376.535	0.2286E-21
51376.611	0.2277E-21
51376.687	0.2261E-21
51376.763	0.2245E-21
51376.839	0.2218E-21
51376.915	0.2163E-21
51376.991	0.2076E-21

SNOP \*\*\*\*\* GOUT-1 \*\*\*\*\*  
SEXEC TPLIST RS

GX-11A  
D-51695  
C-22901

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49623.792	0.1482E-22	49623.862	0.1517E-22	49624.002	0.1369E-22	49624.071	
0.1119E-22	49624.211	0.9060E-23	49624.281	0.7952E-23	49624.351	0.7688E-23	
49624.421	0.8053E-23	49624.561	0.8782E-23	49624.701	0.9315E-23	49624.771	0
.9171E-23	49625.190	0.8591E-23	49625.260	0.8284E-23	49625.330	0.8560E-23	4
9625.540	0.8963E-23	49625.610	0.8641E-23	49625.820	0.7281E-23	49625.890	0.5
818E-23	49625.960	0.5942E-23	49626.030	0.8619E-23	49626.100	0.1294E-22	496
26.310	0.1659E-22	49626.519	0.1780E-22	49626.589	0.1671E-22	49626.799	0.147
6E-22	49627.009	0.1318E-22	49627.079	0.1206E-22	49627.149	0.1093E-22	49627
.219	0.1303E-22	49627.289	0.1082E-22	49627.569	0.1185E-22	49627.849	0.1265E
-22	49627.989	0.1424E-22	49628.059	0.1541E-22	49628.269	0.1595E-22	49628.5
49	0.1600E-22	49628.689	0.1594E-22	49629.039	0.1565E-22	49629.109	0.1464E-2
2	49629.249	0.1296E-22	49629.319	0.1117E-22	49629.389	0.9664E-23	49629.949
0.8539E-23	49630.229	0.8134E-23	49630.299	0.8829E-23	49630.369	0.1026E-22	
49630.439	0.1103E-22	49630.579	0.9947E-23	49630.789	0.7470E-23	49630.929	
0.5266E-23	49631.139	0.4392E-23	49631.279	0.4624E-23	49631.349	0.5166E-23	
49631.489	0.5555E-23	49631.559	0.6009E-23	49631.629	0.7125E-23	49631.769	
0.9110E-23	49631.909	0.1119E-22	49631.979	0.1193E-22	49632.049	0.1057E-22	
49632.119	0.8287E-23	49632.189	0.7271E-23	49632.259	0.8540E-23	49632.399	0.
1092E-22	49632.600	0.1245E-22	49632.750	0.1231E-22	49632.890	0.1103E-22	49
633.030	0.9451E-23	49633.170	0.8178E-23	49633.310	0.7575E-23	49633.520	0.75
19E-23	49633.590	0.7711E-23	49633.730	0.8231E-23	49634.081	0.9236E-23	4963
4.151	0.1344E-22	49634.711	0.1147E-22	49634.922	0.1208E-22	49634.992	0.1181
E-22	49635.062	0.1033E-22	49635.132	0.8363E-23	49635.202	0.7333E-23	49635.
272	0.8072E-23	49635.342	0.1020E-22	49635.412	0.1244E-22	49635.482	0.1355E-
22	49635.903	0.1322E-22	49635.973	0.1204E-22	49636.253	0.1064E-22	49636.81
4	0.9446E-23	49636.884	0.8805E-23	49636.954	0.8685E-23	49637.024	0.8740E-23
49637.094	0.8756E-23						

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	1				
RECORD	2	LENGTH	2300				
49637.375	0.8692E-23	49637.445	0.8599E-23	49637.525	0.8620E-23	49637.655	
0.8869E-23	49637.796	0.9563E-23	49637.866	0.1092E-22	49637.936	0.1235E-22	
49638.006	0.1280E-22	49638.076	0.1239E-22	49638.146	0.1214E-22	49638.497	
0.1214E-22	49638.707	0.1158E-22	49638.777	0.1024E-22	49638.848	0.8885E-23	
49638.988	0.8385E-23	49639.268	0.8845E-23	49639.619	0.9577E-23	49639.759	0
.9989E-23	49639.929	0.1020E-22	49640.110	0.1066E-22	49640.461	0.1126E-22	4
9640.601	0.1119E-22	49640.812	0.1020E-22	49640.952	0.9293E-23	49641.092	0.9
434E-23	49641.162	0.1050E-22	49641.233	0.1199E-22	49641.584	0.1374E-22	496
41.724	0.1549E-22	49641.794	0.1706E-22	49641.864	0.1894E-22	49642.285	0.212
5E-22	49642.355	0.2294E-22	49642.426	0.2291E-22	49642.566	0.2093E-22	49642
.706	0.1724E-22	49642.847	0.1272E-22	49642.917	0.9278E-23	49643.057	0.8246E
-23	49643.128	0.8846E-23	49643.408	0.9337E-23	49643.479	0.8967E-23	49643.5
49	0.8047E-23	49643.619	0.6958E-23	49643.689	0.5926E-23	49643.900	0.5242E-2
3	49643.970	0.5153E-23	49644.040	0.5696E-23	49644.110	0.6740E-23	49644.321
0.8097E-23	49644.391	0.9393E-23	49644.461	0.9972E-23	49644.532	0.9486E-23	
49644.602	0.3602E-23	49644.673	0.8463E-23	49644.953	0.9369E-23	49645.164	
0.1038E-22	49645.374	0.1023E-22	49645.445	0.8824E-23	49645.585	0.7331E-23	
49645.796	0.6964E-23	49645.866	0.8273E-23	49646.006	0.1101E-22	49646.077	
0.1381E-22	49646.428	0.1493E-22	49646.849	0.1491E-22	49646.920	0.1240E-22	
49647.060	0.1157E-22	49647.130	0.1210E-22	49647.411	0.1334E-22	49647.482	0.
1382E-22	49647.622	0.1306E-22	49647.692	0.1236E-22	49647.763	0.1307E-22	49
647.833	0.1503E-22	49647.903	0.1707E-22	49647.973	0.1803E-22	49648.114	0.17
77E-22	49648.325	0.1716E-22	49648.536	0.1677E-22	49648.606	0.1619E-22	4964
8.746	0.1512E-22	49649.028	0.1425E-22	49649.168	0.1426E-22	49649.309	0.1478

22	49650.433	5.1182E-22	49650.765	0.1067E-22	49650.925	0.8751E-23	49651.06
6	0.7281E-23	49651.136	0.6722E-23	49651.207	0.6736E-23	49651.488	0.7164E-23
	49651.699	0.8233E-23					

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	2				
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0.2093E-22	50050.203	0.2242E-22	50050.275	0.2086E-22	50050.421	0.1739E-22	
50050.494	0.1452E-22	50050.713	0.1370E-22	50050.736	0.1446E-22	50050.859	
0.1529E-22	50050.932	0.1470E-22	50051.077	0.1272E-22	50051.150	0.1139E-22	
50051.223	0.1269E-22	50051.369	0.1624E-22	50051.442	0.1971E-22	50051.588	0
.2149E-22	50051.661	0.2174E-22	50051.880	0.2081E-22	50051.952	0.1844E-22	5
0.052.025	0.1517E-22	50052.093	0.1270E-22	50052.171	0.1208E-22	50052.244	0.1
251E-22	50052.317	0.1282E-22	50052.390	0.1304E-22	50052.463	0.1367E-22	500
52.682	0.1442E-22	50052.755	0.1478E-22	50052.828	0.1500E-22	50052.901	0.155
8E-22	50052.974	0.1627E-22	50053.046	0.1672E-22	50053.119	0.1771E-22	50053
.338	0.2015E-22	50053.411	0.2318E-22	50053.630	0.2430E-22	50053.703	0.2194E
-22	50053.776	0.1741E-22	50053.849	0.1370E-22	50053.922	0.1241E-22	50053.9
95	0.1282E-22	50054.068	0.1344E-22	50054.141	0.1328E-22	50054.267	0.1209E-2
2	50054.505	0.1038E-22	50054.724	0.9103E-23	50054.797	0.8897E-23	50054.870
	0.9717E-23	50054.943	0.1101E-22	50055.016	0.1215E-22	50055.089	0.1282E-22
	50055.162	0.1292E-22	50055.381	0.1249E-22	50055.454	0.1188E-22	50055.527
	0.1148E-22	50055.673	0.1127E-22	50055.819	0.1104E-22	50055.965	0.1055E-22
	50056.184	0.9809E-23	50056.257	0.9337E-23	50056.330	0.9599E-23	50056.549
0.1028E-22	50056.622	0.1059E-22	50056.695	0.1031E-22	50056.768	0.9878E-23	
50056.841	0.9595E-23	50056.914	0.9584E-23	50056.987	0.1025E-22	50057.060	0.
1161E-22	50057.133	0.1265E-22	50057.352	0.1254E-22	50057.498	0.1201E-22	50
057.717	0.1244E-22	50057.790	0.1424E-22	50057.863	0.1677E-22	50058.009	0.19
05E-22	50058.082	0.1993E-22	50058.374	0.1875E-22	50058.520	0.1652E-22	5005
8.666	0.1517E-22	50058.739	0.1528E-22	50058.885	0.1560E-22	50059.031	0.1499
E-22	50059.104	0.1381E-22	50059.250	0.1339E-22	50059.542	0.1417E-22	50059.
615	0.1512E-22	50059.761	0.1488E-22	50059.834	0.1337E-22	50059.907	0.1183E-
22	50060.127	0.1160E-22	50060.200	0.1282E-22	50060.273	0.1436E-22	50060.34
6	0.1462E-22	50060.419	0.1291E-22	50060.492	0.1017E-22	50060.565	0.8177E-23
	50060.711	0.7877E-23					

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	2				
RECORD	2	LENGTH	2800				
50060.784	0.8644E-23	50061.003	0.9406E-23	50061.222	0.9813E-23	50061.295	
0.9994E-23	50061.441	0.9823E-23	50061.514	0.9068E-23	50061.588	0.8068E-23	
50061.734	0.7843E-23	50061.807	0.9323E-23	50061.880	0.1226E-22	50062.026	
0.1527E-22	50062.099	0.1728E-22	50062.172	0.1808E-22	50062.245	0.1756E-22	
50062.313	0.1569E-22	50062.464	0.1301E-22	50062.537	0.1031E-22	50062.611	0
.8360E-23	50062.684	0.7790E-23	50062.757	0.8592E-23	50062.830	0.1008E-22	5
0063.122	0.1152E-22	50063.195	0.1253E-22	50063.268	0.1310E-22	50063.414	0.1
354E-22	50063.487	0.1431E-22	50063.561	0.1520E-22	50063.707	0.1489E-22	500
63.780	0.1239E-22	50063.853	0.8757E-23	50063.999	0.6233E-23	50064.072	0.631
8E-23	50064.145	0.8820E-23	50064.218	0.1216E-22	50064.438	0.1465E-22	50064
.511	0.1607E-22	50064.584	0.1745E-22	50064.876	0.1914E-22	50064.949	0.1993E
-22	50065.096	0.1864E-22	50065.169	0.1562E-22	50065.315	0.1273E-22	50065.4
61	0.1186E-22	50065.534	0.1324E-22	50065.754	0.1506E-22	50066.119	0.1543E-2
2	50066.192	0.1436E-22	50066.266	0.1310E-22	50066.339	0.1222E-22	50066.412
	0.1136E-22	50066.485	0.1055E-22	50066.631	0.1011E-22	50066.851	0.9671E-23
	50066.997	0.8788E-23	50067.070	0.7961E-23	50067.143	0.8025E-23	50067.289
	0.8843E-23	50067.363	0.9492E-23	50067.509	0.9402E-23	50067.582	0.8882E-23
	50067.801	0.8630E-23	50067.948	0.8879E-23	50068.021	0.9330E-23	50068.094
0.9716E-23	50068.313	0.9841E-23	50068.387	0.9456E-23	50068.460	0.8738E-23	
50068.533	0.8402E-23	50068.752	0.8855E-23	50068.899	0.9688E-23	50068.972	0.
1016E-22	50069.045	0.9962E-23	50069.118	0.9538E-23	50069.265	0.9433E-23	50
069.338	0.9405E-23	50069.411	0.8783E-23	50069.484	0.7667E-23	50069.557	0.69
90E-23	50069.630	0.7637E-23	50069.704	0.9808E-23	50069.777	0.1264E-22	5006
9.923	0.1458E-22	50069.996	0.1473E-22	50070.070	0.1377E-22	50070.216	0.1317
E-22	50070.269	0.1368E-22	50070.362	0.1496E-22	50070.435	0.1608E-22	50070.
509	0.1630E-22	50070.582	0.1545E-22	50070.728	0.1404E-22	50070.801	0.1289E-

\*\*\*\*\* JOB DONE.

SAVF IN 11

\$EXEC IPLIST BS

INPUT PARAMETERS ARE: AS SR=1=2 2

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	1				
RECORD	1	LENGTH	2300				
BAND 12,0; L02B12X0C							
	0.3873E-20	55452.173	0.2364E-20	55453.073	0.2657E-20	55453.974	0.3155E-20
	55454.875	0.3012E-20	55455.775	0.2278E-20	55456.676	0.2518E-20	55457.577
	0.4802E-20	55457.755	0.5099E-20	55457.844	0.6137E-20	55457.934	0.6981E-20
	55458.023	0.7373E-20	55458.112	0.7605E-20	55458.202	0.8155E-20	55458.291
	.9217E-20	55458.381	0.1093E-19	55458.470	0.1421E-19	55458.559	0.1948E-19
	55458.682	0.2548E-19	55458.772	0.3007E-19	55458.861	0.3172E-19	55458.951
	0.95E-19	55459.006	0.2859E-19	55459.096	0.2499E-19	55459.185	0.2040E-19
	59.274	0.1559E-19	55459.364	0.1174E-19	55459.453	0.9168E-20	55459.543
	8E-20	55459.632	0.7519E-20	55459.721	0.7179E-20	55459.811	0.6647E-20
	.900	0.6368E-20	55459.990	0.5930E-20	55460.079	0.5083E-20	55460.168
	-20	55460.258	0.4965E-20	55460.347	0.5708E-20	55460.436	0.5919E-20
	26	0.5812E-20	55460.615	0.5888E-20	55460.705	0.6113E-20	55460.794
	0	55460.883	0.6748E-20	55460.973	0.7575E-20	55461.062	0.9028E-20
		0.1181E-19	55461.241	0.1609E-19	55461.364	0.2069E-19	55461.453
		55461.543	0.2551E-19	55461.632	0.2678E-19	55461.722	0.2756E-19
		0.2712E-19	55461.900	0.2515E-19	55461.956	0.2198E-19	55462.045
		55462.135	0.1536E-19	55462.224	0.1267E-19	55462.314	0.1122E-19
		0.1121E-19	55462.492	0.1145E-19	55462.582	0.1127E-19	55462.671
		55462.761	0.1203E-19	55462.850	0.1357E-19	55462.939	0.1532E-19
		1712E-19	55463.118	0.1931E-19	55463.208	0.2194E-19	55463.331
		463.420	0.2429E-19	55463.476	0.2356E-19	55463.565	0.2218E-19
		25E-19	55463.744	0.1767E-19	55463.833	0.1489E-19	55463.923
		4.012	0.1027E-19	55464.102	0.9203E-20	55464.191	0.8376E-20
		E-20	55464.370	0.7258E-20	55464.459	0.6174E-20	55464.549
		638	0.5139E-20	55464.753	0.4444E-20	55465.684	0.4155E-20
		20	55466.694	0.6829E-20	55466.784	0.8432E-20	55466.873
		3	0.1196E-19	55467.052	0.1201E-19	55467.141	0.1045E-19
			55467.320	0.7335E-20			

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	1				
RECORD	2	LENGTH	2300				
	55467.410	0.6103E-20	55467.499	0.5440E-20	55467.588	0.5617E-20	55467.678
	0.5696E-20	55467.767	0.5435E-20	55467.857	0.5472E-20	55467.946	0.5229E-20
	55468.035	1.6018E-20	55468.125	0.6309E-20	55468.337	0.5514E-20	55469.195
	0.7328E-20	55470.006	0.1871E-19	55470.181	0.1936E-19	55470.271	0.2253E-19
	55470.394	0.2686E-19	55470.483	0.3159E-19	55470.573	0.3686E-19	55470.662
	.4341E-19	55470.752	0.5161E-19	55470.830	0.6141E-19	55470.919	0.7308E-19
	5471.023	0.8525E-19	55471.105	0.9538E-19	55471.194	0.1017E-18	55471.284
	025E-18	55471.377	0.9760E-19	55471.467	0.9102E-19	55471.552	0.8519E-19
	71.634	0.7870E-19	55471.724	0.7124E-19	55471.813	0.6359E-19	55471.903
	1E-19	55471.992	0.5638E-19	55472.081	0.5811E-19	55472.171	0.6080E-19
	.260	0.6360E-19	55472.350	0.6662E-19	55472.439	0.7061E-19	55472.529
	-19	55472.613	0.8327E-19	55472.719	0.9042E-19	55472.804	0.9772E-19
	93	0.1033E-18	55472.983	0.1051E-18	55473.072	0.1029E-18	55473.166
	9	55473.255	0.9175E-19	55473.345	0.8975E-19	55473.430	0.8928E-19
		0.8923E-19	55473.609	0.9075E-19	55473.698	0.9204E-19	55473.788
		55473.881	0.8613E-19	55473.971	0.8886E-19	55474.049	0.7588E-19
		0.7841E-19	55474.220	0.6410E-19	55474.317	0.5720E-19	55474.407
		55474.496	0.4405E-19	55474.597	0.3932E-19	55474.686	0.3664E-19
		0.3500E-19	55474.865	0.3251E-19	55474.921	0.2943E-19	55475.044
		55475.100	0.2372E-19	55475.189	0.2135E-19	55475.279	0.1943E-19
		1797E-19	55475.457	0.1684E-19	55475.547	0.1549E-19	55475.597
		476.499	0.6763E-20	55477.400	0.4776E-20	55478.331	0.3527E-20

5-23	55486.416	0.2494E-20	55487.318	0.2828E-20	55488.219	0.2284E-20	55489.
121	0.2644E-20	55490.023	0.3242E-20	55490.925	0.3873E-20	55491.827	0.4947E-
20	55492.729	0.5342E-20	55493.637	0.8787E-20	55493.617	0.9166E-20	55493.70
7	0.9446E-20	55493.796	0.1034E-19	55493.886	0.1187E-19	55493.975	0.1289E-19
	55494.065	0.1360E-19					

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 2  
RECORD 1 LENGTH 1840

\*\*\*\*\*HIGH RESOLUTION ABSORPTION CROSS SECTION MEASUREMENT  
S AND BAND OSCILLATOR STRENGTHS OF THE (1,0)-(12,0)SCHUMANN-RUNGE BANDS OF MOLECULAR OXYGEN  
K. Yoshino, D.E.

Freeman, J.R. Esmond, and W.H. Parkinson  
Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138

Abstract:

Cross sections of molecular oxygen at 300 K have been obtained from photoabsorption measurements at various pressures throughout the wavelength region 179.3-201.5 nm with a 6.6 m photoelectric scanning spectrometer equipped with a 2400 lines/mm grating and having an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0013 nm. The measured absorption cross sections of the Schumann-Runge bands (12,0) through (1,0) in this wavelength region are absolute, i.e., independent of the instrumental width, a result not achieved previously. The measured cross sections are presented graphically and are available at wavenumber intervals of approximately 0.1 wavenumbers as numerical compilations stored on magnetic tape from the National Space Science Data Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, USA. Band oscillator strengths of the (12,0) through (1,0) bands have been determined by direct numerical integration of the measured cross sections. The paper describing this research has been submitted for publication in PLANETARY AND SPACE SCIENCE.

\*\*\*\*\* JOB DONE.  
SWE0 LPS

FORM 6113  
\$NOP \*\*\*\* LIST OF THE FIRST 3 RECORDS OF FILE 1 \*\*\*\*  
\$EXEC TPLIST BS

INPUT PARAMETERS ARE: AS FL=3=3 1 1 1

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 1  
RECORD 1 LENGTH 1736

The following is the description of a 9-track magnetic tape with visual label HCOS02 containing cross section data of sulfur dioxide at 213 K in the wavelength region 172-240 nm experimentally obtained at the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics. The tape is magnetically not labeled, and is written in the fixed record-fixed block format described below. The organization of the files on the tape are as follows: 1) File 1: this information file. 2) File 2: the title and abstract of the paper on this work as published in Planetary Space Science. 3) Files 3-20: files of the cross section data within 1000 wavenumber intervals beginning at ~41670 through ~58140 wavenumbers. 4) File 21: repetition of file 1. 5) File 22: repetition of file 2. 6) Files 23-40: repetition of files 3-20. The cross section data files have two header lines at the beginning, which are followed by wavenumber/sigma pair records for each wavenumber position.

This tape is written with the following characteristics: Density is 1600 bpi. Character code is ASCII. Files are separated by tape-marks, with a double tape-mark at the end. Record size is 28 bytes. Block size is 2800 bytes.

\*\*\*\*\* JOB DONE.  
\$WEO LPS

GX-11B  
Sulfur Dioxide  
Cross Sections  
D-105017  
C-252466

\$\$  
\$WEO LO

\$\$\$ EXEC TPLIST BS

INPUT PARAMETERS ARE: AS FL=3=3 1 1 2

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 2  
RECORD 1 LENGTH 1596

High Resolution

Absorption Cross Section Measurements of Sulfur Dioxide at 213 K in the Wavelength Region 172-240 nm  
D.E. Freeman, K. Yoshino, J. Esmond, and W.H. Parkinson  
Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics  
Cambridge, MA 02138, U.S.A. Published in

Planetary Space Science ABSTRACT-Laboratory measurements at high resolution of the absorption cross section of sulfur dioxide at the temperature 213 K have been performed in the wavelength region 172-240 nm with a 6.65 m scanning spectrometer/spectrograph operated at an instrumental width of 0.002 nm. The measured cross sections are presented graphically in representative wavelength regions and are available throughout the region 172-240 nm at wavenumber intervals of 0.4-0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The measured cross sections are presented graphically in representative wavelength regions and are available throughout the region 172-240 nm at wavenumber intervals of 0.4-0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The measured cross sections are presented graphically in representative wavelength regions and are available throughout the region 172-240 nm at wavenumber intervals of 0.4-0.1 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The measured cross sections, which are relevant to the photochemistry of planetary atmospheres, possess significantly more spectroscopic structure, and are more accurate, than previous measurements made at lower resolution.

\*\*\*\*\* JOB DONE.  
\$\$\$ WEO LPS

\$\$\$  
\$NOP

\$NOP  
 \$NOP  
 \$NOP \*\*\*\*\* LIST OF FIRST 3 AND LAST 3 RECORDS OF FILE 40 \*\*\*\*\*  
 \$EXEC TPLIST BS

INPUT PARAMETERS ARE: AS FL=3=3 1 1 40

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	40
RECORD	1	LENGTH	2800
-1	502;58000-58453;213K	WN	SIGMA
0.5222E-18	58000.892	0.5221E-18	58001.285
58002.073	0.5236E-18	58002.467	0.5244E-18
5271E-18	58003.648	0.5287E-18	58004.042
004.830	0.5345E-18	58005.223	0.5366E-18
04E-18	58006.405	0.5424E-18	58006.799
7.586	0.5477E-18	58007.980	0.5496E-18
E-18	58009.162	0.5567E-18	58009.556
344	0.5637E-18	58010.737	0.5653E-18
18	58011.919	0.5653E-18	58012.313
1	0.5593E-18	58013.495	0.5564E-18
	58014.677	0.5480E-18	58015.071
	0.5416E-18	58016.253	0.5400E-18
	58017.435	0.5373E-18	58017.829
	0.5390E-18	58019.011	0.5409E-18
	58020.193	0.5493E-18	58020.587
	.5559E-18	58021.769	0.5561E-18
	8022.951	0.5511E-18	58023.345
	425E-18	58024.527	0.5404E-18
	25.710	0.5366E-18	58026.104
	9E-18	58027.286	0.5327E-18
	.469	0.5283E-18	58028.863
	-18	58030.045	0.5227E-18
	28	0.5176E-18	58031.622
	8	58032.805	0.5081E-18
	0.5013E-18	58034.381	0.4994E-18
	58035.564	0.4932E-18	58035.958
	0.4840E-18	58037.141	0.4801E-18
	58038.324	0.4689E-18	

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	40
RECORD	2	LENGTH	2800
	58038.718	0.4659E-18	58039.113
	0.4612E-18	58040.295	0.4607E-18
	58041.478	0.4610E-18	58041.873
	4596E-18	58043.056	0.4582E-18
	044.239	0.4526E-18	58044.633
	74E-18	58045.816	0.4467E-18
	6.999	0.4476E-18	58047.394
	E-18	58048.577	0.4516E-18
	760	0.4507E-18	58050.155
	18	58051.338	0.4453E-18
	2	0.4441E-18	58052.916
		58054.099	0.4461E-18
		0.4459E-18	58055.677
		58056.861	0.4433E-18
		0.4433E-18	58058.439
		58059.623	0.4510E-18
		.4597E-18	58061.201
		8062.385	0.4659E-18
		674E-18	58063.964
		65.147	0.4710E-18
		2E-18	58066.726

73	0.4581E-18	58071.068	0.4584E-18	58071.462	0.4584E-18	58071.857	0.4578E-1
8	58072.252	0.4567E-18	58072.647	0.4553E-18	58073.041	0.4535E-18	58073.436
	0.4514E-18	58073.831	0.4496E-18	58074.226	0.4479E-18	58074.620	0.4465E-18
	58075.015	0.4458E-18	58075.410	0.4455E-18	58075.805	0.4459E-18	58076.200
	0.4470E-18	58076.594	0.4483E-18	58076.989	0.4502E-18	58077.384	0.4521E-18
	58077.779	0.4539E-18					

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 40  
RECORD 3 LENGTH 2800

58078.174	0.4554E-18	58078.568	0.4566E-18	58078.963	0.4572E-18	58079.358	
0.4572E-18	58079.753	0.4566E-18	58080.148	0.4553E-18	58080.543	0.4538E-18	
58080.937	0.4520E-18	58081.332	0.4499E-18	58081.727	0.4479E-18	58082.122	0.
4461E-18	58082.517	0.4447E-18	58082.912	0.4439E-18	58083.307	0.4436E-18	58
083.702	0.4437E-18	58084.097	0.4446E-18	58084.491	0.4461E-18	58084.886	0.44
77E-18	58085.281	0.4493E-18	58085.676	0.4508E-18	58086.071	0.4523E-18	5808
6.466	0.4533E-18	58086.861	0.4541E-18	58087.256	0.4542E-18	58087.651	0.4541
E-18	58088.046	0.4538E-18	58088.441	0.4532E-18	58088.836	0.4523E-18	58089.
231	0.4513E-18	58089.626	0.4502E-18	58090.021	0.4492E-18	58090.416	0.4481E-
18	58090.811	0.4474E-18	58091.206	0.4470E-18	58091.601	0.4470E-18	58091.99
6	0.4473E-18	58092.391	0.4479E-18	58092.786	0.4487E-18	58093.181	0.4498E-18
	58093.576	0.4508E-18	58093.971	0.4516E-18	58094.366	0.4523E-18	58094.761
	0.4527E-18	58095.156	0.4530E-18	58095.551	0.4532E-18	58095.946	0.4532E-18
	58096.341	0.4533E-18	58096.736	0.4535E-18	58097.131	0.4538E-18	58097.526
	0.4544E-18	58097.921	0.4550E-18	58098.317	0.4560E-18	58098.712	0.4575E-18
	58099.107	0.4593E-18	58099.502	0.4612E-18	58099.897	0.4634E-18	58100.292
	.4659E-18	58100.687	0.4684E-18	58101.082	0.4707E-18	58101.477	0.4726E-18
	8101.873	0.4741E-18	58102.268	0.4748E-18	58102.663	0.4750E-18	58103.058
	744E-18	58103.453	0.4730E-18	58103.848	0.4711E-18	58104.244	0.4690E-18
	04.639	0.4668E-18	58105.034	0.4647E-18	58105.429	0.4628E-18	58105.824
	5E-18	58106.219	0.4609E-18	58106.615	0.4609E-18	58107.010	0.4613E-18
	.405	0.4622E-18	58107.800	0.4633E-18	58108.196	0.4646E-18	58108.591
	-18	58108.986	0.4659E-18	58109.381	0.4658E-18	58109.777	0.4653E-18
	72	0.4644E-18	58110.567	0.4631E-18	58110.962	0.4616E-18	58111.358
	8	58111.753	0.4587E-18	58112.148	0.4573E-18	58112.543	0.4560E-18
	0.4547E-18	58113.334	0.4532E-18	58113.729	0.4516E-18	58114.125	0.4498E-18
	58114.520	0.4479E-18	58114.915	0.4459E-18	58115.311	0.4443E-18	58115.706
	0.4428E-18	58116.101	0.4418E-18	58116.497	0.4412E-18	58116.892	0.4410E-18
	58117.287	0.4413E-18					

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 40  
RECORD 10 LENGTH 2800

58355.870	0.4039E-18	58356.269	0.4071E-18	58356.668	0.4105E-18	58357.066	
0.4138E-18	58357.465	0.4167E-18	58357.863	0.4193E-18	58358.262	0.4213E-18	
58358.661	0.4228E-18	58359.059	0.4240E-18	58359.458	0.4247E-18	58359.857	0.
4253E-18	58360.255	0.4259E-18	58360.654	0.4265E-18	58361.053	0.4271E-18	58
361.451	0.4276E-18	58361.850	0.4277E-18	58362.249	0.4276E-18	58362.647	0.42
71E-18	58363.046	0.4262E-18	58363.445	0.4247E-18	58363.844	0.4227E-18	5836
4.242	0.4206E-18	58364.641	0.4185E-18	58365.040	0.4166E-18	58365.438	0.4150
E-18	58365.837	0.4138E-18	58366.236	0.4133E-18	58366.635	0.4133E-18	58367.
033	0.4141E-18	58367.432	0.4154E-18	58367.831	0.4170E-18	58368.230	0.4193E-
18	58368.628	0.4216E-18	58369.027	0.4243E-18	58369.426	0.4270E-18	58369.82
5	0.4292E-18	58370.224	0.4311E-18	58370.622	0.4326E-18	58371.021	0.4333E-18
	58371.420	0.4335E-18	58371.819	0.4330E-18	58372.218	0.4323E-18	58372.617
	0.4313E-18	58373.015	0.4302E-18	58373.414	0.4293E-18	58373.813	0.4286E-18
	58374.212	0.4280E-18	58374.611	0.4277E-18	58375.010	0.4274E-18	58375.409
	0.4273E-18	58375.807	0.4273E-18	58376.206	0.4273E-18	58376.605	0.4273E-18
	58377.004	0.4273E-18	58377.403	0.4274E-18	58377.802	0.4276E-18	58378.201
	.4276E-18	58378.600	0.4276E-18	58378.999	0.4274E-18	58379.398	0.4271E-18
	8379.796	0.4268E-18	58380.195	0.4268E-18	58380.594	0.4268E-18	58380.993
	274E-18	58381.392	0.4284E-18	58381.791	0.4299E-18	58382.190	0.4320E-18
	82.589	0.4341E-18	58382.988	0.4360E-18	58383.387	0.4376E-18	58383.786
	5E-18	58384.185	0.4387E-18	58384.584	0.4379E-18	58384.983	0.4363E-18
	.382	0.4344E-18	58385.781	0.4323E-18	58386.180	0.4302E-18	58386.579
	-18	58386.978	0.4270E-18	58387.377	0.4261E-18	58387.776	0.4253E-18
							58388.1

0.4181E-18	58391.368	0.4169E-18	58391.767	0.4161E-18	58392.166	0.4157E-18
58392.565	0.4154E-18	58392.964	0.4151E-18	58393.363	0.4150E-18	58393.762
0.4147E-18	58394.162	0.4142E-18	58394.561	0.4133E-18	58394.960	0.4121E-18
58395.359	0.4105E-18					

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 40  
RECORD 11 LENGTH 2800

58395.758	0.4089E-18	58396.157	0.4071E-18	58396.556	0.4052E-18	58396.956
0.4033E-18	58397.355	0.4015E-18	58397.754	0.3999E-18	58398.153	0.3982E-18
58398.552	0.3969E-18	58398.952	0.3957E-18	58399.351	0.3947E-18	58399.750
3939E-18	58400.149	0.3935E-18	58400.548	0.3935E-18	58400.948	0.3938E-18
401.347	0.3942E-18	58401.746	0.3948E-18	58402.145	0.3956E-18	58402.545
59E-18	58402.944	0.3959E-18	58403.343	0.3954E-18	58403.742	0.3945E-18
4.142	0.3930E-18	58404.541	0.3910E-18	58404.940	0.3884E-18	58405.339
E-18	58405.739	0.3827E-18	58406.138	0.3796E-18	58406.537	0.3764E-18
937	0.3733E-18	58407.336	0.3704E-18	58407.735	0.3680E-18	58408.134
18	58408.534	0.3646E-18	58408.933	0.3637E-18	58409.332	0.3636E-18
2	0.3640E-18	58410.131	0.3646E-18	58410.531	0.3653E-18	58410.930
	58411.329	0.3656E-18	58411.729	0.3647E-18	58412.128	0.3633E-18
	0.3612E-18	58412.927	0.3587E-18	58413.326	0.3559E-18	58413.726
	58414.125	0.3510E-18	58414.524	0.3490E-18	58414.924	0.3477E-18
	0.3467E-18	58415.723	0.3459E-18	58416.122	0.3455E-18	58416.521
	58416.921	0.3443E-18	58417.320	0.3436E-18	58417.720	0.3427E-18
	.3421E-18	58418.519	0.3418E-18	58418.918	0.3418E-18	58419.318
	8419.717	0.3441E-18	58420.117	0.3465E-18	58420.516	0.3496E-18
	530E-18	58421.315	0.3567E-18	58421.715	0.3601E-18	58422.114
	22.514	0.3649E-18	58422.913	0.3658E-18	58423.313	0.3655E-18
	1E-18	58424.112	0.3621E-18	58424.511	0.3596E-18	58424.911
	.310	0.3544E-18	58425.710	0.3523E-18	58426.109	0.3508E-18
	-18	58426.909	0.3499E-18	58427.308	0.3501E-18	58427.708
	07	0.3514E-18	58428.507	0.3521E-18	58428.907	0.3529E-18
	8	58429.706	0.3541E-18	58430.105	0.3550E-18	58430.505
		0.3570E-18	58431.304	0.3585E-18	58431.704	0.3604E-18
		58432.503	0.3652E-18	58432.903	0.3679E-18	58433.303
		0.3735E-18	58434.102	0.3760E-18	58434.502	0.3782E-18
		58435.301	0.3813E-18			

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 40  
RECORD 12 LENGTH 1204

58435.701	0.3824E-18	58436.100	0.3828E-18	58436.500	0.3831E-18	58436.900
0.3830E-18	58437.299	0.3827E-18	58437.699	0.3822E-18	58438.099	0.3818E-18
58438.499	0.3812E-18	58438.898	0.3804E-18	58439.298	0.3797E-18	58439.698
3788E-18	58440.098	0.3779E-18	58440.497	0.3772E-18	58440.897	0.3766E-18
441.297	0.3761E-18	58441.697	0.3761E-18	58442.096	0.3764E-18	58442.496
70E-18	58442.896	0.3781E-18	58443.296	0.3793E-18	58443.696	0.3806E-18
4.095	0.3819E-18	58444.495	0.3833E-18	58444.895	0.3844E-18	58445.295
E-18	58445.695	0.3865E-18	58446.095	0.3876E-18	58446.494	0.3889E-18
894	0.3904E-18	58447.294	0.3920E-18	58447.694	0.3936E-18	58448.094
18	58448.494	0.3967E-18	58448.894	0.3979E-18	58449.294	0.3988E-18
3	0.3991E-18	58450.093	0.3991E-18	58450.493	0.3988E-18	58450.893
	58451.293	0.3978E-18	58451.693	0.3972E-18	58452.093	0.3967E-18
	0.3964E-18					

\*\*\*\*\* JOB DONE.  
\$EXEC TPDUMP BS

\$NOP  
\$NOP \*\*\*\*\* SOUT40 \*\*\*\*\*  
\$EXE TPLIST BS

INPUT PARAMETERS ARE: AS FL=2=2 23 1 1

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 1  
RECORD 1 LENGTH 1200  
HIGH RESOLUTION ABSORP- TICN CROSS-SECTIONS AND BAND OSCILLATOR STRENGTH OF THE SCHUMANN-RUNGE BANDS OF OXYGEN AT 79 K K. Yoshino, D.E. Freeran, J.R. Esmond and W.H. Parkinson -- Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, U.S.A. (Received 11 March 1987) Abstract- Cross-sections of O2 at 79K have been obtained from photo-absorption measurements at various pressures throughout the wavelength region 179.3-198.0 nm with a 6.65 m photoelectric scanning spectrometer equipped with a 2400 lines/nm grating and having an instrumental width (FWHM) of 0.0013 nm. The measured absorption cross-sections of the Schumann-Runge bands (12,0)-(2,0) are in percent of the instrumental width. The measured cross-sections are presented graphically here and are available at wavenumber intervals of 0.1 wave-numbers as numerical compilations stored on magnetic tape from the National Space Science Data Center, NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20771, U.S.A. Band oscillator strengths of these bands have been determined by direct numerical integration of the measured cross-sections.

AX-11C  
Schumann-Runge  
Band 602 at 79K  
76163  
23 F

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 2  
RECORD 1 LENGTH 2400  
-1 1602;B2-XC:79K WNO SIGMA 50530.077 1.0410E-23 50530.136 1.2570E-23 50  
530.194 1.5470E-23 50530.253 1.4730E-23 50530.312 1.1100E-23 50530.371 1.1810E-23 50530  
.430 8.9100E-24 50530.489 3.1420E-24 50530.548 4.5690E-24 50530.607 1.3220E-23 50530.66  
5 1.6840E-23 50530.724 1.3930E-23 50530.783 1.6100E-23 50530.842 1.7540E-23 50530.901  
1.6180E-23 50530.960 1.6790E-23 50531.019 1.7510E-23 50531.078 2.2610E-23 50531.136 2  
.8470E-23 50531.195 3.1400E-23 50531.254 2.8450E-23 50531.313 2.1110E-23 50531.372 1.23  
70E-23 50531.431 2.9870E-24 50531.490 1.5420E-24 50531.549 3.6850E-24 50531.607 2.9570E  
-24 50531.666 5.1730E-24 50531.725 9.4190E-24 50531.784 1.8840E-23 50531.843 2.3950E-23  
50531.902 2.1010E-23 50531.961 1.6630E-23 50532.020 7.9270E-24 50532.079 1.4450E-24 50  
532.137 7.9070E-24 50532.196 1.2960E-23 50532.255 1.2220E-23 50532.314 7.1570E-24 50532  
.373 3.5490E-24 50532.432 2.8220E-24 50532.491 6.6070E-25 50532.550 1.3680E-24 50532.60  
8 1.3580E-24 50532.667 2.6316E-23 50532.726 2.5592E-23 50532.785 2.5582E-23 50532.844  
2.2006E-23 50532.903 2.2709E-23 50532.962 2.3412E-23 50533.021 2.7688E-23 50533.079 4  
.8710E-24 50533.138 4.8610E-24 50533.197 6.2910E-24 50533.256 6.2810E-24 50533.315 2.67  
60E-24 50533.374 2.7630E-23 50533.433 1.9390E-24 50533.492 8.4060E-24 50533.551 8.3960E  
-24 50533.609 6.2230E-24 50533.668 1.1270E-23 50533.727 1.4880E-23 50533.786 1.6330E-23  
50533.845 1.4860E-23 50533.904 9.0600E-24 50533.963 3.2880E-24 50534.022 2.6808E-23 50  
534.081 2.4654E-23 50534.139 2.6788E-23 50534.198 3.9670E-24 50534.257 7.5580E-24 50534  
.316 1.6240E-23 50534.375 1.4780E-23 50534.434 8.2500E-24 50534.493 6.0780E-24 50534.55  
2 2.6721E-23 50534.610 1.8872E-23 50534.669 1.5321E-23 50534.728 1.6021E-23 50534.787  
1.6711E-23 50534.846 1.6701E-23 50534.905 2.0955E-23 50534.964 2.3082E-23 50535.023 2  
.5213E-23 50535.082 5.9810E-24 50535.140 1.1030E-23 50535.199 7.4030E-24 50535.258 9.55  
90E-24 50535.317 1.3900E-23 50535.376 1.2440E-23 50535.435 7.3640E-24 50535.494 2.3170E  
-24 50535.553 2.6126E-23 50535.612 2.1550E-23 50535.670 1.5861E-23 50535.729 1.0201E-23  
50535.788 7.3810E-24

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 2  
RECORD 2 LENGTH 2400  
50535.847 1.0181E-23 50535.906 1.2991E-23 50535.965 1.6521E-23 50536.024 2.2507E-23 50  
536.083 2.2200E-24 50536.142 6.5260E-24 50536.200 9.4040E-24 50536.259 2.9090E-24 50536  
.318 1.7171E-23 50536.377 9.3910E-24 50536.436 1.2201E-23 50536.495 2.1405E-23 50536.55  
4 5.7380E-24 50536.613 1.3680E-23 50536.672 1.4400E-23 50536.731 1.0760E-23 50536.789  
3.5400E-24 50536.848 1.9924E-23 50536.907 1.5661E-23 50536.966 1.7061E-23 50537.025 2  
.3456E-23 50537.084 2.4874E-23 50537.143 2.7009E-23 50537.202 2.5569E-23 50537.261 2.12  
79E-23 50537.319 2.3407E-23 50537.378 2.4111E-23 50537.437 2.0538E-23 50537.496 2.4092E  
-23 50537.555 2.6226E-23 50537.614 2.7648E-23 50537.673 1.9788E-23 50537.732 1.7651E-23  
50537.791 1.8348E-23 50537.850 2.7609E-23 50537.908 1.2020E-23 50537.967 2.1470E-23 50  
538.026 2.6600E-23 50538.085 1.9260E-23 50538.144 7.6390E-24 50538.203 2.4689E-23 50538  
.262 1.8980E-23 50538.321 2.0392E-23 50538.380 2.4660E-23 50538.438 3.9880E-24 50538.49  
7 1.0470E-23 50538.556 8.2930E-24 50538.615 7.5610E-24 50538.674 1.7930E-24 50538.733

71E-23 50539.263 6.7330E-24 50539.322 1.4690E-23 50539.381 1.6130E-23 50539.440 1.7580E-23 50539.499 1.1130E-23 50539.558 3.0840E-24 50539.616 2.5171E-23 50539.675 2.3732E-23 50539.734 2.4437E-23 50539.793 2.7289E-23 50539.852 8.0800E-24 50539.911 2.1150E-23 50539.970 2.7011E-23 50540.029 2.6270E-23 50540.088 1.4560E-23 50540.147 1.1580E-25 50540.205 2.4359E-23 50540.264 2.5779E-23 50540.323 2.7201E-23 50540.382 2.2189E-23 50540.441 2.0043E-23 50540.500 2.4311E-23 50540.559 2.6446E-23 50540.618 2.5721E-23 50540.677 2.4281E-23 50540.736 2.2844E-23 50540.795 2.0696E-23 50540.853 2.1399E-23 50540.912 1.9965E-23 50540.971 2.0667E-23 50541.030 2.7801E-23 50541.089 7.8760E-24 50541.148 1.0040E-23 50541.207 8.5790E-24 50541.266 7.8470E-24 50541.325 5.6720E-24 50541.384 4.2220E-24 50541.443 6.1930E-25 50541.501 2.1292E-23 50541.560 1.9858E-23 50541.619 2.1985E-23 50541.678 2.2689E-23

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 2  
RECORD 38 LENGTH 2410  
50748.966 2.5100E-24 50749.026 2.5143E-23 50749.085 1.9970E-23 50749.145 1.9960E-23 50749.204 2.3635E-23 50749.264 2.7323E-23 50749.323 3.1930E-24 50749.383 4.6710E-24 50749.442 2.7293E-23 50749.502 2.0636E-23 50749.561 1.8420E-23 50749.621 1.9880E-23 50749.680 1.9870E-23 50749.740 1.9125E-23 50749.799 1.6181E-23 50749.859 2.2787E-23 50749.918 6.8160E-24 50749.978 1.2043E-23 50750.037 1.4290E-23 50750.097 1.0520E-23 50750.156 5.2850E-24 50750.216 9.7550E-24 50750.275 1.6500E-23 50750.335 1.9510E-23 50750.394 2.2530E-23 50750.454 2.7070E-23 50750.514 3.4700E-23 50750.573 3.6220E-23 50750.633 2.7040E-23 50750.692 9.6750E-24 50750.752 2.9520E-24 50750.811 2.4102E-23 50750.871 2.0405E-23 50750.930 2.4082E-23 50750.990 2.3334E-23 50751.049 2.6281E-23 50751.109 8.8570E-24 50751.168 1.5601E-23 50751.228 1.9360E-23 50751.287 2.1620E-23 50751.347 2.3120E-23 50751.406 1.8570E-23 50751.466 1.4240E-23 50751.525 1.1030E-23 50751.585 8.0290E-24 50751.644 2.0580E-24 50751.704 2.1738E-23 50751.763 1.9518E-23 50751.823 1.7301E-23 50751.882 2.1234E-23 50751.942 1.7281E-23 50752.001 7.0510E-24 50752.061 1.2141E-23 50752.120 2.0194E-23 50752.180 2.0184E-23 50752.240 1.5031E-23 50752.299 1.6491E-23 50752.359 2.3841E-23 50752.418 4.4210E-25 50752.478 5.6390E-24 50752.537 5.6290E-24 50752.597 5.6190E-24 50752.656 5.6080E-24 50752.716 6.3440E-24 50752.775 1.0820E-23 50752.835 1.3060E-23 50752.894 1.6060E-23 50752.954 1.9070E-23 50753.013 1.8300E-23 50753.073 1.3020E-23 50753.132 4.7830E-24 50753.192 2.1487E-23 50753.251 1.7061E-23 50753.311 2.1466E-23 50753.370 2.2194E-23 50753.430 1.8502E-23 50753.489 1.2631E-23 50753.549 1.1161E-23 50753.609 1.6271E-23 50753.668 2.2882E-23 50753.728 2.5829E-23 50753.787 2.1100E-25 50753.847 3.1730E-24 50753.906 1.9090E-25 50753.966 2.3570E-23 50754.025 1.7080E-25 50754.085 4.6220E-24 50754.144 1.6360E-24 50754.204 8.8290E-25 50754.263 8.7280E-25 50754.323 2.4249E-23 50754.382 1.3941E-23 50754.442 7.3610E-24 50754.501 7.3510E-24 50754.561 8.0710E-24 50754.620 9.5210E-24 50754.680 1.3161E-23 50754.740 1.9016E-23 50754.799 1.8271E-23 50754.859 1.1201E-23

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 2  
RECORD 39 LENGTH 72  
50754.918 4.3810E-24 50754.978 7.5100E-25 50755.039 1.1000E-26

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 3  
RECORD 1 LENGTH 2410  
-1 1602:B3-X0:79K WNO SIGMA 51150.080 3.0080E-23 51150.140 2.5754E-23 51150.201 2.1451E-23 51150.261 2.3591E-23 51150.322 1.7861E-23 51150.383 1.2881E-23 51150.443 2.1421E-23 51150.504 3.2208E-23 51150.564 1.2630E-24 51150.625 3.4360E-24 51150.685 5.6140E-24 51150.746 5.6090E-24 51150.806 5.1610E-25 51150.867 3.0009E-23 51150.928 2.9282E-23 51150.988 2.8556E-23 51151.049 2.5673E-23 51151.109 2.4949E-23 51151.170 3.1426E-23 51151.230 3.4314E-23 51151.291 3.4309E-23 51151.351 4.6710E-25 51151.412 2.8518E-23 51151.472 2.9233E-23 51151.533 3.3563E-23 51151.594 4.0770E-24 51151.654 6.2560E-24 51151.715 5.5220E-24 51151.775 1.8800E-24 51151.836 3.2812E-23 51151.896 3.2806E-23 51151.957 3.2078E-23 51152.017 2.7024E-23 51152.078 2.3431E-23 51152.139 1.8411E-23 51152.199 1.9841E-23 51152.260 1.7691E-23 51152.320 2.4121E-23 51152.381 3.3487E-23 51152.441 3.3481E-23 51152.502 3.6360E-25 51152.562 4.7170E-24 51152.623 7.6280E-24 51152.684 6.1630E-24 51152.744 8.3470E-24 51152.805 5.4240E-24 51152.865 1.0560E-24 51152.926 2.6942E-23 51152.986 1.9051E-23 51153.047 1.9761E-23 51153.107 2.5488E-23 51153.168 2.9802E-23 51153.229 3.1963E-23 51153.289 3.0513E-23 51153.350 3.1230E-23 51153.410 2.6179E-23 51153.471 2.8333E-23 51153.531 3.1213E-23 51153.592 2.6560E-25 51153.652 8.2660E-24 51153.713 1.7360E-23 51153.774 1.4850E-23 51153.834 1.1910E-23 51153.895 8.2440E-24 51153.955 9.5810E-25 51154.016 3.0448E-23 51154.076 2.9720E-23 51154.137 6.7620E-24 51154.197 2.1450E-23 51154.258 3.1850E-23 51154.319 3.4090E-23 51154.379 3.3340E-23 51154.440

3.3258E-23 51154.985 1.4030E-25 51155.045 2.6751E-23 51155.106 2.7466E-23 51155.166 1  
.2390E-25 51155.227 7.3940E-24 51155.288 5.9290E-24 51155.348 3.3944E-23 51155.409 8.27  
40E-25 51155.469 4.4560E-24 51155.53 6.6370E-24 51155.590 3.7170E-24 51155.651 1.5310E  
-24 51155.711 5.1620E-24 51155.772 1.2470E-23 51155.833 1.0260E-23 51155.893 7.3340E-24  
51155.954 5.8690E-24

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 3  
RECORD 2 LENGTH 240  
51156.014 1.4650E-23 51156.075 1.6110E-23 51156.135 1.0240E-23 51156.196 3.6630E-24 51  
156.257 2.2030E-24 51156.317 3.3857E-23 51156.378 3.0235E-23 51156.438 3.0230E-23 51156  
.499 2.1810E-24 51156.559 9.4660E-24 51156.620 1.1660E-23 51156.680 1.5320E-23 51156.74  
1 2.3440E-23 51156.802 2.5660E-23 51156.862 2.7150E-23 51156.923 2.2690E-23 51156.983  
1.3090E-23 51157.044 4.3140E-24 51157.104 2.1270E-24 51157.165 1.3950E-24 51157.226 3  
.3775E-23 51157.286 2.8710E-23 51157.347 2.7984E-23 51157.407 3.0865E-23 51157.468 1.36  
80E-24 51157.528 8.6480E-24 51157.589 9.3730E-24 51157.650 9.3680E-24 51157.710 7.9000E  
-24 51157.771 3.5210E-24 51157.831 3.1549E-23 51157.892 2.9377E-23 51157.952 2.9372E-23  
51158.013 2.6484E-23 51158.073 3.2974E-23 51158.134 7.1320E-24 51158.195 1.1520E-23 51  
158.255 1.0780E-23 51158.316 1.0040E-23 51158.376 1.2230E-23 51158.437 1.0030E-23 51158  
.497 4.9110E-24 51158.558 5.4400E-25 51158.619 3.4450E-24 51158.679 5.6240E-24 51158.74  
0 1.0730E-23 51158.800 1.5130E-23 51158.861 8.5280E-24 51158.921 3.4170E-24 51158.982  
1.9580E-24 51159.043 3.4336E-23 51159.103 3.0712E-23 51159.164 2.9263E-23 51159.224 3  
.2871E-23 51159.285 3.4314E-23 51159.345 2.9246E-23 51159.406 2.9963E-23 51159.467 3.21  
25E-23 51159.527 3.2844E-23 51159.588 5.5420E-24 51159.648 5.1880E-24 51159.709 9.9150E  
-24 51159.769 9.1770E-24 51159.830 5.5200E-24 51159.891 3.0641E-23 51159.951 2.0571E-23  
51160.012 1.8421E-23 51160.072 1.6271E-23 51160.133 1.2711E-23 51160.193 1.2701E-23 51  
160.254 1.4831E-23 51160.315 1.7681E-23 51160.375 2.5552E-23 51160.436 2.7706E-23 51160  
.496 2.5542E-23 51160.557 2.6255E-23 51160.617 2.6250E-23 51160.678 2.6964E-23 51160.73  
9 2.9121E-23 51160.799 3.0559E-23 51160.860 3.1277E-23 51160.920 2.7663E-23 51160.981  
2.6217E-23 51161.041 1.9761E-23 51161.102 1.5471E-23 51161.163 1.4751E-23 51161.223 1  
.1901E-23 51161.284 1.0481E-23 51161.344 1.0471E-23 51161.405 1.1181E-23 51161.465 1.75  
71E-23 51161.526 2.5449E-23 51161.587 2.6163E-23 51161.647 2.6157E-23 51161.708 2.2561E  
-23 51161.768 2.1121E-23 51161.829 2.3981E-23 51161.889 2.7575E-23 51161.950 3.0456E-23  
51162.011 2.8285E-23

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 3  
RECORD 44 LENGTH 240  
51411.410 1.9830E-23 51411.471 2.4360E-23 51411.532 3.2740E-23 51411.593 3.1970E-23 51  
411.654 1.8300E-23 51411.715 1.0840E-24 51411.776 3.4157E-23 51411.837 1.8150E-24 51411  
.898 4.7840E-24 51411.959 4.0340E-24 51412.021 7.7550E-24 51412.082 4.0230E-24 51412.14  
3 3.2730E-24 51412.204 3.2680E-24 51412.265 3.2620E-24 51412.326 1.0280E-24 51412.387  
2.5080E-24 51412.448 5.4780E-24 51412.509 5.4730E-24 51412.570 3.9780E-24 51412.631 5  
.4620E-24 51412.692 3.3333E-23 51412.753 9.8950E-25 51412.814 1.7260E-24 51412.875 2.81  
46E-23 51412.936 2.4461E-23 51412.997 1.8601E-23 51413.059 2.3721E-23 51413.120 2.2981E  
-23 51413.181 2.4441E-23 51413.242 2.5170E-23 51413.303 2.5164E-23 51413.364 2.5159E-23  
51413.425 2.2221E-23 51413.486 2.2211E-23 51413.547 2.3671E-23 51413.608 2.7343E-23 51  
413.669 1.6480E-24 51413.730 1.1340E-23 51413.791 2.2640E-23 51413.852 2.7950E-23 51413  
.913 2.8700E-23 51413.974 2.3380E-23 51414.035 8.3180E-24 51414.097 2.8035E-23 51414.15  
8 2.5086E-23 51414.219 2.7287E-23 51414.280 3.0780E-24 51414.341 9.7860E-24 51414.402  
1.4280E-23 51414.463 1.2020E-23 51414.524 6.7800E-24 51414.585 6.7750E-24 51414.646 1  
.0510E-23 51414.707 9.7530E-24 51414.768 9.7470E-24 51414.829 1.1240E-23 51414.890 1.34  
80E-23 51414.951 1.2730E-23 51415.012 1.5730E-23 51415.074 1.1970E-23 51415.135 4.4880E  
-24 51415.196 3.1624E-23 51415.257 2.6456E-23 51415.318 2.6451E-23 51415.379 2.4975E-23  
51415.440 2.7176E-23 51415.501 2.9381E-23 51415.562 2.9375E-23 51415.623 3.0846E-23 51  
415.684 3.1580E-23 51415.745 3.4536E-23 51415.806 3.6830E-24 51415.867 3.6770E-24 51415  
.928 1.4420E-24 51415.990 3.1552E-23 51416.051 2.1981E-23 51416.112 1.6861E-23 51416.17  
3 1.3941E-23 51416.234 1.8301E-23 51416.295 2.6362E-23 51416.356 3.1519E-23 51416.417  
2.9297E-23 51416.478 2.4141E-23 51416.539 2.1931E-23 51416.600 2.1201E-23 51416.661 2  
.2661E-23 51416.722 2.8532E-23 51416.783 3.1480E-23 51416.844 3.3694E-23 51416.905 3.07  
29E-23 51416.967 2.5565E-23 51417.028 2.2621E-23 51417.089 2.6289E-23 51417.150 1.3300E  
-24 51417.211 9.5240E-24 51417.272 1.1770E-23 51417.333 8.7650E-24 51417.394 6.5180E-24  
51417.455 6.5130E-24

TAPE NO. 1 FILE NO. 3  
RECORD 45 LENGTH 816

-22	55493.227	8.9880E-22	55493.298	9.1550E-22	55493.370	9.2380E-22	55493.442	9.0270E-22
	55493.513	9.267E-22	55493.585	9.3620E-22	55493.656	9.5730E-22	55493.728	9.7000E-22
	493.800	9.656E-22	55493.871	8.9800E-22	55493.943	8.6870E-22	55494.014	8.6030E-22
	.086	8.8930E-22	55494.157	9.5240E-22	55494.229	9.8220E-22	55494.301	9.9920E-22
	2	1.0290E-21	55494.444	1.0470E-21	55494.515	1.0780E-21	55494.587	1.0420E-21
	1.5770E-21	55494.733	1.8990E-21	55494.802	1.1120E-21	55494.873	1.1070E-21	55494.945
	.1380E-21	55495.017	1.2140E-21	55495.088	1.2870E-21	55495.160	1.3850E-21	55495.231
	10E-21	55495.303	1.5880E-21	55495.374	1.7040E-21	55495.446	1.8550E-21	55495.518
	-21	55495.589	2.1450E-21	55495.661	2.2080E-21	55495.732	2.2540E-21	55495.804
	55495.876	2.2250E-21	55495.947	2.1500E-21	55496.019	2.0490E-21	55496.090	1.9290E-21
	496.162	1.8590E-21	55496.234	1.7960E-21	55496.305	1.7750E-21	55496.377	1.7900E-21
	.448	1.8060E-21	55496.520	1.8110E-21	55496.592	1.8210E-21	55496.663	1.8580E-21
	5	1.9060E-21	55496.806	1.9660E-21	55496.878	2.0480E-21	55496.950	2.1210E-21
	2.2060E-21	55497.093	2.2880E-21	55497.164	2.3410E-21	55497.236	2.3590E-21	55497.308
	.3890E-21	55497.379	2.4250E-21	55497.451	2.4310E-21	55497.522	2.3710E-21	55497.594
	90E-21	55497.666	2.2340E-21	55497.737	2.1820E-21	55497.809	2.1650E-21	55497.880
	-21	55497.952	2.0580E-21	55498.023	1.9750E-21	55498.095	1.8560E-21	55498.167
	55498.238	1.6700E-21						

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	22
RECORD	51	LENGTH	576
	55498.310	1.5630E-21	55498.381
	498.596	1.1470E-21	55498.668
	.883	1.0060E-21	55498.954
	9	8.9540E-22	55499.241
	8.8660E-22	55499.527	8.5730E-22
	.9110E-22	55499.814	7.9510E-22
			55498.453
			55498.739
			55499.026
			55499.312
			55499.599
			55499.885
			55498.525
			55498.811
			55499.098
			55499.384
			55499.670
			55499.957
			55498.663
			55498.950
			55499.236
			55499.522
			55499.809
			55499.957
			55499.167
			55499.456
			55499.742
			55499.957
			55499.957

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	23
RECORD	1	LENGTH	2400
	-1	1602;B12-XD;79K	WNO
	537.262	9.5210E-22	55537.333
	.549	8.1570E-22	55537.620
	6	7.2480E-22	55537.907
	3.9800E-22	55538.194	4.0340E-22
	.0290E-22	55538.482	2.8630E-22
	00E-22	55538.769	2.4180E-22
	-22	55539.056	2.7420E-22
	55539.343	2.800E-22	55539.415
	539.630	3.4500E-22	55539.702
	.917	3.2780E-22	55539.989
	4	2.5010E-22	55540.276
	2.6610E-22	55540.563	2.3850E-22
	.0540E-22	55540.850	2.2160E-22
	20E-22	55541.137	2.2110E-22
	-22	55541.424	1.5530E-22
	55541.711	3.1900E-22	55541.783
	541.998	2.8530E-22	55542.070
	.285	2.6280E-22	55542.357
	3	7.2500E-23	55542.644
	3.9950E-23	55542.931	9.8630E-23
	.4470E-22	55543.219	2.3360E-22
	10E-22	55543.506	1.7310E-22
	-22	55543.793	1.3470E-22
	55544.080	1.3420E-22	
			55537.118
			55537.405
			55537.692
			55537.979
			55538.266
			55538.553
			55538.840
			55539.127
			55539.415
			55539.702
			55540.060
			55540.348
			55540.635
			55540.922
			55541.209
			55541.496
			55541.783
			55542.070
			55542.357
			55542.644
			55542.931
			55543.219
			55543.506
			55543.793
			55544.080
			55537.190
			55537.477
			55537.764
			55538.051
			55538.338
			55538.625
			55538.912
			55539.199
			55539.486
			55539.773
			55540.060
			55540.348
			55540.635
			55540.922
			55541.209
			55541.496
			55541.783
			55542.070
			55542.357
			55542.644
			55542.931
			55543.219
			55543.506
			55543.793
			55544.080
			55537.118
			55537.405
			55537.692
			55537.979
			55538.266
			55538.553
			55538.840
			55539.127
			55539.415
			55539.702
			55540.060
			55540.348
			55540.635
			55540.922
			55541.209
			55541.496
			55541.783
			55542.070
			55542.357
			55542.644
			55542.931
			55543.219
			55543.506
			55543.793
			55544.080

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	23
RECORD	2	LENGTH	2400
	55544.152	1.5030E-22	55544.224
	544.439	2.2590E-22	55544.511
	.726	1.8720E-22	55544.798
	3	2.7420E-22	55545.085
	2.0250E-22	55545.372	1.4800E-22
	.2191E-23	55545.659	3.6771E-23
			55544.295
			55544.582
			55544.870
			55545.157
			55545.444
			55545.731
			55544.367
			55544.654
			55544.941
			55545.229
			55545.516
			55545.803
			55544.808
			55545.095
			55545.382
			55545.669
			55545.956
			55546.243
			55546.530
			55546.817
			55547.104
			55547.391
			55547.678
			55547.965
			55548.252
			55548.539
			55548.826
			55549.113
			55549.400
			55549.687
			55549.974
			55550.261
			55550.548
			55550.835
			55551.122
			55551.409
			55551.696
			55551.983
			55552.270
			55552.557
			55552.844
			55553.131
			55553.418
			55553.705
			55553.992
			55554.279
			55554.566
			55554.853
			55555.140
			55555.427
			55555.714
			55556.001
			55556.288
			55556.575
			55556.862
			55557.149
			55557.436
			55557.723
			55558.010
			55558.297
			55558.584
			55558.871
			55559.158
			55559.445
			55559.732
			55560.019
			55560.306
			55560.593
			55560.880
			55561.167
			55561.454
			55561.741
			55562.028
			55562.315
			55562.602
			55562.889
			55563.176
			55563.463
			55563.750
			55564.037
			55564.324
			55564.611
			55564.898
			55565.185
			55565.472
			55565.759
			55566.046
			55566.333
			55566.620
			55566.907
			55567.194
			55567.481
			55567.768
			55568.055
			55568.342
			55568.629
			55568.916
			55569.203
			55569.490
			55569.777
			55570.064
			55570.351
			55570.638
			55570.925
			55571.212
			55571.499
			55571.786
			55572.073
			55572.360

55546.521	9.7380E-23	55546.592	8.1150E-23	55546.664	8.1020E-23	55546.736	9.6990E-23	55546.808	1.1300E-22	55546.880	1.3440E-22	55546.951	1.1810E-22	55547.023	1.0720E-22	55547.095	1.0170E-22	55547.167	1.3390E-22	55547.239	1.6630E-22	55547.310	1.6610E-22	55547.382	1.8770E-22	55547.454	2.7940E-22	55547.526	2.4760E-22	55547.598	2.4750E-22	55547.669	2.4180E-22	55547.741	2.2530E-22	55547.813	1.6520E-22	55547.885	1.3800E-22	55547.957	1.5950E-22	55548.028	1.8650E-22	55548.100	2.0820E-22	55548.172	2.2450E-22	55548.244	2.7380E-22	55548.316	3.2900E-22	55548.387	3.6780E-22	55548.459	3.6210E-22	55548.531	3.7880E-22	55548.603	4.0670E-22	55548.674	4.1210E-22	55548.746	3.9520E-22	55548.818	4.0630E-22	55548.890	3.7250E-22	55548.962	3.2220E-22	55549.033	2.9440E-22	55549.105	2.5020E-22	55549.177	2.0620E-22	55549.249	2.1100E-22	55549.321	2.3880E-22	55549.392	2.8270E-22	55549.464	3.2690E-22	55549.536	3.3780E-22	55549.608	3.6000E-22	55549.680	3.8780E-22	55549.752	3.8210E-22	55549.823	3.4850E-22	55549.895	3.5390E-22	55549.967	3.9290E-22	55550.039	3.5360E-22	55550.110	3.1460E-22	55550.182	3.3110E-22	55550.254	3.3650E-22	55550.326	3.9200E-22	55550.398	2.3680E-22	55550.469	2.0380E-22	55550.541	1.7650E-22	55550.613	1.6550E-22	55550.685	1.8160E-22	55550.757	2.3070E-22	55550.828	2.9660E-22	55550.900	3.0760E-22	55550.972	3.0740E-22	55551.044	2.8520E-22	55551.116	2.8500E-22	55551.187	2.5180E-22	55551.259	2.2430E-22
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TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	23																																																																																																																																																																																																				
RECCRD	44	LENGTH	24																																																																																																																																																																																																				
55847.491	1.1900E-21	55847.564	1.2490E-21	55847.636	1.5140E-21	55847.709	1.8270E-21	55847.782	2.2970E-21	55847.854	2.9560E-21	55847.927	3.6730E-21	55848.000	4.4170E-21	55848.072	5.7190E-21	55848.145	6.5880E-21	55848.218	7.1500E-21	55848.290	7.3950E-21	55848.363	7.1340E-21	55848.436	6.4690E-21	55848.508	5.6530E-21	55848.581	4.8360E-21	55848.654	3.3130E-21	55848.726	2.8500E-21	55848.799	2.5050E-21	55848.872	2.2080E-21	55848.944	1.9300E-21	55849.017	1.6700E-21	55849.090	1.5330E-21	55849.162	1.5330E-21	55849.235	1.5900E-21	55849.308	1.7500E-21	55849.380	2.0130E-21	55849.453	2.3260E-21	55849.526	2.7460E-21	55849.598	3.2560E-21	55849.671	3.8160E-21	55849.744	5.0620E-21	55849.816	6.1980E-21	55849.889	7.4080E-21	55849.962	8.4600E-21	55850.034	9.1130E-21	55850.107	9.3590E-21	55850.180	9.3770E-21	55850.252	9.2230E-21	55850.325	8.9510E-21	55850.398	8.8340E-21	55850.471	8.9680E-21	55850.543	9.2100E-21	55850.616	9.4610E-21	55850.688	9.5500E-21	55850.761	9.3410E-21	55850.834	8.9330E-21	55850.906	8.3070E-21	55850.979	7.4460E-21	55851.052	6.4880E-21	55851.124	5.5510E-21	55851.197	4.1680E-21	55851.270	3.4850E-21	55851.343	5.9840E-21	55851.415	2.5740E-21	55851.488	2.2820E-21	55851.561	2.0240E-21	55851.633	1.8120E-21	55851.706	1.5780E-21	55851.779	1.4070E-21	55851.851	1.3230E-21	55851.924	1.2470E-21	55851.997	1.1850E-21	55852.069	1.1040E-21	55852.142	1.0770E-21	55852.215	1.0370E-21	55852.287	9.8330E-22	55852.360	9.5670E-22	55852.433	9.1710E-22	55852.505	8.4520E-22	55852.578	7.3560E-22	55852.651	6.0250E-22	55852.723	5.7730E-22	55852.796	6.1480E-22	55852.869	6.7770E-22	55852.941	7.0300E-22	55853.014	7.3470E-22	55853.087	7.4100E-22	55853.160	7.4180E-22	55853.232	7.3430E-22	55853.305	7.5330E-22	55853.378	7.6600E-22	55853.450	7.5950E-22	55853.523	7.2090E-22	55853.596	6.7000E-22	55853.668	6.6980E-22	55853.741	6.8230E-22	55853.814	7.0130E-22	55853.886	7.9070E-22	55853.959	8.2940E-22	55854.032	5.8230E-22	55854.104	7.3900E-22	55854.177	6.8150E-22	55854.250	6.1190E-22	55854.322	5.4920E-22	55854.395	5.2420E-22	55854.468	4.9930E-22	55854.541	5.0530E-22	55854.613	5.4240E-22	55854.686	6.1470E-22

TAPE NO.	1	FILE NO.	23																																																				
RECORD	45	LENGTH	672																																																				
55854.759	6.2350E-22	55854.831	6.1700E-22	55854.904	6.0430E-22	55854.977	5.7290E-22	55855.049	4.9810E-22	55855.122	4.7330E-22	55855.195	4.9780E-22	55855.267	5.0390E-22	55855.341	4.9140E-22	55855.413	5.4080E-22	55855.486	5.9690E-22	55855.558	6.0930E-22	55855.631	5.3290E-22	55855.704	5.7770E-22	55855.776	5.4010E-22	55855.849	5.2750E-22	55855.922	4.9640E-22	55855.994	5.0240E-22	55856.067	5.5820E-22	55856.140	5.7680E-22	55856.212	5.6420E-22	55856.285	5.5780E-22	55856.358	5.5140E-22	55856.430	5.5130E-22	55856.503	5.3240E-22	55856.576	5.3850E-22	55856.649	6.2600E-22	55856.724	6.5740E-22

\*\*\*\*\* JOB DONE.  
\$WED LPS