



Telescope Overview

Ted Sholar

JHU/APL

ted_sholar@jhuapl.edu

443-778-5543



API Telescone Lead Personnel

- Ted Sholar
 - Keith Peacock
 - Mike Kreitz
 - Jack Ercol
 - Dave Lohr
 - Al Sadilek
 - Jim Hutchesson
 - Rob Gold
 - Larry Mastracci
 - John Coopersmith

Systems & Structural

Optics

Mechanical

Thermal

Electrical

Alignment & Purge

Assembly Technician

Science

Product Assurance

Contamination

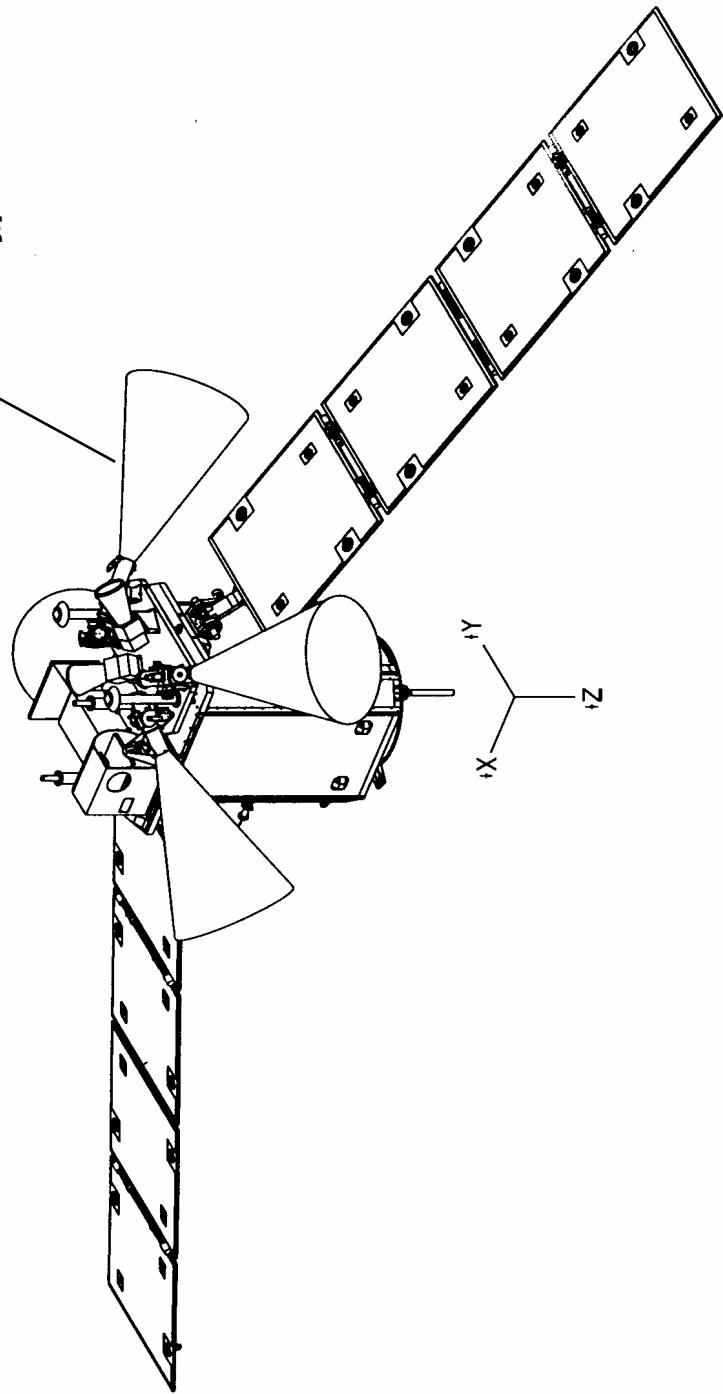
API_Task_Summary

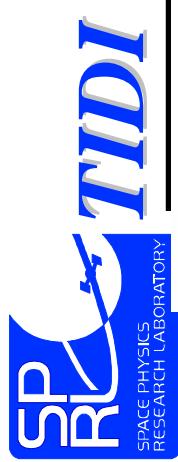
- APL responsible for designing, building and testing four earth limb scanning telescopes for the University of Michigan's Space Physics Research Laboratory (SPRRL)
- SPRRL is responsible for defining the top level telescope subsystem requirements which APL flows down into detailed engineering requirements
- SPRRL supplies the telescope servo (scan drive actuator, position readout device, electronics and software)
- APL will build and test a flight like Engineering Model (EM) for design verification purposes
- In essence, this is an optomechanical task - no APL electronics or software development



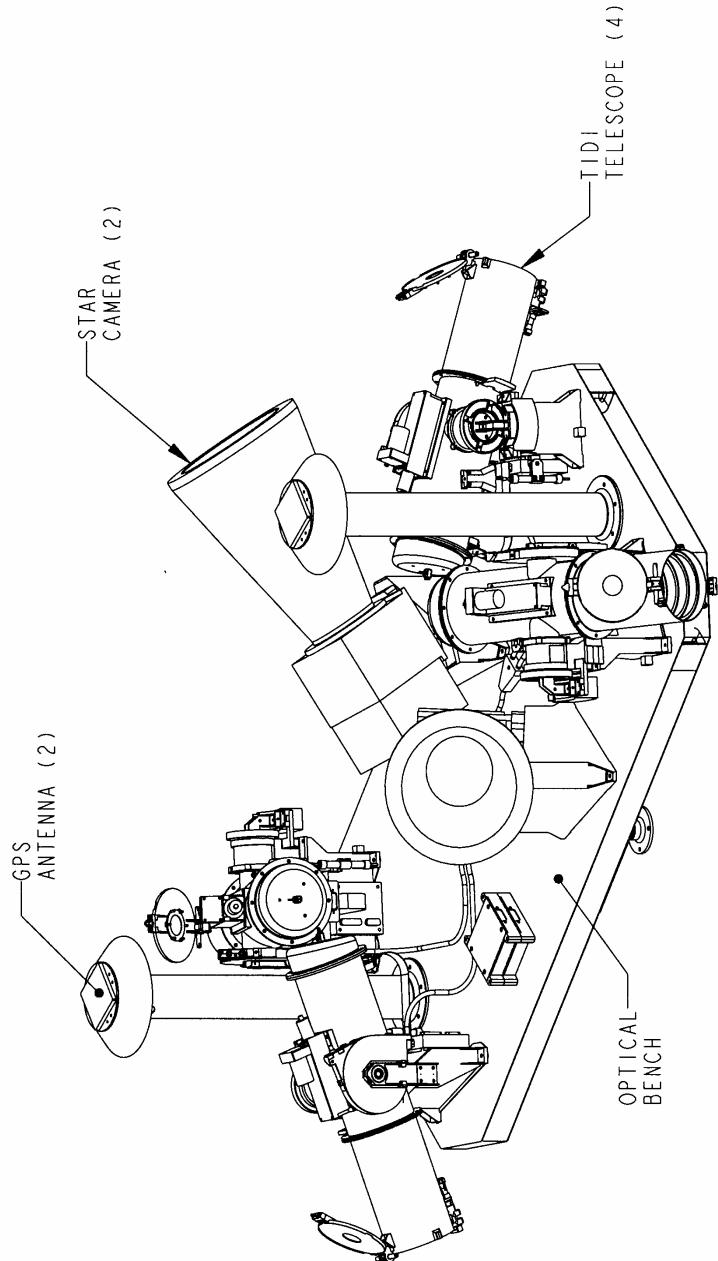
TIMED Spacecraft Configuration

Telescope Clear
Field Of View,
Typical Four Places



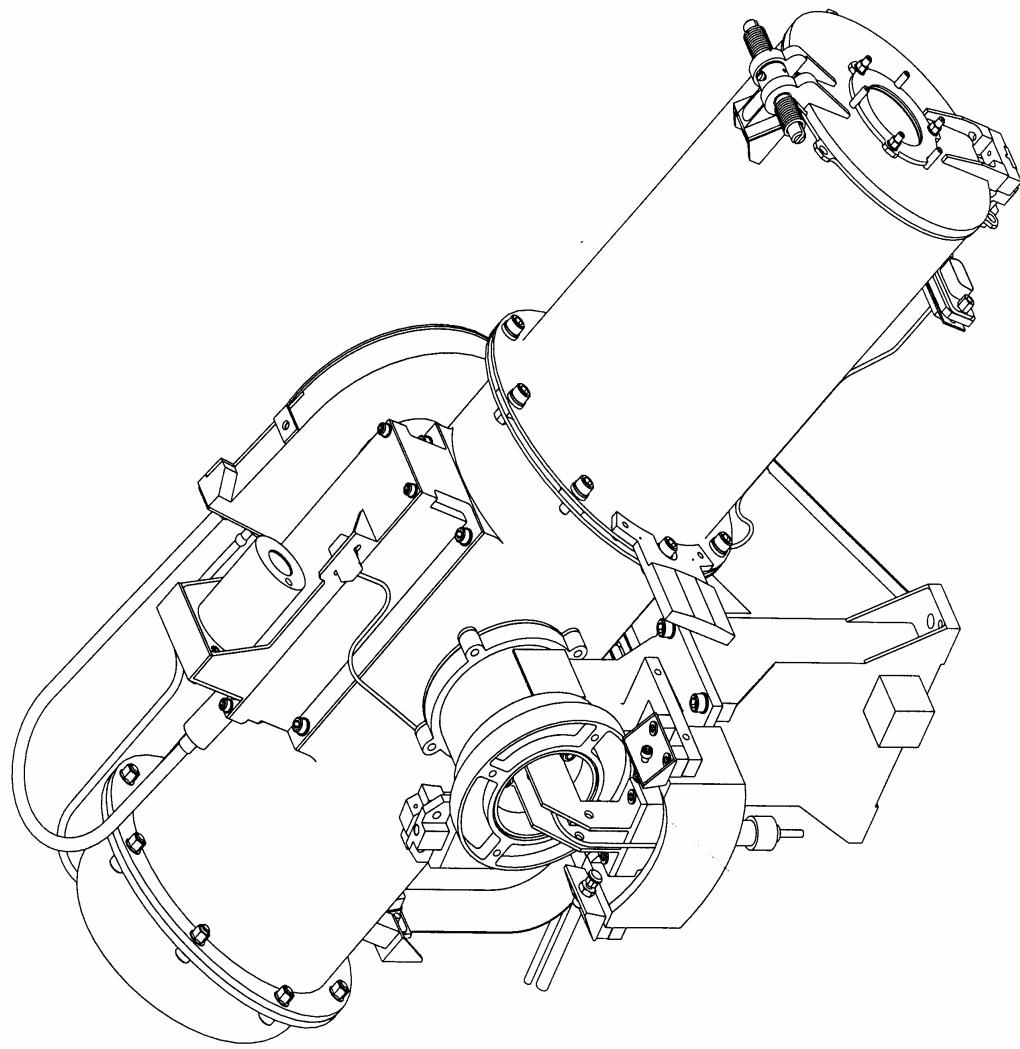


Optical Bench Configuration





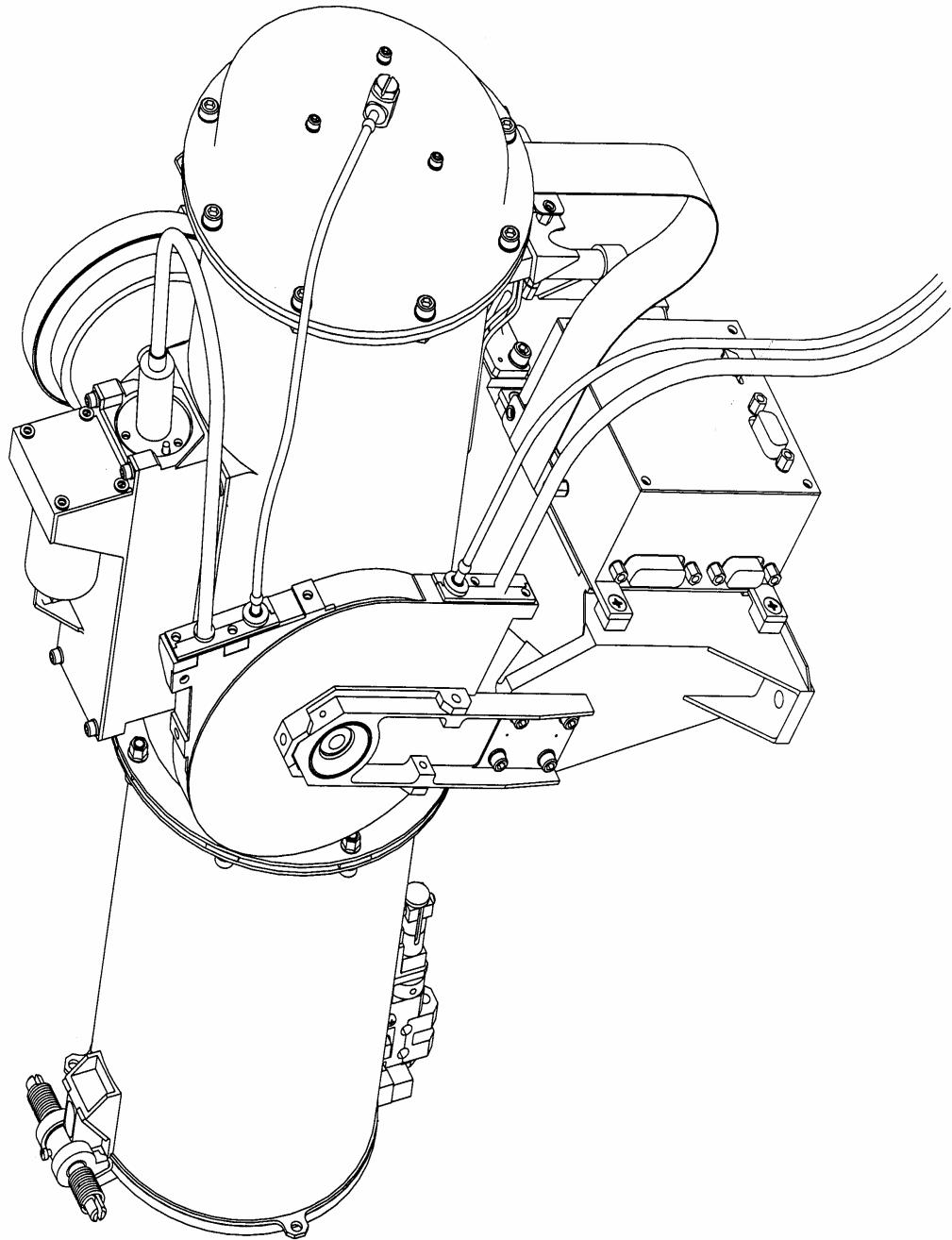
Telescope Configuration



TIDI CDR 4/28, 4/29/98

D.2.6 Sholar

Telescope Configuration



Design Drivers

- Optical collection area and Field Of View (FOV)
- Minimize stray/scattered light reaching fiber optic bundle (focal plane)
- Keep subsystem drag torque under 5 ounce inches
- Max weight of 4.6 kg (10.14 lbs) per telescope
- End to end alignment knowledge error not to exceed 80 arc-sec azimuth and 100 arc-sec elevation
- No mechanical launch lock - utilize static balance

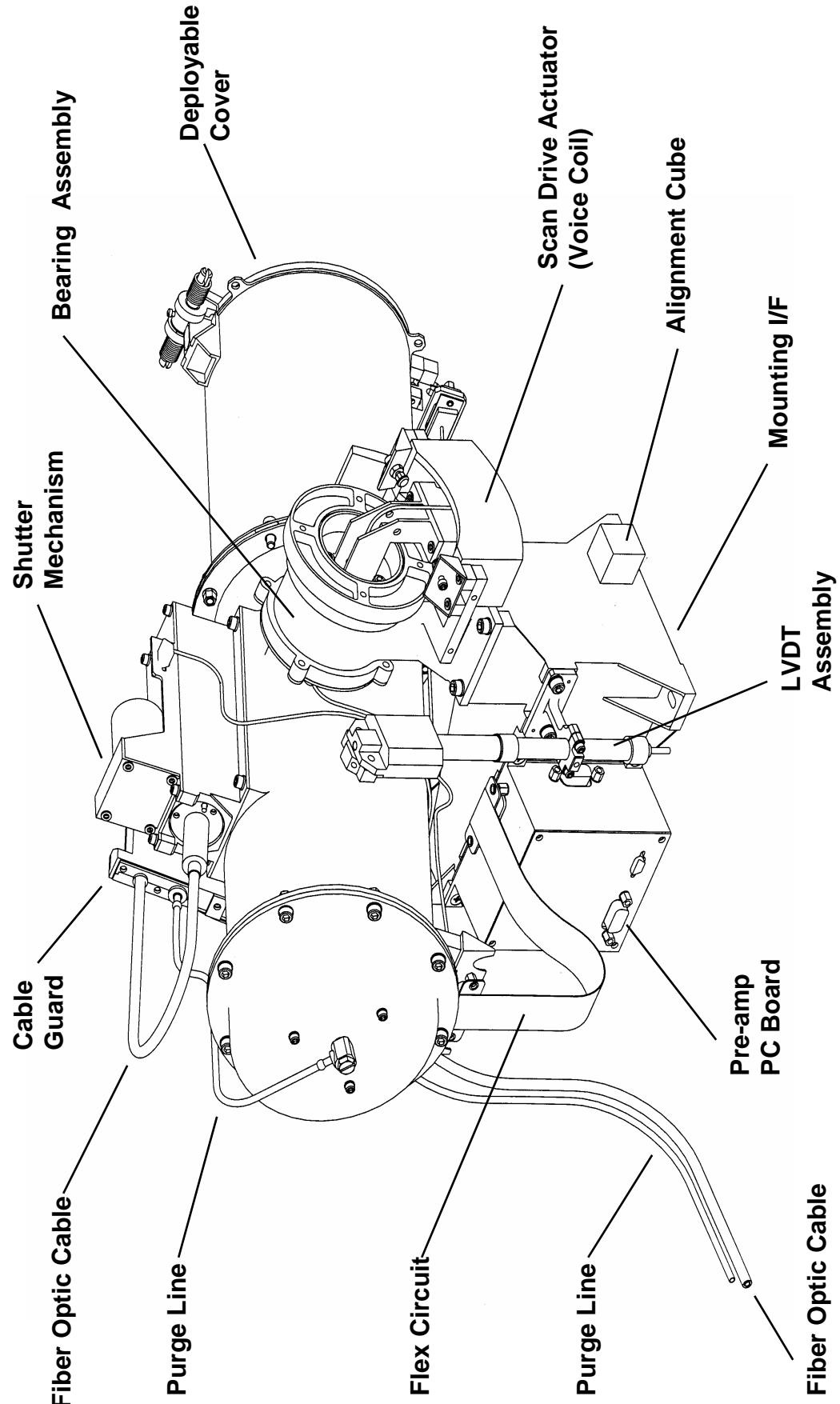




- **S/C Interfaces:** Three point bolted mount
Clear Field Of View
Electrical Connections
Purge line
- **SPRL Interfaces:** Scan drive actuator (voice coil)
LVDT assembly
LVDT pre-amp electronics
Fiber Optic Cable (FOC)
Electrical Connections



Interfaces



TIDI CDR 4/28, 4/29/98

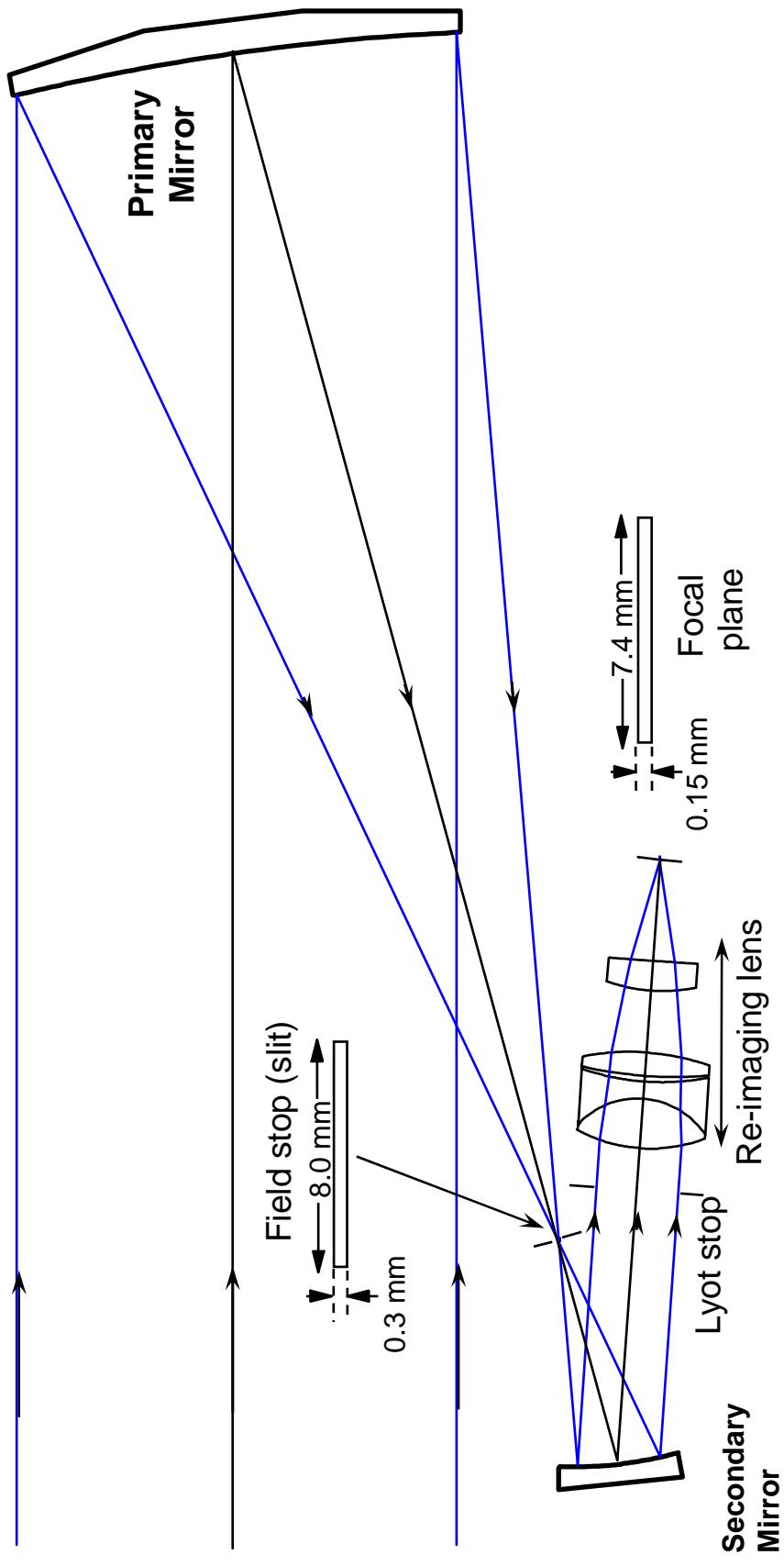
D.2.10 Sholar

Features - Optical

- Off-axis unobscured primary mirror
- Field stop and Lyot stop for stray light control
- Re-imaging optics to fiber optic bundle
- Radiation resistant glass re-imaging lenses
- Light-weight aluminum primary and secondary mirrors
- Low scatter gold coating on mirror reflecting surfaces



Features - Optical



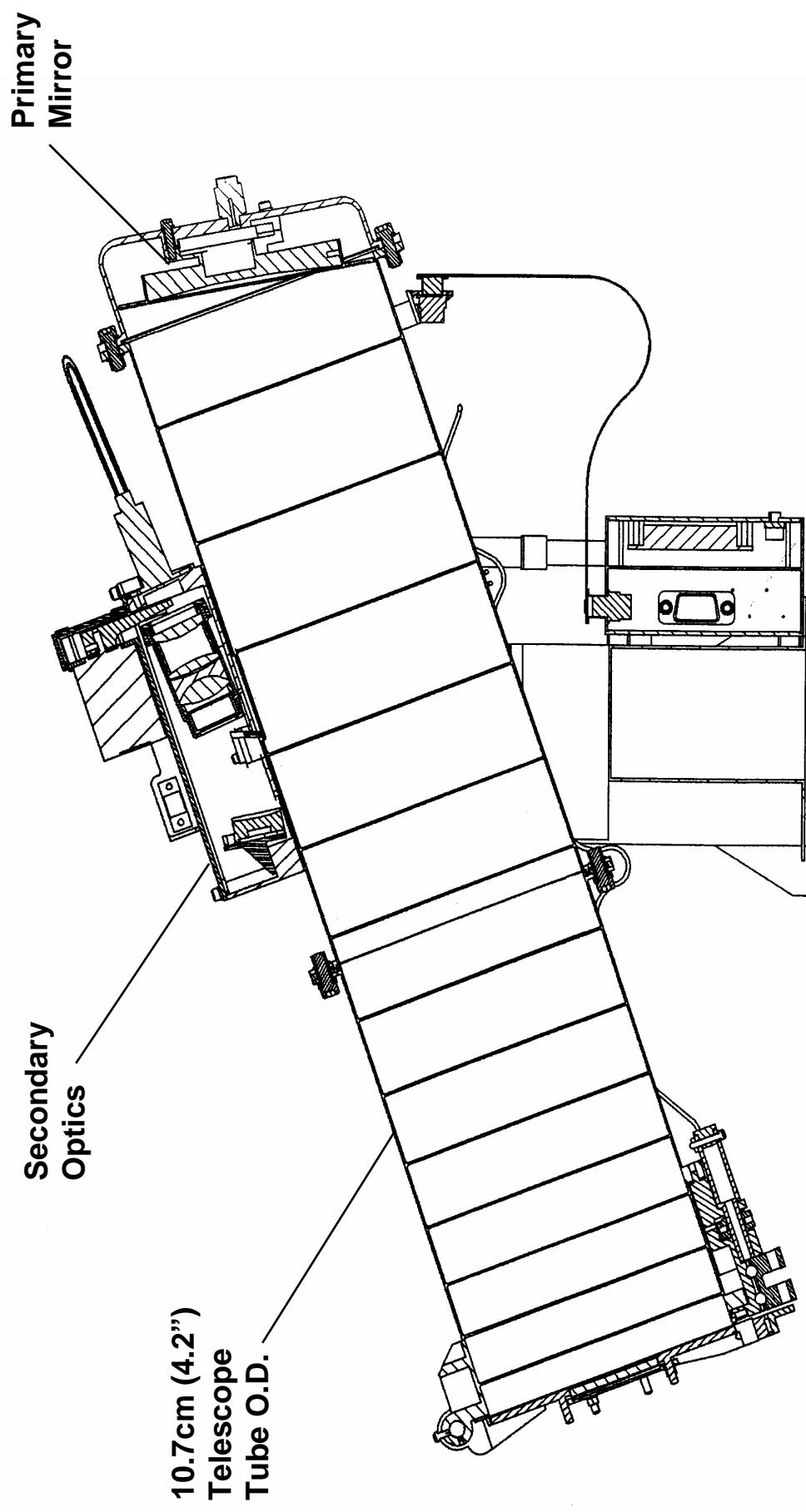
Features - Mechanical

- Nominal 20.35° look down angle from S/C horizontal
- $\pm 5^\circ$ operational scan range with a $\pm 11^\circ$ over scan capability for bearing lubrication
- Baffled telescope housing and sunshade for stray light
- Single use deployable cover and continuous purge of primary mirror for contamination control
- Shutter mechanism in line with fiber optic bundle
- Aluminum telescope assembly mounted to a titanium bearing assembly and support base
- Operationally, telescope is cantilevered from a single pair of angular contact bearings - snubber/bushing support required to survive launch





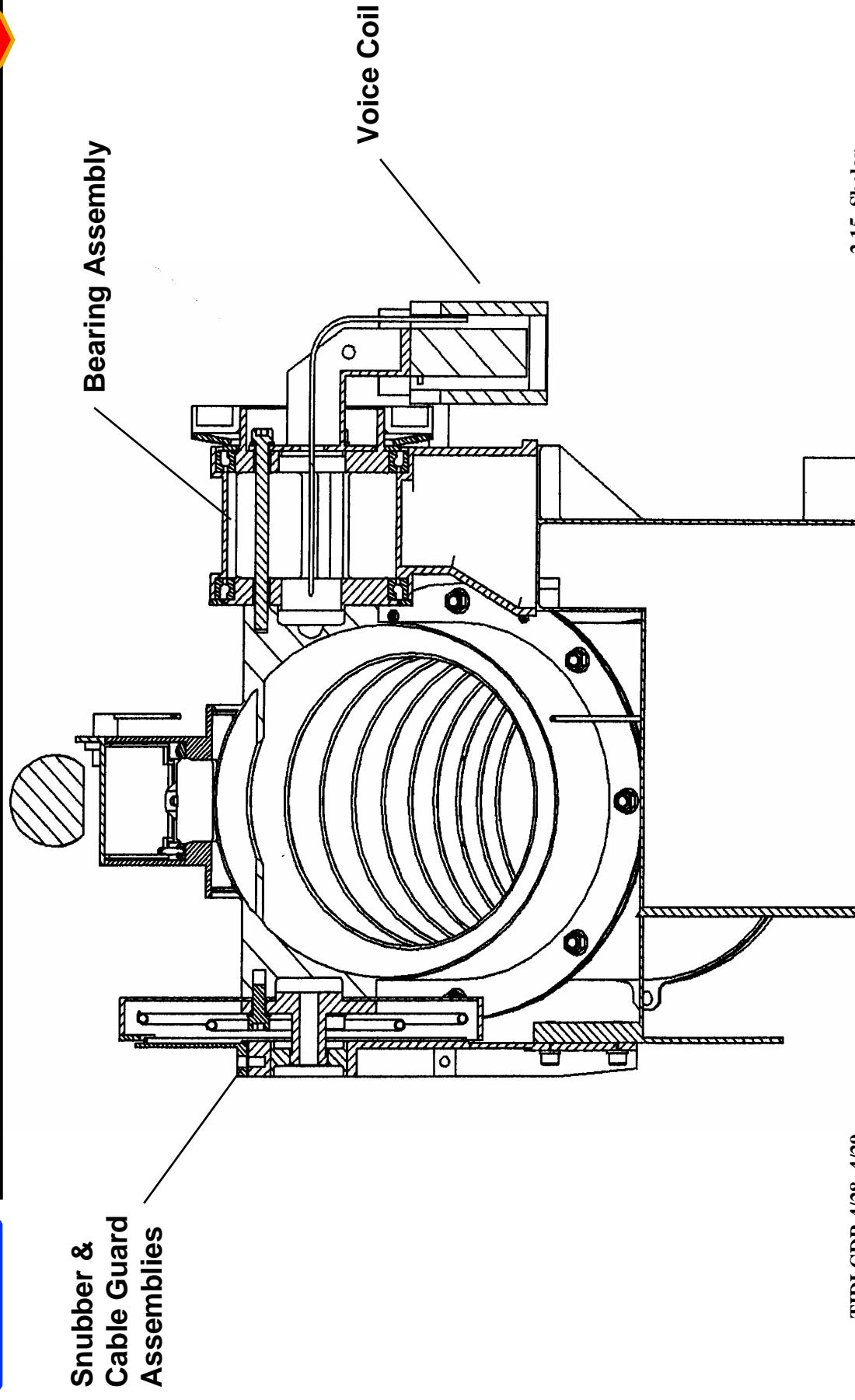
Features - Mechanical



TIDI CDR 4/28, 4/29/98

D.2.14 Sholar

Features - Mechanical

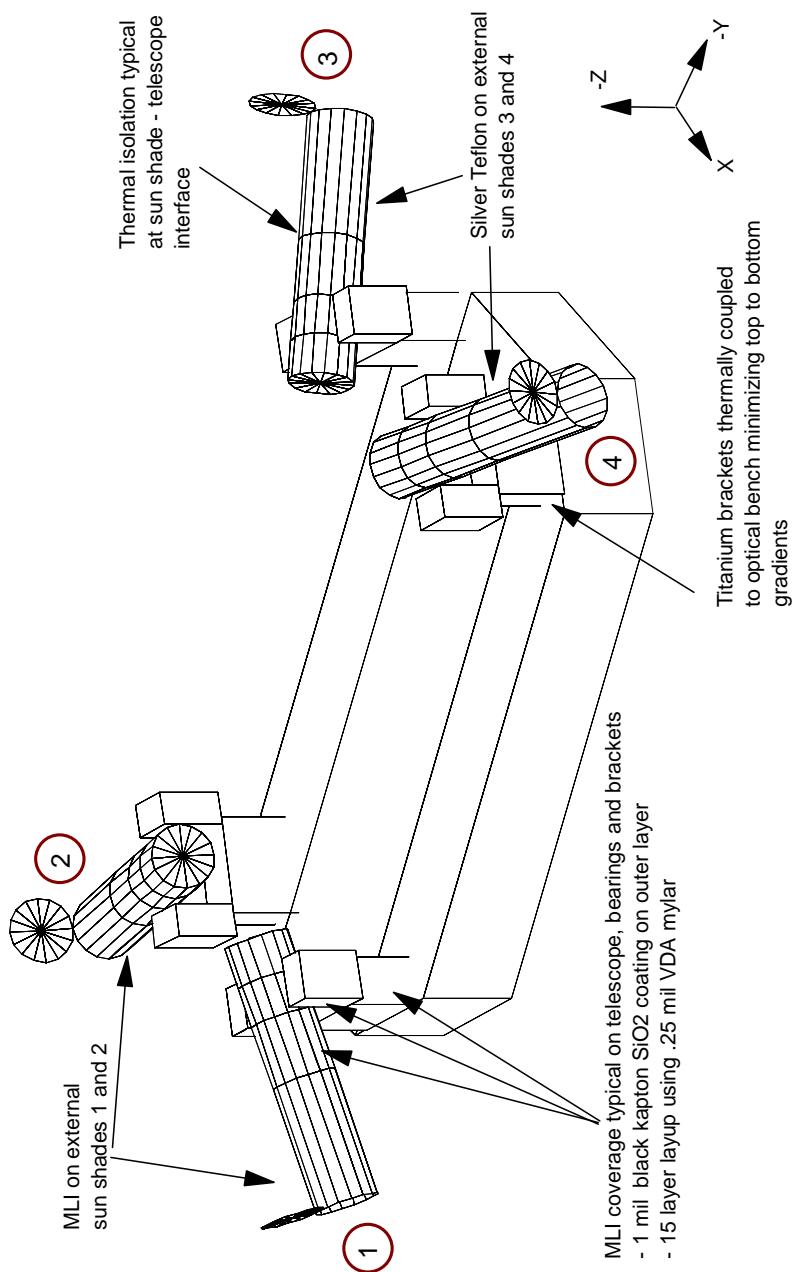


Features - Thermal

- Four telescopes thermally configured in pairs:
sun side (-Y) & anti-sun side (+Y)
- A single non-redundant dual element heater for both operational and survival modes
- Operational temperatures maintained with a programmable setpoint electronic thermostat
- Survival temperatures maintained with a non-redundant mechanical thermostat
- Operational design range of -20°C to +50°C,
survival design range of -40°C to +50°C
- At certain Beta angles, available power may limit desired operating temperature



Features - Thermal



Test Plan - Engineering Model

- Ambient & cold drag torque determination
- Alignment error over temperature
- Component level sine and random vibration:
 - Alignment launch shift
 - Drag torque variation
 - No launch lock verification
- Alignment launch shift due to 1g release
- Deployable cover release
- Thermal balance - two configurations
- Life cycles in vacuum



Test Plan - Flight Units

- Component level optical measurements
- Deployable cover release
- Ambient & cold drag torque determination
- Subsystem optical measurements - ambient
- Subsystem optical measurements - in vacuum and over temperature (includes alignment)
- LVDT calibration over temperature
- Light leak check
- Component level sine and random vibration





Schedule Summary / Status

- Optics Procurement
 - Began EM Testing
 - Flight Fabrication
 - Instrument CDR
 - Telescope CDR
 - Complete EM Testing
 - Begin Flight Assembly
 - Begin Flight Testing
 - Delivery

EM Test Result Summary

- **Drag Torques:** Cold testing verifies that **5 oz-in** requirement will be met for operational scan range but may be exceeded during overscans
- **Alignment Over Temperature:** Initial testing indicated substantial movement - additional testing planned to verify problem and correct if legitimate
- **Vibration:** Structural integrity verified, alignment shift acceptable, drag torque variation acceptable and no launch lock verified
- **1 g Release:** Alignment shift is acceptable
- **Weight:** Current mass margin is greater than 10%



Concerns

- Alignment errors
- Stray/scattered light
- Bearing torque spikes
- Focused sunlight on slit