



Thermosphere • Ionosphere • Mesosphere • Energetics and Dynamics

TIMED INSTRUMENT SUMMARY

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

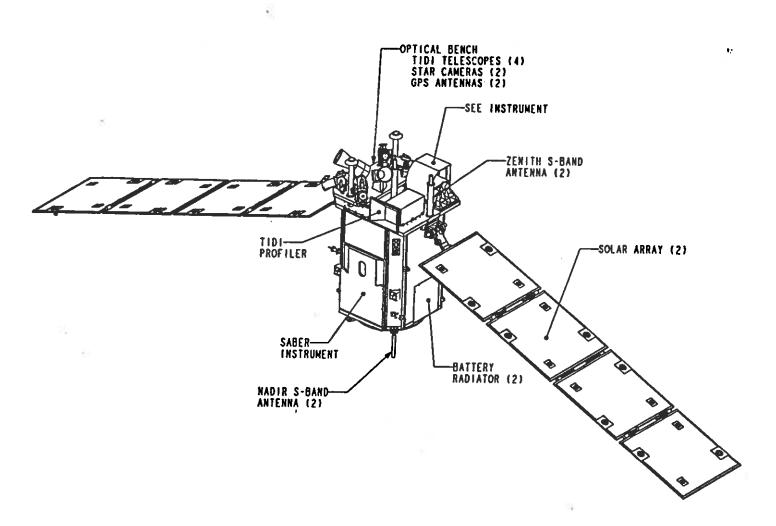
- S/C layout (instrument locations)
- Instrument descriptions:
 - 3D drwg / high level description / specs
 - changes since PDR
 - S/C resource table
- ICD status
- Background Information:
 - Electrical interface
 - Instrument status words
 - instrument autonomy
 - I&T concept



Critical Design Review

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Spacecraft Configuration







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GUVI Instrument Description:

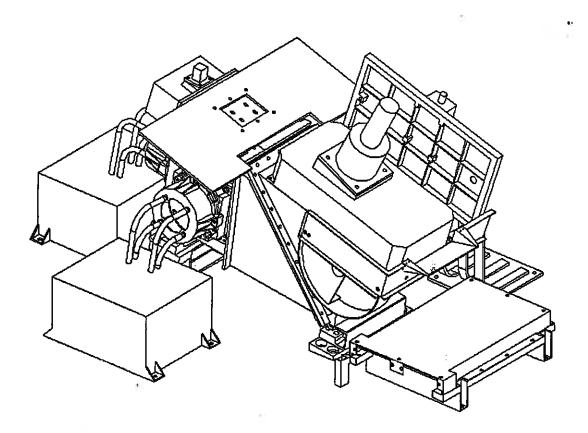
- UV (115 180 nm) cross-track scanning imaging spectrograph
- 140° (cross track) x 11.8° (along track) field of regard
- Spectrograph characteristics:
 - Roland circle spectrograph design
 - 3 slit sizes
 - ruled grating
 - redundant intensified Wedge and strip detectors
- Image (prime) mode:
 - Cross track horizon to horizon scan; limb overscan on anti-sun side
 - 191 x 14 spatial pixels; 5 spectral colors; 15 second scan
- Spectrograph (calibrate) mode:
 - Fixed cross track look angle
 - 14 along track pixels; 168 spectral bins; 3 second frame period
- total of 7 assemblies: Scanning Imaging Spectrograph (SIS), SIS Electronics, Focal Plane Electronics (FPE) #1, FPE #2, High Voltage Power Supply (HVPS) #1, HVPS #2, and the Electronics Control Unit (ECU)
- 2.0 nm spectral resolution (medium slit); 7.4 km spatial resolution (nadir); 0.2 ct/sec/R responsivity (135.6 nm)





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GUVI Instrument Layout







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GUVI Changes Since PDR

- Re-partitioning:
 - A/D board moved from FPE to ECU
 - High voltage divider moved from HVPS to FPE
 - ECU pkg redesigned based on TIMED IEM design
- Thermal:
 - scan mirror motor conductively tied to deck
 - SIS thermal rediator size increased to reduce detector temp
- Vibration specs:
 - SIS being designed to the SSUSI random spec in lieu of the TIMED spec (approved by E.Schaefer)

scan mirror, pop-up mirror, slit shutter		Perturbing Mechanisms
prolonged ram or sun		Keep out zones (such as sun, moon, earth)
250, each axis, 3σ	(m/s)	Velocity Knowledge
1, each axis ,3σ	(km)	Position Knowledge
0.25°, each axis, 3σ	(deg)	
		Pointing knowledge error (star camera boresight to GUVI mounting location; includes attitude, thermal and mochanical sources)
0.1° / 15 sec, each axis, 3σ	(deg/sec)	Stability
< 0.03°, each axis, 3s	(deg)	optical cube)
l°, each axis, 3σ	(deg)	Attitude Control error (defined at SIS mounting location)
		Attitude and Navigation Requirements:
TOO DOME AND	(aog)	TO DE A DESCRIPTIVO A
+50° hoth avis	(deg)	Instrument provided radiator clear field of view:
None	-	S/C provided radiators
2; -70 to +100°C		# / range of S/C monitored temp sensors
15°C (SIS, Y axis); 4°C (SIS, X axis) no req't (all others)	(deg C)	I/F thermal gradients
2.0 (SIS); no req't (all others)	(deg C/min)	lity
All pkgs -24°C to +55°C (operate); -29°C to +60°C (survive)	(deg C)	UF temperature range
		Thermal Requirements (for each piece):
0.04 / 0.068 Sec F,K; 30		Jitte
yes		rinning req1
+85° to -62° (cross track) x ±10° along track		Clear Field(s) of View
±0.05 each axis	(deg)	(S/C master cube to GUVI ref cube)
	,	Intial SIS mechanical alignment knowledge error
±1.0	(deg)	Initial SIS mechanical alignment placement error (S/C master cube to GUVI ref cube)
Cross trk; +80 (anti-sun) to -60° wrt Nadir		Pointing Direction(s)
available		Center of Gravity
19.3	(kg)	Weight
(SIS: FPE #1: FPE #2: HVPS #1 & 2: SIS Flec)	(i)	Mounting Configuration (footprint, etc.)
5.0(H) x 14.28(W) x 9.0(D) (ECU)		
	(in)	Calavala
11(H) x 27(W) x 16(D)		Dimensions
Imager		
Global UltraViolet		RQTBLR11.XLS 11/6/97
GUVI		

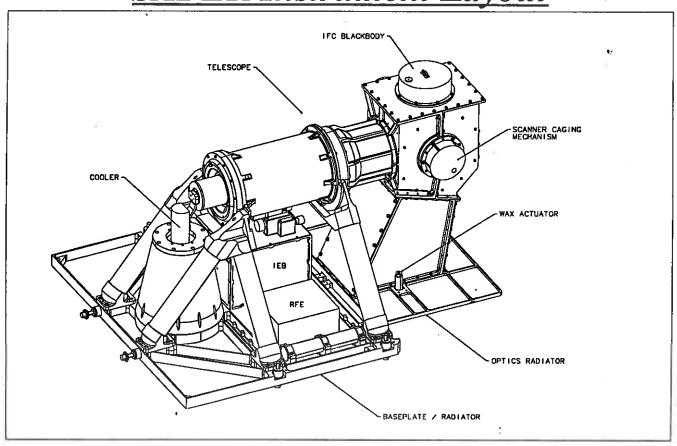
		Calibration	-
FPE wideband amp susceptibility		EMC	
HVPS, GSE lamp, purge		Safety (such as a radiation source)	
pyro release cover, yaw maneuver		Mission Operations (such as deployments)	
Yes (part of S/C arming plug)		Arming plug on S/C side	
A600 (SIS); A605 (SIS Electronics); A610 (FPE#1); A612 (FPE#2); A620 (HVPS#1); A622 (HVPS#2); A625 (ECU)	Ţ	A#s	· · ·
		Integration and Test	i
		Special Requirements For:	S
CICCHOINCS COACS			Т
All mechanical hdwr, harnesses, thermal blankels, and		Bakeout req'ts on S/C	
N2 purge, grade C, 0.2 to 0.5 Umin, 8 hrs, N2 purge		Purge Requirements (type, purity, flow rate, max time w/o, pad req't)	
mdd C1		Hydrocarbon levels	T
1,000		S/C Surface Cleanliness	Т
class 100,000		Acceptable Cleanliness Levels for S/C Intgr	T
		Cleanliness Requirements:	a
in (Source) - in (System)		# OI ICIAYS	T
2 (nower) + 2 (nyros)		the Office of the Country of the Cou	Т
22 to 35	(volts)	Voltage Range	
11, 26.6	(natt)	Survive heater power[OAP (cold case); peak (35v)]	
7, 17	(watt)	Operational heater power [OAP (cold case); peak (35v)]	
24, 24	(watt)	Orbit avg power / orbit mode (does not include htr pwr)	
1000 - every 50 min	(msec)	Peak Power duration (does not include htr pwr)	Г
0, 18 to 29	(watt)	Peak power / instrument mode (does not include htr pwr)	
0, 18 to 24	(watt)	Avg pwr / instrument mode (does not include htr pwr)	Г
		Power Requirements:	叓
MIL-STD-1553		Preferred S/C data interface concept	
OT time; term xing; yaw mnvr; sun vector; solar panel move; safe tlag; S/C attitude (1 Hz), SAA		Special data needs (terminator crossings, etc.)	
100	(ms)	Time knowledge	
100%		Duty cycle	П
8.105	(kbps)	Peak real time downlink data rate	_
8.105	(kbps)	Peak record data rate	
8.105	(kbps)	Daily avg data rate	
2 - Imaging, spectrograph		Orbit modes	
ı		Instrument modes of operation	
3.2 kb/wk; 640 kb S/W upload		Number and type of commands	Γ
		Command and Data Handling Requirements	Q
Imager		1	
Global UltraViolet		RQTBLR11.XLS 11/6/97	
GUVI			





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SABER Instrument Layout







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SABER Instrument characteristics:

- 10 channel, limb scanning, IR radiometer
- Wavelength range: 1.27 to $15.2 \mu m$
- Measurement altitude range: 10 to 180 km
- Vertical sampling interval: 0.4 km
- IFOV @ 60 km TH: 2 km FWHM
- Spectral resolution: 45 to 700 cm⁻¹ depending on channel
- consists of telescope, detector, refrigerator, refrigerator electronics, and electronics assembly
 - telescope:
 - scan mirror / encoder, cassegrain mirror assy, chopper, clamshell mirror assy, detector assy
 - detector assy:
 - 10 detectors (HgCdTe(5), InSb (4), InGaAs(1)); unsealed unit, cooled to 75K, suspended from telescope by G10 tubes
 - refrigerator / refrigerator electronics:
 - pulse tube type, built by TRW, anticipate 384 mW heat load, 20W power dissipation
 - electronics assy:
 - state machine (no processor), total of 11 boards (3 signal processing, 3 power, 1 System controller / formatter / 1553 interface, 2 Housekeeping, 1 Scan mirror control / driver, and 1 BB / Jones source / heater / chopper.





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SABER Changes Since PDR

- FPA suspension by G-10 tubes instead of Kevlar string
- Eliminate window in detector housing
- Channel 8 and 9 detectors are InSb instead of InGaAs
- Rearranged detector positions in FPA
- Added 1553 I/F to refrigerator electronics
- Added DC/DC converter to power refrigerator electronics
- Moved Jones sources to within BB source
- S/C I/F is 6 attach points instead of 8
- Redesigned purge distribution system

(cm) 1.10(x), 1 (deg) 90° Off-Ram, A (deg) ±0.1°(X ±0.1°(X ±0.1°(X ±0.1°(X ±0.1°(X ±0.1°(X see GII see GII see GII (deg C) -29 to +30C (opera (deg C/min) 0,0 (deg C) 4;-7 (deg) 180 x (deg) 0.1°, e (ldeg) 0.3°, radial; 1.0 oth (m/s) see GII (m/s) see GII (ldeg) 0.1°, e sun on radia scan mirror (1E.4 N	I/F temperature range I/F temperature stability I/F thermal gradients #, range of S/C monitored temp sensors S/C provided radiators Instrument provided radiator CFOV: Optical radiator Interface radiator Attitude and Navigation Requirements: Attitude control error (defined at SABER mounting location) Attitude determination error (defined at optical bench optical cube) Stability Pointing knowledge error (star camera boresight to SABER mounting location; includes attitude, thermal and mechanical sources) Position knowledge Velocity Knowledge Velocity Knowledge Reep out zones (such as sun, moon, earth) Perturbing Mechanisms
(deg) (deg) (deg C) (deg C/min) (deg C/min) (deg C) (deg C) (deg C) (deg C)	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37	ach ach
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 (deg) 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (±0.1° (X), ±0.25° (±0.1° (X), ±0.25° (±0.1° (X), ±0.25° (±0.1° (X), ±0.25° (1.001° (1001), 5	ach
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg)	ach ach
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37	ach ch
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37	ach
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No see GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min) 0.5 K/min. (deg C) 4; -70 to +100C None (deg) 180 x 360; +Y si (deg) 180 x 360; +Y si (deg) 0.5°, each axis,	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 (deg) 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5° No see GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min) 0.5 K/min. (deg C) 180 x 360; +Y si (deg) (deg) 180 x 360; +Y si	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5° No see GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C/min) 55 K/min. (deg C) 4; -70 to +1000 None (deg) 180 x 360; +Y si (deg) 180 x 360; +Y si	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No see GIIS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C) min) (deg C) .05 K/min. (deg C) 4; -70 to +100C None (deg) 180 x 360; +Y si	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5° No see GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min) .05 K/min. (deg C) 17BD (deg C) 4;-70 to +100C None	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No See GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min) (deg C) TBD (deg C) 4; -70 to +100C None	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No see GIIS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min) 0.5 K/min. (deg C) 4; -70 to +100C	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No see GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min) .05 K/min. (deg C) TBD	ity
(deg) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 (deg) 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° ((deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5° No see GHS Fig 6.2 (deg C/min) 1.0(x), 17.00(y), 27 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 27 29 to +30C (operate); -34 to (deg C/min)	iÿ
(deg) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 (deg) 20° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (±0.01° ±0.01° Ano See GIIS Fig 6.2 (deg C) -29 to +30C (operate); -34 to	I/F temperature range
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (X (deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No see GHS Fig 6.2	
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37. 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (Yang) /ledge (deg) ±29° horiz; 23° vert (top), 5 No see GHS Fig 6.2.	Thermal Requirements (for each piece):
(cm) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37. 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid (deg) ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (1.1°(X), ±0.2	
/ledge (deg) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 (cm) 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (3 ±0.01° ±0.01° ±0.01° Application in the state of the sta	Jitter
/ledge (deg) 1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37 (cm) 90° Off-Ram, Anti-sun sid ±0.1°(X), ±0.25° (X ±0.01° ±0.01° ±0.01° ±0.01°	Pinning req'd
(deg)	Clear Field(s) of View
(cm) (deg)	Initial mechanical alignment placement knowledge (S/C master cube to SABER ref cube)
	Initial mechanical alignment placement error (S/C master cube to SABER ref cube)
1.10(x), 17.00(y), 37	Pointing Direction(s)
	Center of Gravity
. (kg) 65.63	Weight
tprint, etc.) (cm) 77.475 (W) x 62.89 (H)	Mounting Configuration (footprint, etc.)
(cm) 77.47 (W) x 104.24 (H) x 62.56 (D)	Dimensions
•	Mechanical Requirements:
Broadband Emission R	
nents11_97.xls 11/10/97 Sounding of the Atmosphere using	Space Craft Resource Requirements11_97.xls
SABER	
SABER S/C RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS	SABER S/C RES

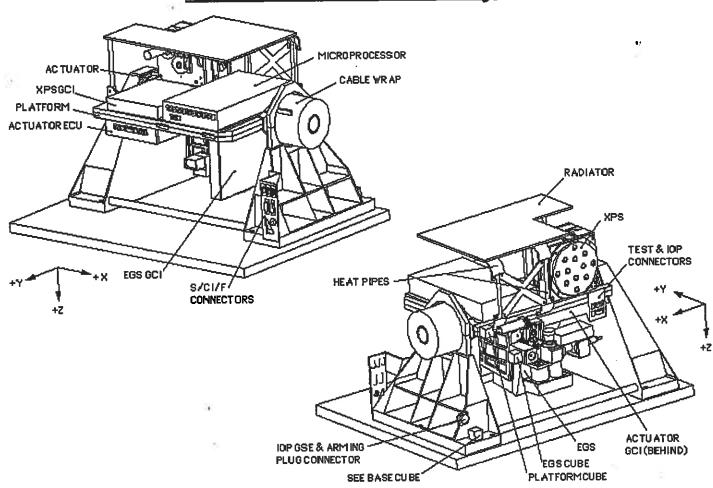
		TV test
S/C EMC self compatibility test must be done in @ S/C TV		EMC
		Safety (such as a radiation source)
door release attitude; yaw maneuver		Mission Operations (such as deployments)
No		Arming plug on S/C side
A500 (SABER)		A#s
requires LN2 for cooling		Integration and Test
		Special Requirements For:
		Bakeout reg'ts on S/C
Bakeout all mechanical hdwr, thermal blankets, cables, and		
delivery pressure		time w/o, pad reg't)
15 ppm		Purge Requirements (type purity flowers may
Level 750		S/C Surface Cleanliness
Class 100,000		Acceptable Cleanliness Levels for S/C Intgr
		Cleanliness Requirements:
w		# of relays
22 to 35	(volts)	Voltage Range
28.5, 86.1	(watt)	Survive htr pwr [OAP (cold case); Peak pwr (35v)]
8.9, 8.9	(watt)	Operational htt pwr [OAP (cold case); Peak pwr (35v)]
72.6	(watt)	Orbit avg pwr / orbit mode (includes htr pwr)
100	(msec)	Peak Power duration (includes htr pwr)
86.1, 74.5, 74.5, 69.7, 69.7, 92.7, 92.7, 92.7	(watt)	Peak pwr / instrument mode (includes htr pwr)
28.5, 75.4, 51.0, 69.7, 69.7, 72.6, 72.6, 72.6	(watt)	Avg pwr / instrument mode (includes htr pwr)
		Power Requirements:
MIL-STD-1553		Preferred S/C data interface concept
terminator info		Special data needs (terminator crossings, etc.)
Time S/O nos S/O valosity orbit orbonosis sur sarah	(ms)	Tillic Nilowicage
100%		Duty cycle
3.97	(kbps)	Peak real time downlink data rate
0, 0.132, 0.132, 3.97, 0.132, 3.97, 3.97, 3.97	(kbps)	Peak record data rate
3.97	(kbps)	Daily avg data rate
Data Coll/ Cal		Orbit modes
8-off, pwr up, safe, stndby, stblize, data coll, cal, diag		Instrument modes
on-off, 7modes;general CMD word; 2 KBytes/day up		Number and type of commands
		Command and Data Handling Requirements
Broadband Emission Radiometry		
Sounding of the Atmosphere using	11/10/97	Space Craft Resource Requirements 11_97.xls
SABER		
SABER S/C RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS	SOURCE RI	SABER S/C R





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SEE Instrument Layout







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- •SEE instrument designed to measure the solar energy input to the MLTI.
- consists of EUV Grating Spectrograph (EGS), the XUV Photometer System (XPS), the Microprocessor Unit (MU), and the SEE Solar Pointing Platform (SSPP), all delivered as a single package.
- EUV Grating Spectrograph (EGS):
 - 1/4 m, Rowland circle spectrograph
 - vacuum housing; vacuum door; 2 equally sized slits (2nd for calibration)
 - ruled, gold coated grating (600 lines/mm)
 - intensified, 1024 x 64 codacon detector; bare MCP; filters
 - spectral range: 25 200 nm; spectral resolution: 0.4 nm
- •XUV Photometer System (XPS):
 - singleunit; 12 photodiodes; 6 XUV, 3 redundant, 3 bare
 - spectral range: 0.1 35 nm; spectral resolution: 2 5 nm
 - 8 position filter wheel
- Microprocessor Unit: 1750 microprocessor (CASSINI heritage), GCI board
- SSPP: Type 3 Schaeffer harmonic drive with stepper motor, 190° scan range (including launch position), < ±4 arcmin position precision
- •Solar Aspect Sensor: quadrature photodiode detection system





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SEE Changes Since PDR

• EGS:

- Using Solar Angle Sensor for pointing (removed MASS and PSD)
- Modified slit mechanism
- Hg pen-ray lamp for flatfield calibration

• XPS:

- Descoped redundant XPS
- GCI interface now external

Microprocessor

- using CASSINI uP design
- generic I/F bds





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SEE Changes Since PDR

• SSPP:

- all aluminum structure
- type 3 harmonic drive actuator
- new platform layout
- spherical bearing on opposite support
- flex circuit instead of cable wrap
- moved S/C I/F brkt
- shroud removed
- no launch lock req'd





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SEE Changes Since PDR

- Thermal:
 - using heat pipes
 - thermal isolation to S/C provided by actuator and bearing
- Power:
 - Eliminated the PRU
 - » Distributed power system
 - » each GCI bd converts +28v

Special data needs (terminator crossings, etc.)	Time knowledge (ms)	Duty cycle	me downlink data rate	Peak record data rate (kbps)	Daily avg data rate (kbps)	Orbit modes	Instrument modes	Number and type of commands	Command and Data Handling Requirements		Perturbing Mechanisms	as sun, moon, earth)		CITOI (star camera boresight to SEE base rmal and mechanical sources)	Stability (deg/sec)	determination knowledge error (defined at optical	Attitude control error (defined at SEE mounting location) (deg)	y anesosata innament		Instrument provided radiator CFOV:	S/C provided radiators	# / range of S/C monitored temp sensors	.	Mounting I/F temperature stability (deg C/min	aen piece):	Thomas Descriptions of Control of the Control of th	Jitter	Clear Field(s) of View (deg)	Initial mechanical alignment knowledge error (S/C master cube to optical cube on SEE foot) (deg)	Initial mechanical alignment placement error (S/C master cube to optical cube on SEE foot) (deg)	Pointing Direction(s)	Center of Gravity	Weight (kg)	Mounting Configuration (footprint, etc.) (in)	Dimensions (in)	vechanical Requirements:	RQIBLK9CXLS (1/5/97		SEE 3/C KESOUKCE KESOIKEINEINIS
UT time, S/C pos, S/C velocity, S/C attitude, orbit ephemeris, Sun-S/C angles, solar panel maneuver, yaw maneuver, anomolous cond flag, SAA flag? K1H 16		5% Datataking (5 min/orbit), 95% Standby			_	5 - off, standby, normal science, calibration, occultation	fielding	2 KBytes/day (uproc upload), infrequent ~80KByte ram loads		filter wheel, reclosable door	rotating platform, egs slit shutter,	none	2 (radial)	99) 0.05° each axis, 3σ	sec) 2°/60sec, each axis, 3 σ		g) 1.0°, each axis, 3 σ	indicates that tayout is adequate	Cannot provide CL		None		16°C across	2007-	-20 to +55°C		±0.03°/sec; each axis; 3σ	185 x 38 (XPS); 185 x 31.3 (EGS); see CFOV drwg for details and origins of	g) 0.05		(toward +Z for launch) to 10° beyond -Z axis (toward +Y)	TBD		n) 26.995 (X) x 15.172 (Y)		(E.G.), Ard, Mic, Sarr)	SEE (SOLAK EUV Experiment)	CER (COL AR EVILLE)	E VEGOWENIEM

	SEE S/C RESC	URCE RE	SEE S/C RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS
T	RQTBLR9c.XLS 11/5/97		SEE (SOLAR EUV Experiment)
	Drafamed CIT data interface concept		MII - CTD-1553
	FIGURE OF GARAING INCLINE CONCEPT		1811C 0 15-1000
Pow	Power Requirements:		
	Avg pwr / instrument mode (does not include htr pwr)	(watt)	0,12.6,24.8,25.4,24.7,13
	Peak power / instrument mode (docs not include htr pwr)	(watt)	0, 15.6, 46.2, 46.2, 46.2, 16.1
	Peak Power duration (does not include htr pwr)	(msec)	1000-2000
	Orbit avg power / orbit mode (does not include htr pwr)	(watt)	0, 12.6, 13.3, 13.7, 15.9
	Operational heater power [OAP (cold case); peak (35v)]	(watt)	17; 38
	Survive heater power[OAP (cold case); peak (35v)]	(watt)	11.5, 26
	Voltage Range	(volts)	22 to 35
	# of relays		2
Cles	Cleanliness Requirements:		
	Acceptable Cleanliness Levels for S/C Intgr		class 100,000; -Z panel precision clean/bakeout; Mil-Spec 1246 - 500A
	S/C Surface Cleanliness		No S/C Cleanliness req't; -Z deck to be precision cleaned, -Z deck and MLI to be baked out
	Hydrocarbon levels	ppm	15
	Purge Requirements (type, purity, flow rate, max time		
	w/o, pad req't)		possible in process flow
	Rakeout regits on S/C		All mechanical hdwr, harnesses, thermal blankets. Highly
Spe	Special Requirements For:		
		-	access to spectrometer; VIP on front of EGS; Ion pump test
	Integration and Test		backfill and XPS Cover removal late in process; remove EGS
	A#s		for cal (post S/C IV)
	Arming plug on S/C side		No
			Move SSPP away from -Z deck ASAP after launch; power XPS
	Mission Operations (such as deployments)		and move filter wheel once / week in early ops.
			UV lamp, purge, pressure system (nitrogen cylinder, GSE), cryo (roughing pumps (GSE), battery (ion pump supply, GSE),
	Safety (such as a radiation source)		handling fixture, high voltage
			Mercury pen-ray lamp (<700 v striking voltage; 100 - 200v
	Calibration		operating voltage; 100 riz; ~10 mA)
Γ	Calibration		post TV calibration of EGS desired

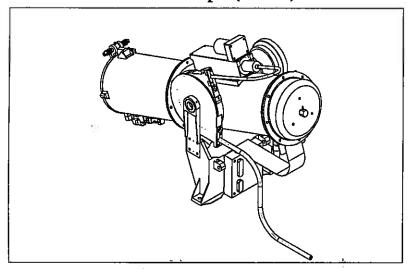




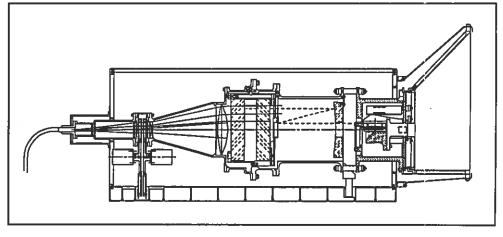
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TIDI Instrument Layout

TIDI Telescope (1 of 4)



TIDI Profiler







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- •TIDI is a Fabry-Perot interferometer (FPI) designed to measure doppler winds and temperatures.
- FPI has simultaneous inputs from four, gimballed, limb scanning telescopes positioned 45° from ram and wake. Fiber optic cables connect telescopes to FPI.Electronics stack based on (7 decks) based on an 80C51 microcontroller.
- Fabry-Perot interferometer / detector:
 - contains 5 input fiber optic cable (5th input is calibration lamp), collimating optics, 2 series 8 position filter wheels, beam expanding optics, single fixed position etalon, imaging optics, CLIO (circle to line converter), and a CCD.
 - etalon: 2.2 cm gap, etalon finesse = 15, coated clear aperture = 7.5 cm, plate diameter = 10.5 cm, reflectivity = 80%.
 - detector: 2000 x 800 pixel CCD, 1 x 160 CCD binning, 1 sec integ time, oper temp = -80°C (passive cooling), readout noise = 5e, 150,000 e/bin saturation level, QE=0.77 @ 760 nm, 0.55 @ 890 nm, 2 cm shielding.
 - filter wheels: 8 position, stepper motor, incremental encoder
- telescopes:
 - 0.05 x 2.5° field of view, 7.5 cm diam aperture, 0.01° blur circle, 550 900 nm spectral range
 - telescope gimballed, 2 bearing system, scan range ±10° centered ≈18.5° below local horizontal, voice coil / servo actuator, LVDT position sensor, 0.05° step size, 0.005° position sensing resolution,
 - once open (wire cutter) windowed cover, baffle assy, primary mirror, single fixed slit, secondary mirror, reimaging lens, shutter assy (open/closed), fiber optic I/F.
- fiber optic cables: 50 µm core diam, 5 equal area fields, 390 fibers/field, packing fraction ≈70%, transmission 95%/m.
- electronics: 7 decks including: flt computer, pwr supply, data acq, CCD controller, telescope servo, Cal lamp PS, and controller bd (FW, shutter, and htr).





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TIDI Changes Since PDR

- added 2nd filter wheel
- redesigned profiler optics (chromatic abberation issue)
- went from 4 to 2 bearing design on telescope gimbal
- resized elec boards and dropped spare board

	Reep out zones (such as sun, moon, earth) Perturbing Mechanisms				Pointing knowledge error (star camera boresight to telescope base optical cube; includes attitude, thermal and mechanical sources)	Stability	optical bench optical cube)	_	Attitude and Navigation Requirements:	Profiler housing radiator (<u> </u>	Instrument provided radiator CFOV:	S/C provided radiators	# range of S/C monitored temp sensors		Mounting IF thermal gradients		varounting at some successive			Mounting I/F temperature range:	Thermal Requirements (for each piece):	Finning req o	Clear Field(s) of View	to star camera base optical	 	Pointing Direction(s)	Center of Gravity	Weight		_	Mounting Configuration (footprint, etc.)		Dimensions	rements:			SCRE0117.XLS 11/97	TIDI S/C RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS
	:	_	(m/s)	(km)	(arcsec)	-	(deg)	(deg)		(deg)	(deg)					(°C)		(Cimil)	C/min)	ļ.,				-	(arcsec)	(deg)		-	(kg)	(in)	(ii)	j (i							CE REQ
telescope shutters (4), filter wheels (2)	sun (few sec OK) telescone covers (4), telescope gimbals (4),		0.25, each axis, 3 o	1.0, each direction, 3 σ	80, 1σ, azimuth; 100, 1σ, elevation	None	0.03°, each axis, 3 σ	1.0, each axis, 3σ		180° x 360°, +Y axis	180° x 360°, +Y axis		None	No req ((exectionies)	TBD (tele)	15°, X axis; 15°C, Y axis; (profiler)	No req't (electronics)	TBD (tele)	2°C/min· (nmfiler)	telescope: -15° to +45°C oper; -30° to 40°C survive	sensor:-29 to +40 oper; -34 to +60 survive		0.03°/0.25 sec. 0.03°/10 sec: each axis. 3 g	±17.5° azimuth; ±22.525° elevation each telescope	2.0	± 0.5°	45°, 135°, 225°, 315° Off-Ram, 10.0° to 30.0° below local horizontal	TBD	41.8	electronics: 8.36 (W) x 9.03 (L)	telescopes (4): 3.875 x 6.128; 3 point mount	sensor: 12.35 (W) x 16.0 (L)	electronics: 8 0 (H) x 8 36 (W) x 9 03 (L)	sensor: 16.0 (H) x 13.1 (W) x 30.1 (L)		(Profiler, Star Camera, and 4 telescopes)	TIMED Doppler Interferometer	TIDI	UIREMENTS





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ICD Status

- Component Environmental Specification (CES) is signed off
- EMC Specification is in final stages of sign-off
- General Instrument Interface Specification (GIIS)
 - sections 1 and 8 in signature loop
 - sections 2 through 7 are signed off
- All four SIISs are currently in the signature loop





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Background Information:

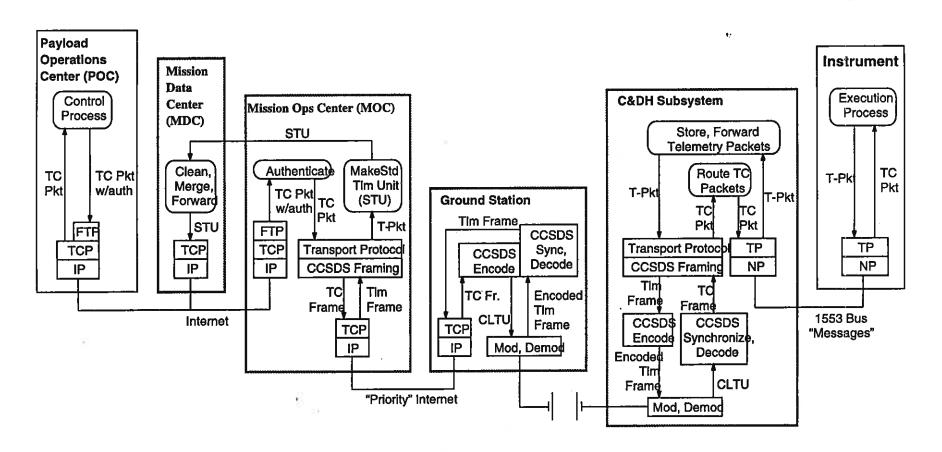
- Simple electrical I/Fs:
 - redundant 1553 I/F, power, survive temp sensors
- Instrument status words:
 - each instrument has a 64 bit status word xmitted separately from the science / engineering packets at 1 Hz rate
 - info primarily current instrument status, errors, operating modes, etc.
 - only instrument info seen by S/C during I&T
- Instrument Autonomy:
 - heartbeat monitor, 1 bit in instrument status word,instrument current and survive temps can all be used to trigger autonomy rules





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S/C Emulator

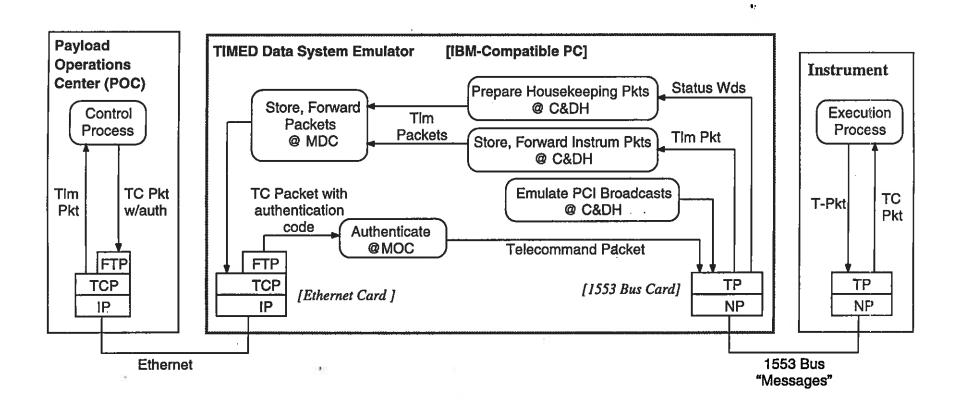






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Spacecraft Emulator (con'd)







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TIMED Instrument Summary

- SABER CDR complete; GUVI SEE and TIDI CDRs are in Jan, Feb, and March respectively.
- All S/C resource requirements and interfaces are well understood and documented.
- All ground system interfaces are well understood and documented.